| F7X46 Series | Product Version | Page |
|--------------|---------------------|----------|
| User Manual | V1. 0 | |
| | Product Name: F7X46 | Total:89 |

F7X46 Series User Manual

The user manual is suitable for the following model:

| Model | Product Type |
|-------|---------------------------------------|
| F7446 | GPS+WCDMA Dual-SIM WIFI ROUTER |
| F7646 | GPS+EVDO Dual-SIM WIFI ROUTER |
| F7746 | GPS+LTE/TD-SCDMA Dual-SIM WIFI ROUTER |
| F7846 | GPS+LTE/WCDMA Dual-SIM WIFI ROUTER |
| F7A46 | GPS+LTE Dual-SIM WIFI ROUTER |





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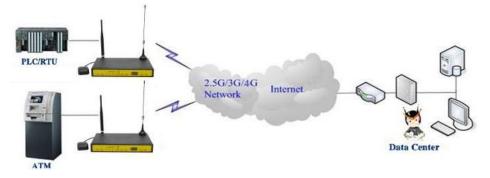
Chapter 1 Brief Introduction of Product

1.1 General

F7X46 series ROUTER is a kind of cellular terminal device that provides data transfer function by public cellular network. Also, it supports double link backup and GPS function.

It adopts high-powered industrial 32-bits CPU and embedded real time operating system. It supports RS232 (or RS485/RS422), Ethernet and WIFI port that can conveniently and transparently connect one device to a cellular network, allowing you to connect to your existing serial, Ethernet and WIFI devices with only basic configuration.

It has been widely used on M2M fields, such as intelligent transportation, smart grid, industrial automation, telemetry, finance, POS, water supply, environment protection, post, weather, and so on.



1.2 Features and Benefits

Design for Industrial Application

- High-powered industrial cellular module
- High-powered industrial 32bits CPU
- ♦ High-powered industrial GPS module
- Adapt dual SIM design to ensure the stable and reliable of the router
- Support low-consumption mode, including sleep mode, scheduled online/offline mode, scheduled power-on/power-off mode(optional)
- ◆ Housing: iron, providing IP30 protection.
- Power range: DC 5~36V

Stability and Reliability

- Support hardware and software WDT
- Support auto recovery mechanism, including online detect, auto redial when offline to make router always online
- Ethernet port: 1.5KV magnetic isolation protection
- ◆ RS232/RS485/RS422 port: 15KV ESD protection

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- ◆ SIM/UIM port: 15KV ESD protection
- Power port: reverse-voltage and overvoltage protection
- Antenna port: lightning protection(optional)

Standard and Convenience

- Support standard RS232(or RS485/RS422), Ethernet and WIFI port that can connect to serial, Ethernet and WIFI devices directly
- Support standard WAN port and PPPOE protocol that can connect to ADSL directly
- Support intellectual mode, enter into communication state automatically when powered
- Provide management software for remote management
- Support several work modes
- Convenient configuration and maintenance interface (WEB or CLI)

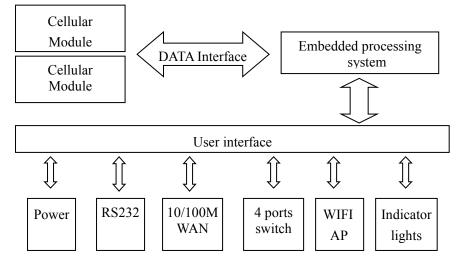
High-performance

- Support master card and smart card double link switching function
- Support double link backup between 2G/3G/4G and WAN(PPPOE, ADSL) (optional)
- Support VPN client(PPTP, L2TP, OPENVPN, IPSEC and GRE)(only for VPN version)
- Support VPN server(PPTP, L2TP, OPENVPN, IPSEC and GRE)(only for VPN version)
- Support local and remote firmware upgrade, import and export configure file
- Support NTP, RTC embedded
- Support mulitiple DDNS provider service
- Support VLANs, MAC Address clone, PPPoE Server
- Support the GPS positioning function
- WIFI support 802.11b/g/n. support AP, client, Adhoc, Repeater, Repeater Bridge and WDS(optional) mode
- WIFI support WEP,WPA,WPA2 encryption,Support RADIUS authentication and MAC address filter
- Support multi online trigger ways, including SMS, ring and data. Support link disconnection when timeout
- Support APN/VPDN
- Support DHCP server and client, firewall, NAT, DMZ host, URL block, QoS, ttraff, statistics, real time link speed statistics etc
- Full protocol support, such as TCP/IP, UDP, ICMP, SMTP, HTTP, POP3, OICQ, TELNET, FTP, SNMP, SSHD, etc
- Schedule Reboot, Schedule Online and Offline,etc



1.3 Working Principle

The principle chart of the router is as following:



1.4 Specifications

Cellular Specification

| ITEM | CONTENT | | |
|----------------|---|--|--|
| F7446 GPS+WC | F7446 GPS+WCDMA Dual-SIM WIFI ROUTER | | |
| Standard and | UMTS/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA /HSPA+ 850/1900/2100MHz | | |
| Band | 850/900/1900/2100MHz(optional) | | |
| | GSM850/900/1800/1900MHz | | |
| | GPRS/EDGE CLASS 12 | | |
| Bandwidth | HSUPA:5.76Mbps(Upload speed) HSDPA:7.2Mbps(Download | | |
| | speed) | | |
| | UMTS:384Kbps (DL/UL) | | |
| | HSPA+:42 Mbps(Download speed) 5.76Mbps(Upload speed) | | |
| TX power | <24dBm | | |
| RX sensitivity | <-109dBm | | |
| F7646 GPS+EVI | DO Dual-SIM WIFI ROUTER | | |
| Standard and | CDMA2000 1X EVDO Rev A 800MHz,800/1900MHz(optional), | | |
| Band | EVDO Rev B 800/1900MHz(optional)450MHz (optional) | | |
| | CDMA2000 1X RTT, IS-95 A/B | | |
| Bandwidth | Download speed:3.1Mbps, upload speed:1.8Mbps; | | |
| | Rev B(optional): Download speed:14.7Mbps,upload speed:5.4Mbps | | |
| TX power | <23dBm | | |
| RX sensitivity | <-104dBm | | |

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| | F7X46 Series Router User Manual |
|----------------|---|
| F7746 GPS+LTE | /TD-SCDMA Dual-SIM WIFI ROUTER |
| Standard and | LTE TDD 2600/1900/2300MHz(Band 38/39/40) |
| Band | 800/1400/1800MHz(Band27/61/62)(optional) |
| | TD-SCDMA 2010/1900MHz(A/F frequency band,Band 34/39) |
| | GSM/GPRS/EDGE 900/1800/1900MHz |
| Bandwidth | LTE TDD (Download speed:68Mbps,upload speed:17Mbps) |
| | TD-SCDMA :2.2Mbps(upload speed)/2.8Mbps(download speed) |
| TX power | <23dBm |
| RX sensitivity | <-97dBm |
| F7846 GPS+LTE | WCDMA Dual-SIM WIFI ROUTER |
| Standard and | LTE FDD 2600/2100/1800/900/800MHz (Band 1/3/7/8/20) |
| Band | 700/850/1700/1900/2100MHz (Band 2/4/5/13/17/25)(optional) |
| | DC-HSPA+/HSPA+/HSDPA/HSUPA/WCDMA/UMTS |
| | 2100/1900/900/850/800MHz(Band 1/2/5/6/8) |
| | EDGE/GPRS/GSM850/900/1800/1900MHz |
| Bandwidth | LTE FDD (Download speed:100Mbps,upload speed:50Mbps) |
| | HSUPA:5.76Mbps(upload speed) |
| | HSDPA:7.2Mbps(download speed) |
| | UMTS:384Kbps (download speed/upload speed) |
| | HSPA+: 42Mbps(download speed) 5.76Mbps(upload speed) |
| TX power | <23dBm |
| RX sensitivity | <-93.3dBm |
| F7A46 GPS+LTE | E Dual-SIM WIFI ROUTER |
| Standard and | LTE TDD、LTE FDD、EVDO、WCDMA、TD-SCDMA、CDMA1X、 |
| Band | GPRS/EDGE |
| Bandwidth | LTE FDD(Download speed:100Mbps,upload speed:50Mbps) |
| | LTE TDD(Download speed:68Mbps,upload speed:17Mbps) |
| | CDMA2000 1X EVDO Rev A (Download speed:3.1Mbps,upload |
| | speed:1.8Mbps) |
| | WCDMA(Download speed:42Mbps,upload speed:5.76Mbps) |
| | TD-SCDMA(Download speed:4.2Mbps,upload speed:2.2Mbps) |
| TX power | <23dBm |
| RX sensitivity | <-93.3dBm |
| | |

GPS Specification

| ltem | Content |
|---------------|-----------------------------|
| GPS Module | Industrial GPS module |
| Receiver Type | 50-channel |
| | GPS L1(1575.42MHz)C/A code |
| | SBAS: WAAS,EGNOS,MSAS,GAGAN |
| | Support GALILEO |

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| Max. update | 4 Hz |
|-------------|------------------------------|
| rate | |
| Accuracy | Position: 2.5m CPE |
| | SBAS: 2.0m CPE |
| Acquisition | Cold starts: 29S |
| | Warm starts: 29S |
| | Aided starts: <1S |
| | Hot starts: <1S |
| Sensitivity | Tracking: -160dBm |
| | Reacquisition: -160dBm |
| | Cold starts: -144dBm |
| Timing | RMS: 30ns |
| accuracy | 99%: <60ns |
| | Granularity: 21ns |
| Time pulse | Configurable, 0.25 to 1000Hz |

WIFI Specification

| Item | Content |
|----------------|----------------------------------|
| Standard | IEEE802.11b/g/n |
| Bandwidth | IEEE802.11b/g: 54Mbps (max) |
| | IEEE802.11n: 150Mbps (max) |
| Security | WEP, WPA, WPA2, etc. |
| | WPS (optional) |
| TX power | 20dBm(11n),24dBm(11g),26dBm(11b) |
| RX sensitivity | <-72dBm@54Mpbs |

Hardware System

| Item | Content |
|-------|--------------------------|
| CPU | Industrial 32bits CPU |
| FLASH | 16MB(Extendable to 64MB) |
| DDR2 | 128MB |

Interface Type

| Item | Content |
|--------|---|
| WAN | 1 10/100 Mbps WAN port(RJ45), auto MDI/MDIX, 1.5KV magnetic |
| | isolation protection |
| LAN | 4 10/100 Mbps Ethernet ports(RJ45), auto MDI/MDIX, 1.5KV magnetic |
| | isolation protection |
| Serial | 1 RS232(or RS485/RS422) port, 15KV ESD protection |
| | Data bits: 5, 6 ,7, 8 |
| | Stop bits: 1, 1.5(optional), 2 |

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| | Parity: none, even, odd, space(optional), mark(optional) Baud rate: 2400~115200 bps | |
|-----------|--|--|
| T. 1' | 1 | |
| Indicator | "Power", "System", "Online-1", "Online-2", " Local Network ", "WAN", | |
| | "GPS", "Signal Strength" | |
| Antenna | Cellular: Standard SMA female interface, 50 ohm | |
| | WIFI: Standard SMA male interface, 50 ohm | |
| | GPS: standard SMA female interfaces | |
| SIM/UIM | Standard 3V/1.8V user card interface, 15KV ESD protection | |
| Power | Standard 3-PIN power jack, reverse-voltage and overvoltage protection | |
| Reset | Restore the router to its original factory default settings | |



Power Input

| ltem | Content |
|----------------|-------------|
| Standard Power | DC 12V/1.5A |
| Power Range | DC 5~36V |

Consumption

| Working | Consumption | | |
|--|--------------------------------|--|--|
| condition | | | |
| Schedule | 2.57~4.2mA@12DVC | | |
| shutdown | | | |
| F7446 GPS+WC | DMA Dual-SIM WIFI ROUTER | | |
| Standby | 284~307mA@12VDC | | |
| Communication | 313~390mA@12VDC | | |
| F7646 GPS+EVE | OO Dual-SIM WIFI ROUTER | | |
| Standby | 284~307mA@12VDC | | |
| Communication | 313~390mA@12VDC | | |
| F7746 GPS+LTE | /TD-SCDMA Dual-SIM WIFI ROUTER | | |
| Standby | 293~340mA@12VDC | | |
| Communication | 352~593mA@12VDC | | |
| F7846 GPS+LTE/WCDMA Dual-SIM WIFI ROUTER | | | |
| Standby | 292~342mA@12VDC | | |
| Communication | 355~592mA@12VDC | | |

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| F7A46 GPS+LTE Dual-SIM WIFI ROUTER | |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Standby | 305~338mA@12VDC |
| Communication | 340~584mA@12VDC |

Physical Characteristics

| Item | Content | |
|------------|---------------------------------|--|
| Housing | Iron, providing IP30 protection | |
| Dimensions | 207x135x28 mm | |
| Weight | 790g | |

Environmental Limits

| Item | Content |
|-------------|-----------------------|
| Operating | -35~+75°C(-31~+167°F) |
| Temperature | |
| Storage | -40~+85°C(-40~+185°F) |
| Temperature | |
| Operating | 95% (Non-condensing) |
| Humidity | |



Chapter 2 Installation Introduction

2.1 General

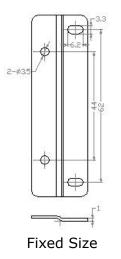
The router must be installed correctly to make it work properly. Warning: Forbid to install the router when powered!

2.2 Encasement List

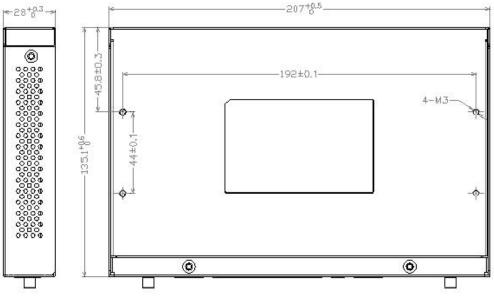
| Name | Quantity | Remark |
|-----------------------------|----------|----------|
| Router host | 1 | |
| Cellular antenna (Male SMA) | 1 | |
| WIFI antenna (Female SMA) | 1 | |
| GPS antenna (Male SMA) | 1 | |
| Network cable | 1 | |
| Console cable | 1 | optional |
| Power adapter | 1 | |
| Manual CD | 1 | |
| Certification card | 1 | |
| Maintenance card | 1 | |

2.3 Installation and Cable Connection

Stator and routing equipment of screw specification for: M3 * 5 mm countersunk head screws (black)







Router Size

Installation of SIM/UIM card:

SIM/UIM-1: For the main link

SIM/UIM-2: For the backup link

Firstly power off the router, and press the out button of the SIM/UIM card outlet with a needle object. Then the SIM/UIM card sheath will flick out at once. Put SIM/UIM card into the card sheath (Pay attention to put the side which has metal point outside), and insert card sheath back to the SIM/UIM card outlet.

Warning: Forbid to install SIM/UIM card when powered!





Installation of antenna:

Screw the SMA male pin of the cellular antenna to the female SMA interface of the router with sign "ANT".

Screw the SMA female pin of the WIFI antenna to the male SMA interface of the router with sign "WIFI".

Warning: The cellular antenna and the WIFI antenna can not be connected wrongly. And the antennas must be screwed tightly, or the signal quality of antenna will be influenced!

Installation of cable:

Insert one end of the network cable into the switch interface with sign "Local Network", and insert the other end into the Ethernet interface of user's device. The signal connection of network direct cable is as follows:

| RJ45-1 | RJ45-2 Color | | |
|--------|--------------|--------------|--|
| 1 | 1 | White/Orange | |
| 2 | 2 | Orange | |
| 3 | 3 | White/Green | |
| 4 | 4 | Blue | |
| 5 | 5 | White/Blue | |
| 6 | 6 | Green | |
| 7 | 7 | White/Brown | |
| 8 | 8 | Brown | |

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Insert the RJ45 end of the console cable into the RJ45 outlet with sign "console", and insert the DB9F end of the console cable into the RS232 serial interface of user's device.

| | Console line definition (RS232) | | | | |
|------|---------------------------------|--------|------|---------------------|-------------|
| RJ45 | Color | Signal | DB9F | Description | Dir (Router |
| 1 | White/ | CTS | 8 | Clera To Send | Output |
| | Orange | | | | |
| 2 | Orange | DSR | 6 | Data Set Ready | Output |
| 3 | White/ | RXD | 2 | Receive Data | Output |
| | Green | | | | |
| 4 | Blue | DCD | 1 | Data Carrier Detect | Output |
| 5 | White/ | GND | 5 | System Ground | |
| | Blue | | | | |
| 6 | Green | TXD | 3 | Transmit Data | Input |
| 7 | White/ | DTR | 4 | Data Terminal Ready | Input |
| | Brown | | | | |
| 8 | Brown | RTS | 7 | Request To Send | Input |

The signal connection of the console cable is as follows:





2.4 Power

The power range of the router is DC 5~36V.

Warning: When we use other power, we should make sure that the power can supply power above 8W.

We recommend user to use the standard DC 12V/1.5A power.

2.5 Indicator Lights Introduction

The router provides following indicator lights: "Power", "System", "Online-1", "Online-2", "Local Network", "WAN", "GPS", "Signal Strength".

| Indicator Light | State | Introduction | |
|--------------------|--|--|--|
| Light | ON | Router is powered on | |
| Power | OFF | Router is powered off | |
| Genetaria | BLINK System works properly | | |
| System | OFF | System does not work | |
| Outine 1 | ON | The main link has logged on network | |
| Online-1 | OFF | The main link hasn't logged on network | |
| Outine 2 | ON | ON The backup link has logged on network | |
| Online-2 OFF | | The backup link hasn't logged on network | |
| Local | OFF The corresponding interface of switch is not connected | | |
| Local Network | ON / | The corresponding interface of switch is connected | |
| INCLWOIK | BLINK | /Communicating | |

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| OFF | | The interface of WAN is not connected | |
|----------|------------|--|--|
| WAN | ON / | | |
| | BLINK | The interface of WAN is connected /Communicating | |
| CDC | OFF | GPS is not active | |
| GPS | ON | GPS is active | |
| | One Light | | |
| | ON | Signal strength is weak | |
| Signal | Two Lights | | |
| Strength | ON | Signal strength is medium | |
| | Three | Signal strangth is good | |
| | Lights ON | Signal strength is good | |

2.6 Reset Button Introduction

The router has a "Reset" button to restore it to its original factory default settings. When user press the "Reset" button for up to 15s, the router will restore to its original factory default settings and restart automatically.

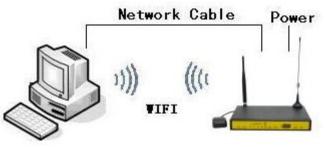


Chapter 3 Configuration and Management

This chapter describes how to configure and manage the router.

3.1 Configuration Connection

Before configuration, you should connect the router and your configuration PC with the supplied network cable. Plug the cable's one end into the Local Network port of the router, and another end into your configure PC's Ethernet port. The connection diagram is as following:



Please modify the IP address of PC as the same network segment address of the router, for instance, 192.168.1.9. Modify the mask code of PC as 255.255.255.0 and set the default gateway of PC as the router's IP address (192.168.1.1).

3.2 Access the Configuration Web Page

The chapter is to present main functions of each page. Users visit page tool via web browser after connect users' PC to the router. There are eleven main pages: Setting, Wireless, Service, VPN, Security, Access Restrictions, NAT, QoS Setting, Applications, Management and Status. Users enable to browse slave pages by click one main page.

Users can open IE or other explorers and enter the router's default IP address of 192.168.1.1 on address bar, then press the botton of Enter to visit page Web management tool of the router. The users login in the web page at the first name, there will display a page shows as blow to tip users to modify the default user name and password of the router. Users have to click "change password" to make it work if they modify user name and password.



| Router Management | |
|--------------------------|---|
| Your Router is currently | not protected and uses an unsafe default username and password combination, please change it using the following dialog! |
| Router Password | |
| Router Username | admin |
| Router Password | ••••• |
| Re-enter to confirm | •••• |
| | |
| | Change Password |

After access to the information main page

| Menu | System Information | | | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|
| etup | Router | | Services | |
| lireless | Router Name | Router | DHCP Server | Enabled |
| ervices N | Router Model | Four-Faith Router | ff-radauth | Disabled |
| acurity | LAN MAC | 00:0C:43:F3:39:BA | USB Support | Enabled |
| T | WAN MAC | 00:0C:43:F3:39:BB | | |
| <u>cess Restrictions</u> S Setting | Wireless MAC | 00:0C:43:F3:39:BC | Memory | |
| oplications | WAN IP | 0.0.0.0 | Total Available | 59.3 MB / 64.0 MB |
| Iministration | BKUP WAN IP | 0.0.0.0 | Free | 34.8 MB / 59.3 MB |
| atus | LAN IP | 192.168.1.1 | Used | 24.5 MB / 59.3 MB |
| | | | Buffers | 2.8 MB / 24.5 MB |
| | Wireless | | Cached | 9.4 MB / 24.5 MB |
| | Radio | Radio is On | Active | 1.3 MB / 24.5 MB |
| | Mode | AP | Inactive | 2.2 MB / 24.5 MB |
| | Network | Mixed | | |
| | SSID | ssid | | |
| | Channel | 6 (2437 MHz) | | |
| | TX Power | 71 mW | | |
| | Rate | 72 Mb/s | | |
| | Wireless Packet Info | | | |
| | Received (RX) | 14393 OK, no error | | |
| | Transmitted (TX) | 105 OK, no error | | |
| | Wireless | | | |
| | Clients | | | |
| | MAC Address In | terface Uptime TX Rate | RX Rate Signal Noise | SNR Signal Quality |
| | | | • None • | |
| | DHCP | | | |
| | DHCD Clients | | | |

Users need to input user name and password if it is their first time to login.



| Connect to 19 | 92.168.1.1 | ? 🛛 |
|---|--|-----------------------|
| | | |
| username and pa Warning: This s username and pa | 168.1.1 at Router rea ssword. erver is requesting f ssword be sent in an uthentication without | that your insecure |
| <u>U</u> ser Name | 🖸 admin | ~ |
| <u>P</u> assword | **** | |
| | Save this password i | n your password list |
| | | |
| | 确定 | 取消 |

Input correct user name and password to visit relevant menu page. Default user name is root, password is admin. (available to modify user name and password on management page, then click submit)

3.3 Management and configuration

3.3.1 Setting

The Setup screen is the first screen users will see when accessing the router. Most users will be able to configure the router and get it work properly using only the settings on this screen. Some Internet Service Providers (ISPs) will require users to enter specific information, such as User Name, Password, IP Address, Default Gateway Address, or DNS IP Address. These information can be obtained from your ISP, if required.

3.3.1.1 Basic Setting

DUAL LINK OPTION

| DUAL LINK OPTION | | |
|---------------------|----------|-----------------------------|
| Enable WAN Failover | O Enable | Disable |

Enable dual link option to enable dual both online router. Click disable means to enable only single link (main link), and backup link does not enable to work. Click enable means to only one **Xiamen Four-Faith Communication Technology Co.,Ltd.** Page 22 of 89 Add: J1-J3,3rdFloor,No.44,GuanRiRoad,SoftWare Park,XiaMen .361008.China http://www.fourfaith.com Tel: +86 592-6300466 6300465 6300464 Fax: +86 592-5912735



¥

link can work between main link and backup link. If main link is online, it uses main link. If main link is offline, it switches to backup link. Only backup link is offline can it switch to main link. Note: when users enable dual link option, they need to configure relevant keep online function if connection type of main link and backup link is 'Static IP' or 'DHCP'. Detailed configuration refer to Keep Online section. Connection type of main link and backup link is 'Static IP' or 'DHCP'. Detailed configuration refer to keep Online section. Connection type of main link and backup link is 'Static IP', 'DHCP', or 'PPPOE', backup link must be 3G Link 1 or 3G Link 2, otherwise the page will appear corresponding hint.

Connection Type

Seven Ways: Disabled, Static IP, Automatic Configuration-DHCP, PPPOE, 3G Link 1, 3G Link 2, DHCP-4G

Disabled

| Connection Type | Disabled |
|-----------------|----------|

Forbid the setting of WAN port connection type

Static IP

| Connection Type | Static IP | | | | × |
|-----------------|-----------|----|----|---|---|
| WAN IP Address | 0. | 0. | 0. | 0 | |
| Subnet Mask | 0. | 0. | 0. | 0 | |
| Gateway | 0. | 0. | 0. | 0 | |
| Static DNS 1 | 0. | 0. | 0. | 0 | |
| Static DNS 2 | 0. | 0. | 0. | 0 | |
| Static DNS 3 | 0. | 0. | 0. | 0 | |

WAN IP Address: Users set IP address by their own or ISP assigns Subnet Mask: Users set subnet mask by their own or ISP assigns Gateway: Users set gateway by their own or ISP assigns Static DNS1/DNS2/DNS3: Users set static DNS by their own or ISP assigns

Automatic Configuration-DHCP

Connection Type

Automatic Configuration - DHCP 💌

IP address of WAN port gets automatic via DHCP

PPPOE



| Connection Type | PPPoE | ~ | |
|-----------------|-------|-------|----|
| User Name | | | |
| Password | | Unma: | sk |

User Name: login the Internet

Password: login the Internet

Service Name: provided by ISP server, if not, keep it null

PPP Compression (MPPC): provides a method to negotiation and use of compressed in PPP encapsulation link protocol

T-Home VDSL VLAN 7/8 Tagging: enable to support the front of the modem is vdsl

MPPE Encryption: Microsoft point to point encryption. It is used to encrypt the point-to-point link connection agreement of the encrypted data packet

Single Line Multi Link: enable single line link or disable multi link

3G Link 1

| Connection Type | 3G/UMTS/4G/LTE | |
|-----------------|---------------------------|------------|
| User Name | |] |
| Password | |] 🗌 Unmask |
| Dial String | *99***1# (UMTS/3G/3.5G) 💌 | |
| APN | |] |
| PIN | Unmask | |

User Name: login users' ISP(Internet Service Provider)

Password: login users' ISP

Dial String: dial number of users' ISP

APN: access point name of users' ISP

PIN: PIN code of users' SIM card

3G Link 2

| Connection Type | 3G/UMTS/4G/LTE | |
|-----------------|---------------------------|-------|
| User Name | | |
| Password | U | nmask |
| Dial String | *99***1# (UMTS/3G/3.5G) 💌 | |
| APN | | |
| PIN | Unmask | |

User Name: login users' ISP(Internet Service Provider)

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Password: login users' ISP Dial String: dial number of users' ISP APN: access point name of users' ISP PIN: PIN code of users' SIM card

Connection type

Connection type

Auto 💉

Connection type: Auto, Force 3G, Force 2G, Prefer 3G, Prefer 2G options. If using 4G module, there has 4G network option. Users select different mode depending on their need

DHCP-4G

Connection Type

dhcp-4G

IP address of WAN port gets automatic via DHCP-4G

Keep Online

| Keep Online Detection | Ping 💌 |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|
| Detection Interval | 60 Sec. |
| Primary Detection Server IP | 166. 111. 8. 238 |
| Backup Detection Server IP | 202. 119. 32. 102 |

This function is used to detect whether the Internet connection is active, if users set it and when the router detect the connection is inactive, it will redial to users' ISP immediately to make the connection active.

Detection Method:

None: do not set this function

- **Ping:** Send ping packet to detect the connection, when choose this method, users should also configure "Detection Interval", "Primary Detection Server IP" and "Backup Detection Server IP" items.
- Route: Detect connection with route method, when choose this method, users should also configure "Detection Interval", "Primary Detection Server IP" and "Backup Detection Server IP" items.
- **PPP:** Detect connection with PPP method, when choose this method, users should also configure "Detection Interval" item.

Detection Interval: time interval between two detections, unit is second

Primary Detection Server IP: the server used to response the router's detection packet. This item is only valid for method "Ping" and "Route".

Backup Detection Server IP: the server used to response the router's detection packet. This item is valid for method "Ping" and "Route".



Note: When users choose the "Route" or "Ping" method, it's quite important to make sure that the "Primary Detection Server IP" and "Backup Detection Server IP" are usable and stable, because they have to response the detection packet frequently.

| Force reconnect | Enable Disable |
|--|---|
| Time | 00 💌: 00 💌 |
| Force reconnect: this option schedules | the pppoe or 3G reconnection by killing the pppd daemon |
| and restart it. | |

Time: needed time to reconnect

| Enable Dial Failure to Restart | Enable | 🔘 Disable | (Default: 10 minutes) |
|--------------------------------|--------|-----------|-----------------------|
|--------------------------------|--------|-----------|-----------------------|

Enable Dial Failure to Restart: If the dial failure will be in the default time to restart

STP

STP

O Enable O Disable

STP (Spaning Tree Protocol) can be applied to loop network. Through certain algorithm achieves path redundancy, and loop network cuts to tree-based network without loop in the meantime, thus to avoid the hyperplasia and infinite circulation of a message in the loop network

Optional Configuration

| Router Name | Four-Faith |
|-------------|-------------|
| Host Name | |
| Domain Name | |
| мти | Auto 💉 1500 |

Router Name: set router name

Host Name: ISP provides

Add:

Domain Name: ISP provides

MTU: auto (1500) and manual (1200-1492 in PPPOE/PPTP/L2TP mode, 576-16460 in other modes)

Router Internal Network Settings Router IP

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| Local IP Address | 192. 168. 1. 1 |
|------------------|------------------|
| Subnet Mask | 255. 255. 255. 0 |
| Gateway | 0.0.0.0 |
| Local DNS | 0.0.0.0 |

Local IP Address: IP address of the router

Subnet Mask: the subnet mask of the router

Gateway: set internal gateway of the router. If default, internal gateway is the address of the router

Local DNS: DNS server is auto assigned by network operator server. Users enable to use their own DNS server or other stable DNS servers, if not, keep it default

Network Address Server Settings (DHCP)

These settings for the router's Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) server functionality configuration. The Router can serve as a network DHCP server. DHCP server automatically assigns an IP address for each computer in the network. If they choose to enable the router's DHCP server option, users can set all the computers on the LAN to automatically obtain an IP address and DNS, and make sure no other DHCP server in the network.

| DHCP Type | DHCP Server |
|----------------------|----------------|
| DHCP Server | |
| Start IP Address | 192.168.1. 100 |
| Maximum DHCP Users | 50 |
| Client Lease Time | 1440 minutes |
| Static DNS 1 | 0.0.0.0 |
| Static DNS 2 | 0.0.0.0 |
| Static DNS 3 | 0.0.0 |
| WINS | 0.0.0.0 |
| Use DNSMasq for DHCP | |
| Use DNSMasq for DNS | |
| DHCP-Authoritative | |

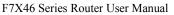
DHCP Type: DHCP Server and DHCP Forwarder

Enter DHCP Server if set DHCP Type to DHCP Forwarder as blow:

| DHCP Type | DHCP Forwarder 💌 | | | | |
|-------------|------------------|--|--|--|--|
| DHCP Server | 0.0.0.0 | | | | |

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DHCP Server: keep the default Enable to enable the router's DHCP server option. If users have already have a DHCP server on their network or users do not want a DHCP server, then select Disable

Start IP Address: enter a numerical value for the DHCP server to start with when issuing IP addresses. Do not start with 192.168.1.1 (the router's own IP address).

Maximum DHCP Users: enter the maximum number of PCs that users want the DHCP server to assign IP addresses to. The absolute maximum is 253 if 192.168.1.2 is users' starting IP address. Client Lease Time: the Client Lease Time is the amount of time a network user will be allowed connection to the router with their current dynamic IP address. Enter the amount of time, in minutes, that the user will be "leased" this dynamic IP address.

Static DNS (1-3): the Domain Name System (DNS) is how the Internet translates domain or website names into Internet addresses or URLs. Users' ISP will provide them with at least one DNS Server IP address. If users wish to utilize another, enter that IP address in one of these fields. Users can enter up to three DNS Server IP addresses here. The router will utilize them for quicker access to functioning DNS servers.

WINS: the Windows Internet Naming Service (WINS) manages each PC's interaction with the Internet. If users use a WINS server, enter that server's IP address here. Otherwise, leave it blank. **DNSMasq:** users' domain name in the field of local search, increase the expansion of the host option, to adopt DNSMasq can assign IP addresses and DNS for the subnet, if select DNSMasq, dhcpd service is used for the subnet IP address and DNS.

Time Settings

Select time zone of your location. To use local time, leave the checkmark in the box next to Use local time.

| NTP Client | 💽 Enable 🔘 Disable |
|-------------------|-------------------------------|
| Time Zone | UTC+08:00 💌 |
| Summer Time (DST) | last Sun Mar - last Sun Oct 👻 |
| Server IP/Name | |

NTP Client: Get the system time from NTP server

Time Zone: Time zone options

Summer Time (DST): set it depends on users' location

Server IP/Name: IP address of NTP server, up to 46 characters. If blank, the system will find a server by default

Adjust Time

| Adjust Time | |
|-------------|-------------------------------|
| Auto 💌 | 2012 - 07 - 18 11: 27: 08 Set |

Adjust Time: Auto and Manual way. Manual way needs to enter the time. Auto way is to get



the time from PC web, click the bottom of setting to modify system time, has system adjust time service. They can change to adjust time by manual to achieve adjust time by the system if the system fails to get NTP server

After modify, click 'Save' is to change but not take effect, click 'Apply Setting' to take effect the change or click 'Cancel Changes' to cancel it. Help information is on the right side of the page.

3.3.1.2 Dynamic DNS

If user's network has a permanently assigned IP address, users can register a domain name and have that name linked with their IP address by public Domain Name Servers (DNS). However, if their Internet account uses a dynamically assigned IP address, users will not know in advance what their IP address will be, and the address can change frequently. In this case, users can use a commercial dynamic DNS service, which allows them to register their domain to their IP address, and will forward traffic directed at their domain to their frequently-changing IP address.

DDNS Service: Four-Faith router currently support DynDNS, freedns, Zoneedit, NO-IP, 3462, easyDNS, TZO, DynSIP and Custom based on the user.

| DDNS Service | 3322.org |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| User Name | |
| Password | Unmask |
| Host Name | |
| Туре | Dynamic 💌 |
| Wildcard | |
| Do not use external ip check | Yes ○ No |

User Name: users register in DDNS server, up to 64 characteristic

Password: password for the user name that users register in DDNS server, up to 46 characteristic **Host Name:** users register in DDNS server, no limited for input characteristic for now

Type: depends on the server

Wildcard: support wildcard or not, the default is OFF. ON means *.host.3462.org is equal to host.3462.org

Do not use external ip check: enable or disable the function of 'do not use external ip check'

10

Force Update Interval

(Default: 10 Days, Range: 1 - 60)

Force Update Interval: unit is day, try forcing the update dynamic DNS to the server by setted days

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Status

| DDNS Status | |
|--|--|
| Fri Nov 25 13:58:32 2011: INADYN: Started 'INADYN Advanced version 1.96-ADV' - dynamic DNS updater. | |
| Fri Nov 25 13:58:32 2011: INADYN: IP read from cache file is '192.168.8.222'. No update required. | |
| Fri Nov 25 13:58:32 2011: I:INADYN: IP address for alias 'testsixin.3322.org' needs update to '192.168.8.38' | |
| Fri Nov 25 13:58:33 2011: I:INADYN: Alias 'testsixin.3322.org' to IP '192.168.8.38' updated successfully. | |

DDNS Status shows connection log information

3.3.1.3 Clone MAC Address

Some ISP need the users to register their MAC address. The users can clone the router MAC address to their MAC address registered in ISP if they do not want to re-register their MAC address

| 💽 Enable 🔘 Disable | |
|---|------------------------|
| Clone LAN MAC | 00: AA: BB: CC: DD: 43 |
| Clone WAN MAC Get Current PC MAC Address | 00: AA: BB: CC: DD: 44 |
| Clone Wireless MAC | 00: AA: BB: CC: DD: 45 |

Clone MAC address can clone three parts: Clone LAN MAC, Clone WAN MAC, Clone Wireless MAC.

Noted that one MAC address is 48 characteristic, can not be set to the multicast address, the first byte must be even. And MAC address value of network bridge br0 is determined by the smaller value of wireless MAC address and LAN port MAC address.

3.3.1.4 Advanced Router

Operating Mode: Gateway and Router



If the router is hosting users' Internet connection, select Gateway mode. If another router exists on their network, select Router mode.

Dynamic Routing

| Four-Faith | | F7X46 Series Router User Manual |
|-----------------|---------|---------------------------------|
| Dynamic Routing | Disable | |
| | (| |

Dynamic Routing enables the router to automatically adjust to physical changes in the network's layout and exchange routing tables with other routers. The router determines the network packets' route based on the fewest number of hops between the source and destination.

To enable the Dynamic Routing feature for the WAN side, select WAN. To enable this feature for the LAN and wireless side, select LAN&WLAN. To enable the feature for both the WAN and LAN, select Both. To disable the Dynamic Routing feature for all data transmissions, keep the default setting, Disable.

Note: Dynamic Routing is not available in Gateway mode

Static Routing

| Static Routing | |
|---------------------|--------------------|
| Select set number | 1() V Delete |
| Route Name | |
| Metric | 0 |
| Destination LAN NET | 0.0.0.0 |
| Subnet Mask | 0.0.0.0 |
| Gateway | 0.0.0.0 |
| Interface | LAN & WLAN 💌 |
| | Show Routing Table |

Select set number: 1-50

Route Name: defined routing name by users, up to 25 characters

Metric: 0-9999

Destination LAN NET: the Destination IP Address is the address of the network or host to which users want to assign a static route

Subnet Mask: the Subnet Mask determines which portion of an IP address is the network portion, and which portion is the host portion

Gateway: IP address of the gateway device that allows for contact between the router and the network or host.

Interface: indicate users whether the Destination IP Address is on the LAN & WLAN (internal wired and wireless networks), the WAN (Internet), or Loopback (a dummy network in which one PC acts like a network, necessary for certain software programs)

Show Routing Table



| Destination LAN NET | Subnet Mask | Gateway | Interface |
|---------------------|-----------------|-------------|------------|
| 192.168.1.1 | 255.255.255.255 | 0.0.0 | WAN |
| 192.168.1.0 | 255.255.255.0 | 0.0.0 | LAN & WLAN |
| 192.168.1.0 | 255.255.255.0 | 0.0.0 | WAN |
| 169.254.0.0 | 255.255.0.0 | 0.0.0.0 | WAN |
| 0.0.0.0 | 0.0.0.0 | 192.168.1.1 | LAN & WLAN |

3.3.1.5 VLANs

| | Port | Port | | | | Assigned To |
|------|------|------|---|---|---|-------------|
| VLAN | W | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | Bridge |
| | | | | | | LAN 💌 |
| | | | | | | None 👻 |
| | | | | | | None 💌 |
| | | | | | | None 💌 |
| | | | | | | None 💙 |
| 5 | | | | | | None 💌 |
| 5 C | | | | | | None 💌 |
| 7 | | | | | | None 💌 |
| | | | | | | None 💌 |
| , | | | | | | None 💌 |
| 10 | | | | | | None 💌 |
| 11 | | | | | | None 💌 |
| 12 | | | | | | None 💌 |
| 13 | | | | | | None 💌 |
| .4 | | | | | | None 💌 |
| 15 | | | | | | None 💌 |

VLANs function is to divide different VLAN ports by users' will. The system supports 16 VLAN port from VLAN0-VLAN15. However there is only 5 time ports (1 WAN port and 4 LAN port) divided by users themselves, and LAN port and WAN port disable to divide into one VLAN port meanwhile.

3.3.1.6 Networking



| Bridging | D) | |
|-----------|-----------------|--|
| Create Br | idge | An and the second s |
| Bridge 0 | | br0 STP Off 🖌 Prio 32768 MTU 1500 |
| Add | | |
| Assign to | Bridge | |
| Add | | |
| Current B | ridging Table | |
| Bridge N | ame STP enabled | Interfaces |
| br0 | no | vlan0 ra0 |
| | | Automotive Section Div |

Bridging-Create Bridge: creates a new empty network bridge for later use. STP means Spanning Tree Protocol and with PRIO users are able to set the bridge priority order. The lowest number has the highest priority.

Bridging - Assign to Bridge: allows users to assign any valid interface to a network bridge. Consider setting the Wireless Interface options to Bridged if they want to assign any Wireless Interface here. Any system specific bridge setting can be overridden here in this field. **Current Bridging Table:** shows current bridging table

Create steps as below:

Click 'Add' to create a new bridge, configuration is as below:

| Create Bridge | |
|---------------|---|
| Bridge 0 | br0 STP Off 🛩 Prio 32768 MTU 1500 |
| Bridge 1 | br1 STP On 🛩 Prio 32768 MTU 1500 Delete |
| Add | |

Create bridge option: the first br0 means bridge name. STP means to on/off spanning tree protocol. Prio means priority level of STP, the smaller the number, the higher the level. MTU means maximum transfer unit, default is 1500, delete if it is not need. And then click 'Save' or 'Add'. Bride properties is as below:

| Bridge 0 | br0 STP Off 🚩 Prio 32768 MTU 1500 Delete |
|-------------|--|
| Bridge 1 | br1 STP On V Prio 32768 MTU 1500 Delete |
| IP Address | 0.0.0 |
| Subnet Mask | 0.0.0.0 |

Enter relewant bridge IP address and subnet mask, click 'Add' to create a bridge.

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Note: Only create a bride can apply it.

| Assign to Bridge | |
|------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Assignment 0 | none V Interface ra0 V Prio 63 Delete |
| Adu | br0 br1 |

Assign to Bridge option: to assign different ports to created bridge. For example: assign port (wireless port) is ra0 in br1 bridge as below:

- Prio means priority level: work if multiple ports are within the same bridge. The smaller the number, the higher the level. Click 'Add' to take it effect.
- Note: corresponding interface of WAN ports interface should not be binding, this bridge function is basically used for LAN port, and should not be binding with WAN port

If bind success, bridge binding list in the list of current bridging table is as below:

| Bridge Name | STP enabled | Interfaces |
|-------------|-------------|------------|
| br0 | no | vlan0 |
| br1 | yes | raO |

To make br1 bridge has the same function with DHCP assigned address, users need to set multiple DHCP function, see the introduction of multi-channel DHCPD:

| Port Setu | p | | |
|------------|---------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Network Co | onfiguration eth2 | O Unbridged | Oefault |
| Network Co | onfiguration vlan0 | O Unbridged | • Default |
| Network Co | onfiguration ra0 | O Unbridged | 🕑 Default |
| Network Co | onfiguration apcli0 | O Unbridged | 💿 Default |
| Network Co | onfiguration wds0 | O Unbridged | Oefault |
| Network Co | onfiguration wds1 | O Unbridged | 💿 Default |
| Network Co | onfiguration wds2 | O Unbridged | Oefault |
| Network Co | onfiguration wds3 | O Unbridged | 💿 Default |
| Network Co | onfiguration br0 | O Unbridged | 💿 Default |
| | | | |





| Network Configuration ra0 | 🖸 Unbridged 🔍 Default |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| мти | 1500 |
| Multicast forwarding | O Enable O Disable |
| Masquerade / NAT | Enable O Disable |
| IP Address | 0.0.0.0 |
| Subnet Mask | 0.0.0.0 |

Choose not bridge to set the port's own properties, detailed properties are as below:

MTU: maximum transfer unit

Multicast forwarding: enable or disable multicast forwarding

Masquerade/NAT: enable or disable Masquerade/NAT

IP Address: set ra0's IP address, and do not conflict with other ports or bridge

Subnet Mask: set the port's subnet mask

| Multiple DHCP Server | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|-----|---|------|-------|------|------|----|-----------|------|
| DHCP 0 | ra0 | ~ | On 💌 | Start | 100 | Max | 50 | Leasetime | 3600 |
| Delete | | | | | r 28 | (r.) | | | |
| Add | | | | | | | | | |
| a nuu : | | | | | | | | | |

- Multiple DHCPD: using multiple DHCP service. Click 'Add' in multiple DHCP server to appear relevant configuration. The first means the name of port or bridge (do not be configured as eth0), the second means whether to on DHCP. Start means start address, Max means maximum assigned DHCP clients, Leasetime means the client lease time, the unit is second, click 'Save' or 'Apply' to put it into effect after setting.
- Note: Only configure and click 'Save' can configure the next, can not configure multiple DHCP at the same time.

3.3.2 Wireless

3.3.2.1 Basic Settings



| Wireless Network | | |
|----------------------------------|--|--|
| Physical Interface ra0 - SSID [c | dd-junjinlee] HWAddr [00:AA:BB:CC:DD:15] | |
| Wireless Mode | AP | |
| Wireless Network Mode | N-Only | |
| 802.11n Transmission Mode | Mixed 💌 | |
| Wireless Network Name (SSID) | dd-junjinlee | |
| Wireless Channel | 11 - 2.462 GHz 💌 | |
| Channel Width | 40 MHz 💌 | |
| Extension Channel | upper 💌 | |
| Wireless SSID Broadcast | Enable O Disable | |
| Network Configuration | O Unbridged 💿 Bridged | |
| Virtual Interfaces | | |
| | Add | |

Wireless Network: "Eanble", radio on. "Disable", radio off.

Wireless Mode: AP, Client, Adhoc, Repeater, Repeater Bridge four options.

Wireless Network Mode:

Mixed: Support 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n wireless devices.

BG-Mixed: Support 802.11b, 802.11g wireless devices.

B-only: Only supports the 802.11b standard wireless devices.

B-only: Only supports the 802.11b standard wireless devices.

G-only: Only supports the 802.11g standard wireless devices.

NG-Mixed: Support 802.11g, 802.11n wireless devices.

N-only: Only supports the 802.11g standard wireless devices.

8021.11n Transmission Mode: In the wireless network mode to "N-only" choose to transfer its transmission mode.

Greenfield: When you determine the surrounding environment, there is no other 802.11a/b/g devices use the same channel, use this mode to increase throughput. Other 802.11a/b/g devices use the same channel in the environment, the information you send may generate an error, re-issued.

Mixed: This mode is contrary to the green mode, but will reduce the throughput.

Wireless Network Name(SSID): The SSID is the network name shared among all devices in a wireless network. The SSID must be identical for all devices in the wireless network. It is



case-sensitive and must not exceed 46 alphanumeric characters, which may be any keyboard character. Make sure this setting is the same for all devices in your wireless network.

Wireless Channel: A total of 1-13 channels to choose more than one wireless device environment,

please try to avoid using the same channel with other devices. .

Channel Width: 20MHZ and 40MHZ.

Extension Channel: Channel for 40MHZ, you can choose upper or lower.

Wireless SSID Broadcast:

Enable: SSID broadcasting.

Disable: Hidden SSID.

Network Configuration:

Virtual Interfaces

Bridged: Bridge to the router, under normal circumstances, please select the bridge.

Unbridged: There is no bridge to the router, IP addresses need to manually configure.

| Network Configuration | 💽 Unbridged 🔘 Bridged |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Multicast forwarding | C Enable O Disable |
| Masquerade / NAT | Enable O Disable |
| IP Address | 192. 168. 1. 1 |
| Subnet Mask | 255. 255. 0. 0. |

Virtual Interfaces: Click Add to add a virtual interface. Add successfully, click on the remove, you can remove the virtual interface.

| /ireless Network Name (SSID) | dd-wrt_vap |
|------------------------------|-----------------------|
| /ireless SSID Broadcast | Enable O Disable |
| P Isolation | ○ Enable ⊙ Disable |
| etwork Configuration | O Unbridged 💿 Bridged |

AP Isolation: This setting isolates wireless clients so access to and from other wireless clients are stopped.

Note : Save your changes, after changing the "Wireless Mode", "Wireless Network Mode", "wireless width", "broadband" option, please click on this button, and then configure the other options.

3.3.2.2 Wireless Security

Wireless security options used to configure the security of your wireless network. This route is a total of seven kinds of wireless security mode. Disabled by default, not safe mode is enabled.



Such as changes in Safe Mode, click Apply to take effect immediately.

| Wireless Security wi | 0 | |
|--------------------------|---|--|
| Physical Interface ra0 5 | 51D [dd-junjinlee] HWAddr [00:AA:BB:CC:DD:15] | |
| Security Mode | Disabled | |
| | Save Apply Settings | |
| | Save Apply Settings | |
| Wireless Security wl | 0 | |

| Security Mode | WEP | | | |
|----------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Authentication Type | Open O Shared Key | | | |
| Default Transmit Key | ① 1 ○ 2 ○ 3 ○ 4 | | | |
| Encryption | 64 bits 10 hex digits 💌 | | | |
| Passphrase | 66666666666666666666666666666666666666 | | | |
| Key 1 | 2627F68597 | | | |
| Key 2 | 15AD 1DD 294 | | | |
| Key 3 | DDC4761939 | | | |
| Key 4 | 31F1ADB558 | | | |

WEP: Is a basic encryption algorithm is less secure than WPA.Use of WEP is discouraged due to security weaknesses, and one of the WPA modes should be used whenever possible. Only use WEP if you have clients that can only support WEP (usually older, 802.11b-only clients).

Authentication Type: Open or shared key.

Default Transmit Key: Select the key form Key 1 - Key 4 key.

Encryption: There are two levels of WEP encryption, 64-bit (40-bit) and 128-bit. To utilize WEP, select the desired encryption bit, and enter a passphrase or up to four WEP key in hexadecimal format. If you are using 64-bit (40-bit), then each key must consist of exactly 10 hexadecimal characters. For 128-bit, each key must consist of exactly 26 hexadecimal characters. Valid hexadecimal characters are "0"-"9" and "A"-"F"...

Passphrase: The letters and numbers used to generate a key.

Key1-Key4: Manually fill out or generated according to input the pass phrase.



Wireless Security wl0

| Security Mode | WPA Personal | × |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| WPA Algorithms | AES 💌 | |
| WPA Shared Key | | Unmask |
| Key Renewal Interval (in seconds) | 3600 | (Default: 3600, Range: 1 - 99999) |

WPA Personal/WPA2 Personal/WPA2 Person Mixed: , TKIP/AES/TKIP+AES , dynamic encryption keys. TKIP + AES, self-applicable TKIP or AES. WPA Person Mixed, allow WPA Personal and WPA2 Personal client mix.

WPA Shared Key: Between 8 and 63 ASCII character or hexadecimal digits. .

Key Renewal Interval (in seconds): 1-99999.

| Security Mode | WPA Enterprise | / |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| WPA Algorithms | AES 💌 | |
| Radius Auth Server Address | 192. 168. 1. | 110 |
| Radius Auth Server Port | 1812 | (Default: 1812) |
| Radius Auth Shared Secret | ••••• | Unmask |
| (ey Renewal Interval (in seconds) | 3600 | |

WPA Enterprise/WPA2 Enterprise/WPA2 Enterprise Mixed: WPA Enterprise uses an external RADIUS server to perform user authentication.

WPA Algorithms: AES/TKIP/TPIP+AES.

Radius Auth Sever Address: The IP address of the RADIUS server.

Radius Auth Server Port: The RADIUS Port (default is 1812).

Radius Auth Shared Secret: The shared secret from the RADIUS server.

Key Renewal Interva(in seconds): 1-999999.



Wireless Security wl0

| ecurity Mode | 802. 1x 💉 | |
|---------------------------|---------------|---|
| Supplicant Type | O Peap 💿 TTLS | |
| ser | | |
| nonymous Identity | | |
| assword | | |
| hase2 | | |
| ublic Server Certificate | | 4 |
| | | |
| | | 2 |
| dditional Network Options | | ~ |
| | | |

802.1x: 802.1x for user to connect to a wireless access point and cable converter to provide the certification. It will limit without obtaining the user credentials to connect to the Internet, credentials - for example, a separate server authentication user name and password.

Peap: PEAP (Protected Extensible Authentication Protocol) is a version of EAP, the authentication protocol used in wireless networks and Point-to-Point connections. PEAP is designed to provide more secure authentication for 802.11 WLANs (wireless local area networks) that support 802.1X port access control. Here is PEAP-EAP-MS-CHAPv2.

- 1. Enter the User.
- 2. Enter the Password.

TTLS: TTLS uses the TLS channel to exchange "attribute-value pairs" (AVPs), much like RADIUS. (In fact, the AVP encoding format is very similar to RADIUS.) The general encoding of information allows a TTLS server to validate AVPs against any type of authentication mechanism. TTLS implementations today support all methods defined by EAP, as well as several older methods (CHAP, PAP, MS-CHAP and MS-CHAPv2). TTLS can easily be extended to work with new protocols by defining new attributes to support new protocols.

- 1. Enter the User.
- 2. Enter the Password.
- 3. Enter the Public Server Certificate.

3.3.3 Services

3.3.3.1 Services



DHCP Client

| DHCP Client | _ |
|-----------------|---|
| Set Vendorclass | |
| Request IP | |

Set Vendorclass: the DHCP server can automatically identify the specific identifier of the computer running certain operating systems to send, such as the DHCP server can identify the DHCP client running the operating systerm is Windows 2000 or Windows 98. Identification identifier DHCP option can be assigned to DHCP clients based on specific operating system.

Request IP: IP address of the request

DHCP Server

DHCPd assigns IP addresses to users local devices. While the main configuration is on the setup page users can program some nifty special functions here.

| DHCP Server | | | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------|------------|------|---------------|
| Use JFFS2 for client lease DB | (Not mour | nted) | | |
| Use NVRAM for client lease DB | | | | |
| Used Domain | WAN | ~ | | |
| LAN Domain | | | | |
| Additional DHCPd Options | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| Static Leases | | | | |
| MAC Address Host | Name | IP Address | Clie | nt Lease Time |
| | | | | minutes |
| | Ad | d Remove | | |
| | | | | |

Use NVRAM for client lease DB: users can store data to the system NVRAM area is enabled **Used domain:** users can select here which domain the DHCP clients should get as their local domain. This can be the WAN domain set on the Setup screen or the LAN domain which can be set here.

LAN Domain: users can define here their local LAN domain which is used as local domain for DNSmasq and DHCP service if chose above.

Static Leases: if users want to assign certain hosts a specific address then they can define them here. This is also the way to add hosts with a fixed address to the router's local DNS service (DNSmasq).

Additional DHCPd Options: some extra options users can set by entering them

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DNSMasq

DNSmasq is a local DNS server. It will resolve all host names known to the router from dhcp (dynamic and static) as well as forwarding and caching DNS entries from remote DNS servers. Local DNS enables DHCP clients on the LAN to resolve static and dynamic DHCP hostnames.

| DNSMasq | Enable | O Disable |
|----------------------------|----------|-----------|
| Local DNS | O Enable | Oisable |
| No DNS Rebind | Enable | O Disable |
| Additional DNSMasq Options | | |
| | | |
| | | |

Local DNS: enables DHCP clients on the LAN to resolve static and dynamic DHCP hostnames **No DNS Rebind:** when enabled, it can prevent an external attacker to access the router's internal Web interface. It is a security measure

Additional DNSMasq Options: some extra options users can set by entering them in Additional DNS Options.

For example:

static allocation: dhcp-host=AB:CD:EF:11:22:33,192.168.0.10,myhost,myhost.domain,12h
max lease number: dhcp-lease-max=2

DHCP server IP range: dhcp-range=192.168.0.110,192.168.0.111,12h

SNMP

| SWMP | |
|--------------|--------------------|
| SNMP | C Enable O Disable |
| Location | Unknown |
| Contact | root |
| Name | four-faith |
| RO Community | public |
| RW Community | private |
| | |

Location: equipment location

Contact: contact this equipment management

Name: device name

RO Community: SNMP RO community name, the default is public, Only to read.

RW Community: SNMP RW community name, the default is private, Read-write permissions

SSHD

Enabling SSHd allows users to access the Linux OS of their router with an SSH client

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Chall

| SSHd | C Enable | O Disable | | |
|--------------------|----------|-----------|---------------|--|
| | | | | |
| SSH TCP Forwarding | O Enable | Oisable | | |
| Password Login | Enable | O Disable | | |
| Port | 22 | | (Default: 22) | |
| Authorized Keys | | | | |

SSH TCP Forwarding: enable or disable to support the TCP forwarding

Password Login: allows login with the router password (username is root)

Port: port number for SSHd (default is 22)

Authorized Keys: here users paste their public keys to enable key-based login (more secure than a simple password)

System log

Enable Syslogd to capture system messages. By default they will be collected in the local file /var/log/messages. To send them to another system, enter the IP address of a remote syslog server.

| System Log | |
|-----------------|------------------|
| Syslogd | Enable O Disable |
| Syslog Out Mode | Net O Consle |
| Remote Server | |

Syslog Out Mode: two log mode

Net: the log information output to a syslog server

Console: the log information output to console port

Remote Server: if choose net mode, users should input a syslog server's IP Address and run a syslog server program on it.

Telnet

| Telnet | |
|--------|--|
| Telnet | |

Telnet: enable a telnet server to connect to the router with telnet. The username is root and the password is the router's password.

Note: If users use the router in an untrusted environment (for example as a public hotspot), it is strongly recommended to use SSHd and deactivate telnet.

WAN Traffic Counter



| _ | WAN | Traffic | Count | ter |
|---|-----|---------|-------|-----|
| | | | | |

ttraff Daemon

Ttraff Daemon: enable or disable wan traffic counter function

3.3.4 VPN

3.3.4.1 PPTP

PPTP Server

| PPTP Server | WARKAN Mark |
|-----------------------|--------------------|
| PPTP Server | 🖾 Enable 🔿 Disable |
| Broadcast support | C Enable O Disable |
| Force MPPE Encryption | Enable O Disable |
| DNS1 | |
| DNS2 | |
| WINS1 | |
| WINS2 | |
| Server IP | |
| Client IP(s) | |
| CHAP-Secrets | |
| | |

Broadcast support: enable or disable broadcast support of PPTP server Force MPPE Encryption: enable of disable force MPPE encryption of PPTP data DNS1/DNS2/WINS1/WINS2: set DNS1/DNS2/WINS1/WINS2 Server IP: input IP address of the router as PPTP server, differ from LAN address Client IP(s): IP address assigns to the client, the format is xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx CHAP Secrets: user name and password of the client using PPTP service Note: client IP must be different with IP assigned by router DHCP. The format of CHAP Secrets is user * password *.

PPTP Client



| PPTP Client | |
|-----------------------|----------------------|
| PPTP Client Options | Enable Disable |
| Server IP or DNS Name | |
| Remote Subnet | 0.0.0.0 |
| Remote Subnet Mask | 0.0.0.0 |
| MPPE Encryption | mppe required |
| MTU | 1450 (Default: 1450) |
| MRU | 1450 (Default: 1450) |
| NAT | Enable Disable |
| Fixed IP | Enable O Disable |
| Fixed IP Address | 0.0.0. |
| User Name | DOMAIN\\Username |
| Password | Unmask |
| User Name | DOMAIN\\Username |

Server IP or DNS Name: PPTP server's IP Address or DNS Name Remote Subnet: the network of the remote PPTP server Remote Subnet Mask: subnet mask of remote PPTP server MPPE Encryption: enable or disable Microsoft Point-to-Point Encryption. MTU: maximum Transmission Unit MRU: maximum Receive Unit NAT: network Address Translation Fixed IP: Enable or Disable Fixed IP Fixed IP Address: Fixed IP Address User Name: user name to login PPTP Server. Password: password to log into PPTP Server.

3.3.4.2 L2TP

L2TP Server

| L2TP Server | 🗵 Enable 🔘 Disable | |
|-----------------------|--------------------|------|
| Force MPPE Encryption | Enable O Disable | |
| Server IP | | |
| Client IP(s) | | |
| CHAP-Secrets | | |
| | | |
| | | 0.01 |

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Force MPPE Encryption: enable or disable force MPPE encryption of L2TP data Server IP: input IP address of the router as PPTP server, differ from LAN address Client IP(s): IP address assigns to the client, the format is xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx. CHAP Secrets: user name and password of the client using L2TP service Note: client IP must be different with IP assigned by router DHCP.

The format of CHAP Secrets is user * password *.

L2TP Client

| L2TP Client | |
|------------------------|----------------------|
| L2TP Client Options | Enable O Disable |
| User Name | DOMAIN\\Username |
| Password | Unmask |
| Gateway (L2TP Server) | |
| Remote Subnet | 0.0.0 |
| Remote Subnet Mask | 0.0.0 |
| MPPE Encryption | mppe required |
| MTU | 1450 (Default: 1450) |
| MRU | 1450 (Default: 1450) |
| NAT | |
| Fixed IP | 🖸 Enable 🔿 Disable |
| Fixed IP Address | 0.0.0 |
| Require CHAP | ⊙ Yes ○ No |
| Refuse PAP | ⊙ Yes ○ No |
| Require Authentication | ⊙ Yes ○ No |

Gateway(L2TP Server): L2TP server's IP Address or DNS Name

Remote Subnet: the network of remote PPTP server

Remote Subnet Mask: subnet mask of remote PPTP server

MPPE Encryption: enable or disable Microsoft Point-to-Point Encryption

MTU: maximum transmission unit

MRU: maximum receive unit

NAT: network address translation

Fixed IP: Enable or Disable Fixed IP

Fixed IP Address: Fixed IP Address

User Name: user name to login L2TP Server

Password: password to login L2TP Server

Require CHAP: enable or disable support chap authentication protocol

Refuse PAP: enable or disable refuse to support the pap authentication

Require Authentication: enable or disable support authentication protocol

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(Default: 1194)

3.3.4.3 **OPENVPN**

| OPENVPN | Server |
|--------------------|--------|
| UI EIN VIII | SUIVU |

| Start Type | | (| O WAN Up | System | | n | |
|------------|--|--------|----------|--------|--|---|--|
| | | 1. | a i | | | | |

Start Type: WAN UP----start after on-line, System----start when boot up

| Config via | OUI | O Config File |
|------------|-----|---------------|
| | | |

Server mode

Router (TUN) O Bridge (TAP)

Config via: GUI----Page configuration, Config File----config File configuration Server mode: Router (TUN)-route mode, Bridge (TAP)----bridge mode Router (TUN):

| Network | 0.0.0 |
|---------|---------|
| Netmask | 0.0.0.0 |

Network: network address allowed by OPENVPN server Netmask: netmask allowed by OPENVPN server

Bridge (TAP):

| DHCP-Proxy mode | O Enable 💿 Disable |
|-----------------|--------------------|
| Pool start IP | 0.0.0 |
| Pool end IP | 0.0.0 |
| Gateway | 0.0.0.0 |
| Netmask | 0.0.00 |

DHCP-Proxy mode: enable or disable DHCP-Proxy mode Pool start IP: pool start IP of the client allowed by OPENVPN server Pool end IP: pool end IP of the client allowed by OPENVPN server Gateway: the gateway of the client allowed by OPENVPN server Netmask: netmask of the client allowed by OPENVPN server

| Port | 1194 |
|-------------------|----------------|
| Tunnel Protocol | UDP 💌 |
| Encryption Cipher | Blowfish CBC 💌 |
| Hash Algorithm | SHA1 |

Port: listen port of OPENVPN server

Tunnel Protocol: UCP or TCP of OPENVPN tunnel protocol

Encryption Cipher: Blowfish CBC, AES-128 CBC, AES-192 CBC, AES-256 CBC, AES-512 CBC

Hash Algorithm: Hash algorithm provides a method of quick access to data, including SHA1,

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|-------|---------------------------------|--------|-------------------|------------|-----------|----------|---------------|
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CII 4 5 1 2

1007

0114056

| Enable | O Disable | |
|----------|--|--|
| O Enable | Oisable | |
| O Enable | Oisable | |
| Enable | O Disable | |
| O Enable | Oisable | |
| 1500 | | (Default: 1500) |
| | | (Default: Disable) |
| Disable | ~ | |
| | | |
| | Enable Enable Enable Enable 1500 | Enable Disable Enable Disable |

Use LZO Compression: enable or disable use LZO compression for data transfer

Redirect default Gateway: enable or disable redirect default gateway

Allow Client to Client: enable or disable allow client to client

Allow duplicate cn: enable or disable allow duplicate cn

TUN MTU Setting: set the value of TUN MTU

TCP MSS: MSS of TCP data

TLS Cipher: TLS (Transport Layer Security) encryption standard supports AES-128 SHA and AES-256 SHA

Client connect script: define some client script by user self

CA Cert



CA Cert: CA certificate

Public Server Cert

Public Server Cert: server certificate

Private Server Key

DH PEM

| .3 |
|------|
| |
| |

Private Server Key: the key seted by the server **DH PEM:** PEM of the server

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| Additional Config | |
|-------------------------|--|
| | |
| CCD-Dir DEFAULT file | |
| TLS Auth Key | |
| Certificate Revoke List | |

Additional Config: additional configurations of the server CCD-Dir DEFAULT file: other file approaches TLS Auth Key: authority key of Transport Layer Security Certificate Revoke List: configure some revoke certificates

OPENVPN Client

| Server IP/Name | 0.0.0.0 | |
|-------------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Port | 1194 | (Default: 1194) |
| Tunnel Device | TUN 💌 | |
| Tunnel Protocol | UDP 💌 | |
| Encryption Cipher | Blowfish CBC 💌 | |
| Hash Algorithm | SHA1 💌 | |
| nsCertType verification | | |

Server IP/Name: IP address or domain name of OPENVPN server

Port: listen port of OPENVPN client

Tunnel Device: TUN----Router mode, TAP----Bridge mode

Tunnel Protocol: UDP and TCP protocol

Encryption Cipher: Blowfish CBC, AES-128 CBC, AES-192 CBC, AES-256 CBC, AES-512 CBC

Hash Algorithm: Hash algorithm provides a method of quick access to data, including SHA1, SHA256, SHA512, MD5

nsCertType verification: support ns certificate type

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| Advanced Options | Enable | O Disable | | |
|------------------------------------|---------------|-----------|--------------------|---|
| Use LZO Compression | O Enable | Oisable | | |
| NAT | O Enable | Oisable | | |
| Bridge TAP to br0 | O Enable | Oisable | | |
| Local IP Address | | | | |
| TUN MTU Setting | 1500 | | (Default: 1500) | |
| MSS-Fix/Fragment across the tunnel | | | (Default: Disable) | |
| TLS Cipher | Disable | ~ | | |
| TLS Auth Key | | | | Ĩ |
| | | | | |
| Additional Config | | | | |
| | | | | : |
| Policy based Routing | | | | |
| | | | | |

Use LZO Compression: enable or disable use LZO compression for data transfer

NAT: enable or disable NAT through function

Bridge TAP to br0: enable or disable bridge TAP to br0

Local IP Address: set IP address of local OPENVPN client

TUN MTU Setting: set MTU value of the tunnel

TCP MSS: mss of TCP data

TLS Cipher: TLS (Transport Layer Security) encryption standard supports AES-128 SHA and AES-256 SHA

TLS Auth Key: authority key of Transport Layer Security

Additional Config: additional configurations of OPENVPN server

Policy based Routing: input some defined routing policy

| CA Cert | |
|--------------------|---|
| | |
| Public Client Cert | |
| | |
| Private Client Key | |
| | : |

CA Cert: CA certificate Public Client Cert: client certificate Private Client Key: client key

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3.3.4.4 IPSEC

Connect Status and Control

Show IPSEC connection and status of current router on IPSEC page.

| Name | Type | Common Name | status | Action |
|------|---|-------------|--------|--------|
| | .,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | commente | 510105 | |

Name: the name of IPSEC connection

Type: The type and function of current IPSEC connection

Common name: local subnet, local address, opposite end address and opposite end subnet of current connection

Status: connection status: closed, negotiating, establish

Closed: this connection does not launch a connection request to opposite end

Negotiating: this connection launch a request to opposite end, is under negotiating, the connection has not been established yet

Establish: the connection has been established, enabled to use this tunnel

Action: the action of this connection, current is to delete, edit, reconnect and enable

- Delete: to delete the connection, also will delete IPSEC if IPSEC has set up
- **Edit:** to edit the configure information of this connection, reload this connection to make the configuration effect after edit
- **Reconnect:** this action will remove current tunnel, and re-launch tunnel establish request **Enable:** when the connection is enable, it will launch tunnel establish request when the
- system reboot or reconnect, otherwise the connection will not do it

Add: to add a new IPSEC connection

Add IPSEC connection or edit IPSEC connection

Type: to choose IPSEC mode and relevant functions in this part, supports tunnel mode client, tunnel mode server and transfer mode currently

| Туре | Net-to-Net Virtual Private Network | * |
|------------|------------------------------------|---|
| IPSEC role | Olient ○ Server | |

Connection: this part contains basic address information of the tunnel



| Connection | 69 14 | | |
|---------------------|----------|---------------------|--|
| Name | | Enabled | |
| Local WAN Interface | vlan 1 💌 | Remote Host address | |
| Local Subnet | | Remote subnet | |
| Local Id | | Remote ID | |

Name: to indicate this connection name, must be unique

Enabled: If enable, the connection will send tunnel connection request when it is reboot or re-connection, otherwise it is no need if disable

Local WAN Interface: local addresss of the tunnel

Remote Host Address: IP/domain name of end opposite; this option can not fill in if using tunnel mode server

Local Subnet: IPSec local protects subnet and subnet mask, i.e. 192.168.1.0/24; this option can not fill in if using transfer mode

Remote Subnet: IPSec opposite end protects subnet and subnet mask, i.e.192.168.7.0/24; this option can not fill in if using transfer mode

Local ID: tunnel local end identification, IP and domain name are available

Remote ID: tunnel opposite end identification, IP and domain name are available

Detection: this part contains configure information of connection detection

| Detection | | | | | |
|----------------------|----------------|-----------------|---|--|--|
| Enable DPD Detection | n 🗹 | | | | |
| Time Interval 60 | (S) Timeout 60 | (S) Action hold | * | | |
| | | | | | |
| Enable Connection [| Detection | | | | |
| LINADIE CONNECTION L | | | | | |

Enable DPD Detection: enable or disable this function, tick means enable

Time Interval: set time interval of connect detection (DPD)

Timeout: set the timeout of connect detection

Action: set the action of connect detection

Advanced Settings: this part contains relevant setting of IKE, ESP, negotiation mode, etc.



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| IKE Lifetime 0 hours ESP Encryption 3DES ESP Integrity MD5 ESP Keylife 0 hours IKE +ESP: Use only proposed settings. | MD5 | Enable advanced IKE Encryption | settings 🗹 3DES | IKE Integrity | MD5 | ~ | IKE Grouptype | MODP-8192 💌 |
|--|--|-----------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|-------------|-----------|-----------------------|-------------|
| ESP Keylife 0 hours | | IKE Lifetime | 0 hou | irs | | | | |
| IKE+ESP: Use only proposed settings. | hared key is transmitted in clear text)! | ESP Encryption | 3DES | ESP Integrity | MD5 | * | | |
| | hared key is transmitted in clear text)! | SP Keylife | 0 hou | rs | | | | |
| The second se | hared key is transmitted in clear text)! | IKE+ESP: U | se only propose | d settings. | | | | |
| IKE aggressive mode allowed. Avoid if possible (preshared key is transmitted in clear text)! | | IKE aggress | ive mode allowe | ed. Avoid if possible (pr | eshared key | is transm | iitted in clear text) | 1 |

Enable Advanced Settings: enable to configure 1st and 2nd phase information, otherwise it will automic negotiation according to opposite end

IKE Encryption: IKE phased encryption mode

IKE Integrity: IKE phased integrity solution

IKE Grouptype: DH exchange algorithm

IKE Lifetime: set IKE lifetime, current unit is hour, the default is 0

ESP Encryption: ESP encryption type

ESP Integrity: ESP integrity solution

ESP Keylife: set ESP keylife, current unit is hour, the default is 0

IKE aggressive mode allowed: negotiation mode adopt aggressive mode if tick; it is main mode if non-tick

Negotiate payload compression: Tick to enable PFS, non-tick to diable PFS

Authentication: choose use share encryption option or certificate authentication option. Current is only to choose use share encryption option.

| • | Use a Pre-Shared Key: | |
|---|--|--|
| | Generate and use the X.509 certificate | |

3.3.4.5 GRE

GRE (Generic Routing Encapsulation, Generic Routing Encapsulation) protocol is a network layer protocol (such as IP and IPX) data packets are encapsulated, so these encapsulated data packets to another network layer protocol (IP)transmission. GRE Tunnel (tunnel) technology, Layer Two Tunneling Protocol VPN (Virtual Private Network).



GRE Tunnel

GRE Tunnel

O Enable O Disable

GRE Tunnel: enable or disable GRE function

| Number | 1 (fff) 💟 Delete | 1 |
|------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| Status | Enable 💌 | |
| Name | fff | |
| Through | PPP 💌 | |
| Peer Wan IP Addr | 120.42.46.98 | |
| Peer Subnet | 192.168.5.0/24 | (eg:192.168.1.0/24) |
| Peer Tunnel IP | 200.200.200.1 | |
| Local Tunnel IP | 200.200.200.5 | |
| Local Netmask | 255.255.255.0 | |

Number: Switch on/off GRE tunnel app

Status: Switch on/off someone GRE tunnel app

Name: GRE tunnel name

Through: The GRE packet transmit interface

Peer Wan IP Addr: The remote WAN address

Peer Subnet: The remote gateway local subnet, eg: 192.168.1.0/24

Peer Tunnel IP: The remote tunnel ip address

Local Tunnel IP: The local tunnel ip address

Local Netmask: Netmask of local network

| Keepalive | 💽 Enable 🔍 Disable |
|-------------|--------------------|
| Retry times | |
| Interval | |
| Fail Action | Hold 🔛 |

Keepalive: Enable or disable GRE Keepalive function **Retry times:** GRE keepalive detect fail retries

Interval: The time interval of GRE keepalive packet sent

Fail Action: The action would be exec after keeping alive failed

Click on "View GRE tunnels" keys can view the information of GRE

| | | | | | | | | | | nnels list | GRE Tur |
|-----|----------------|----|---------------|--------------------|-------------------|----------------|---------------------|---------|--------|------------|---------|
| | Retry times | | Local Netmask | Local Tunnel IP | Peer Tunnel IP | Peer Subnet | Peer Wan IP Addr | Through | Enable | Name | Number |
| 0 0 | 0 | No | 255.255.255.0 | 200.200.200.5 | 200.200.200.1 | 192.168.5.0/24 | 120.42.46.98 | PPP | Yes | fff | 1 |
| 0 (| 0 | No | 255.255.255.0 | 200.200.200.5 | 200.200.200.1 | 192.168.5.0/24 | 120.42.46.98 | РРР | Yes | m | 1 |

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3.3.5 Security

3.3.5.1 Firewall

You can enable or disable the firewall, filter specific Internet data types, and prevent anonymous Internet requests, ultimately enhance network security.

| [| Firewall | Pro | tection | ī |
|---|----------|-----|---------|---|
| | | | | |

SPI Firewall

Firewall enhance network security and use SPI to check the packets into the network. To use firewall protection, choose to enable otherwise disabled. Only enable the SPI firewall, you can use other firewall functions: filtering proxy, block WAN requests, etc.

Additional Filters

| Additional | Filters |
|-------------|-------------|
| 🗌 Filter Pr | оху |
| 🔲 Filter C | ookies |
| 🔲 Filter Ja | ava Applets |
| Filter A | ctiveX |

Filter Proxy: Wan proxy server may reduce the security of the gateway, Filtering Proxy will refuse any access to any wan proxy server. Click the check box to enable the function otherwise disabled.

Filter Cookies: Cookies are the website of data the data stored on your computer. When you interact with the site ,the cookies will be used. Click the check box to enable the function otherwise disabled.

Filter Java Applets: If refuse to Java, you may not be able to open web pages using the Java programming. Click the check box to enable the function otherwise disabled.

Filter ActiveX: If refuse to ActiveX, you may not be able to open web pages using the ActiveX programming. Click the check box to enable the function otherwise disabled.

Prevent WAN Request



Block Anonymous WAN Requests (ping): By selecting "Block Anonymous WAN Requests (ping)" box to enable this feature, you can prevent your network from the Ping or detection of other Internet users. so that make More difficult to break into your network. The default state of



this feature is enabled ,choose to disable allow anonymous Internet requests.

Filter IDENT (Port 113): Enable this feature can prevent port 113 from being scaned from outside. Click the check box to enable the function otherwise disabled.

Block WAN SNMP access: This feature prevents the SNMP connection requests from the WAN. After Complete the changes, click the **Save Settings** button to save your changes. Click the **Cancel Changes** button to cancel unsaved changes.

Impede WAN DoS/Bruteforce

| Imp | ede WAN DoS/Bruteforce |
|---------|-------------------------|
| _ι | imit SSH Access |
| 🔲 ι | imit Telnet Access |
| | imit PPTP Server Access |

Limit L2TP Server Access

Limit ssh Access: This feature limits the access request from the WAN by ssh, and per minute up to accept two connection requests on the same IP. Any new access request will be automatically dropped.

Limit Telnet Access: This feature limits the access request from the WAN by Telnet, and per minute up to accept two connection requests on the same IP. Any new access request will be automatically dropped.

Limit PPTP Server Access: When build a PPTP Server in the router, this feature limits the access request from the WAN by ssh, and per minute up to accept two connection requests on the same IP. Any new access request will be automatically dropped.

Limit L2TP Server Access: When build a L2TP Server in the router, this feature limits the access request from the WAN by ssh, and per minute up to accept two connection requests on the same IP. Any new access request will be automatically dropped.

Log Management

The router can keep logs of all incoming or outgoing traffic for your Internet connection.



Log: To keep activity logs, select Enable. To stop logging, select Disable. When select enable, the following page will appear.

| Four-Faith | | F7X46 Series Router User Manual |
|------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| Log | | |
| Log | 💽 Enable 🔘 Disable | |
| Log Level | High 💌 | |
| Options | | |
| Dropped | Disable 💟 | |
| Rejected | Enable 💌 | |
| Accepted | Enable 💙 | |

Log Level: Set this to the required log level. Set Log Level higher to log more actions.

Options: When select Enable, the corresponding connection will be recorded in the journal, the disabled are not recorded.

Incoming Log: To see a temporary log of the Router's most recent incoming traffic, click the Incoming Log button.

| Incoming Log Table | | | |
|--------------------|----------|-------------------------|------|
| Source IP | Protocol | Destination Port Number | Rule |
| | | Refresh Close | |

Outgoing Log: To see a temporary log of the Router's most recent outgoing traffic, click the Outgoing Log button.

| LAN IP | Destination URL/IP | Protocol | Service/Port Number | Rule |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|----------|---------------------|----------|
| 192.168.1.164 | 223.203.188.56 | TCP | www | Accepted |
| 192, 168, 1, 164 | 183.60.16.200 | UDP | 8000 | Accepted |
| 192. 168. 1. 164 | 183.60.48.60 | UDP | 8000 | Accepted |
| 192. 168. 1. 164 | 112.95.240.183 | UDP | 8000 | Accepted |
| 192. 168. 1. 164 | 183.60.49.245 | UDP | 8000 | Accepted |
| 192. <mark>168. 1. 16</mark> 4 | 119.147.32.204 | UDP | 8000 | Accepted |
| 192. 168. 1. 164 | 112.90.86.244 | UDP | 8000 | Accepted |
| 192. 168. 1. 164 | 119.147.45.157 | UDP | 8000 | Accepted |
| 192. 168. 1. 164 | 183.60.49.15 | UDP | 8000 | Accepted |
| 192. 168. 1. 164 | 183.60.16.70 | UDP | 8000 | Accepted |
| 192. <mark>168. 1. 16</mark> 4 | 183.60.16.200 | UDP | 8000 | Accepted |
| 100 100 1 104 | 103 00 40 00 | LIDD | 0000 | A |

Click the **Save Settings** button to save your changes. Click the **Cancel Changes** button to cancel unsaved changes.

3.3.6 Access Restrictions

3.3.6.1 WAN Access

Use access restrictions, you can block or allow specific types of Internet applications. You can set specific PC-based Internet access policies. This feature allows you to customize up to ten Xiamen Four-Faith Communication Technology Co.,Ltd. Page 57 of 89 Add: J1-J3,3rdFloor,No.44,GuanRiRoad,SoftWare Park,XiaMen .361008.China http: //www.fourfaith.com Tel: +86 592-6300466 6300465 6300464 Fax: +86 592-5912735



different Internet Access Policies for particular PCs, which are identified by their IP or MAC addresses.

| Access Policy | |
|---------------|---|
| Policy | 1() V Delete Summary |
| Status | C Enable 💿 Disable |
| Policy Name | |
| PCs | Edit List of clients |
| O Deny | Internet access during selected days and hours. |
| • Filter | |

Two options in the default policy rules: "Filter" and "reject". If select "Deny", you will deny specific computers to access any Internet service at a particular time period. If you choose to "filter", It will block specific computers to access the specific sites at a specific time period. You can set up 10 Internet access policies filtering specific PCs access Internet services at a particular time period.

Access Policy: You may define up to 10 access policies. Click Delete to delete a policy or Summary to see a summary of the policy.

Status: Enable or disable a policy.

Policy Name: You may assign a name to your policy.

PCs: The part is used to edit client list, the strategy is only effective for the PC in the list.

| Days | | | | | | | |
|----------|-----|-----|----------|------|------|-----|-----|
| Everyday | Sun | Mon | Tue | Wed | Thu | Fri | Sat |
| | | | | | | | |
| Times | | | | | | | |
| 24 Hours | | ۲ | | | | | |
| From | | 0 | × : 00 × | То 0 | 00 ~ | | |

Days: Choose the day of the week you would like your policy to be applied. **Times:** Enter the time of the day you would like your policy to be applied.

| | | | |
|------|--|--|--|
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

- Website Blocking by Keyword

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Website Blocking by URL Address: You can block access to certain websites by entering their URL.

Website Blocking by Keyword: You can block access to certain website by the keywords contained in their webpage

| List of clients | |
|---------------------|--|
| Enter MAC Address | of the clients in this format: xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx |
| MAC 01 | 00:AA:BB:CC:DD:EE |
| MAC 02 | 00:00:00:00:00 |
| MAC 03 | 00:00:00:00:00 |
| MAC 04 | 00:00:00:00:00 |
| MAC 05 | 00:00:00:00:00 |
| MAC 06 | 00:00:00:00:00 |
| MAC 07 | 00:00:00:00:00 |
| MAC 08 | 00:00:00:00:00 |
| Enter the IP Addres | s of the clients |
| IP 01 | 192.168.1. 15 |
| IP 02 | 192. 168. 1. 0 |
| IP 03 | 192, 168, 1. 0 |
| IP 04 | 192, 168, 1. 0 |
| IP 05 | 192.168.1. 0 |
| IP 06 | 192.168.1. 0 |
| Enter the IP Range | of the clients |
| IP Range 01 | 192. 168. 1. 19~ 192 168 1 30 |
| IP Range 02 | 0. 0. 0. 0~ 0 0 0 |

set up Internet access policy

- 1. Select the policy number (1-10) in the drop-down menu.
- 2. For this policy is enabled, click the radio button next to "Enable"
- 3. Enter a name in the Policy Name field.
- 4. Click the Edit List of PCs button.
- 5. On the List of PCs screen, specify PCs by IP address or MAC address. Enter the appropriate IP addresses into the IP fields. If you have a range of IP addresses to filter, complete the appropriate IP Range fields. Enter the appropriate MAC addresses into the MAC fields.
- 6. Click the Apply button to save your changes. Click the Cancel button to cancel your unsaved changes. Click the Close button to return to the Filters screen.
- 7. If you want to block the listed PCs from Internet access during the designated days and time,

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then keep the default setting, Deny. If you want the listed PCs to have Internet filtered during the designated days and time, then click the radio button next to Filter.

- 8. Set the days when access will be filtered. Select Everyday or the appropriate days of the week.
- 9. Set the time when access will be filtered. Select 24 Hours, or check the box next to From and use the drop-down boxes to designate a specific time period.
- 10. Click the Add to Policy button to save your changes and active it.
- 11. To create or edit additional policies, repeat steps 1-9.
- 12. To delete an Internet Access Policy, select the policy number, and click the Delete button.

Note:

- 1) The default factory value of policy rules is "filtered". If the user chooses the default policy rules for "refuse", and editing strategies to save or directly to save the settings. If the strategy edited is the first, it will be automatically saved into the second, if not the first, keep the original number.
- 2) Turn off the power of the router or reboot the router can cause a temporary failure. After the failure of the router, if can not automatically synchronized NTP time server, you need to recalibrate to ensure the correct implementation of the relevant period control function.

3.3.6.2 Packet Filter

To block some packets getting Internet access or block some Internet packets getting local network access, you can configure filter items to block these packets.

Packet Filter

Packet filter function is realized based on IP address or port of packets.

| Enable Packet Filter | 🗵 Enable 🔘 Disable | |
|----------------------|--|--|
| Policy | Discard packets conform to the following rules | |

Enable Packet Filter: Enable or disable "packet filter" function

Policy: The filter rule's policy, you can choose the following options

- Discard The Following--Discard packets conform to the following rules, Accept all other packets
- Only Accept The Following-- Accept only the data packets conform to the following rules, Discard all other packets



| Add Filter Rule Direction | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Protocol | |
| Source Ports | 1- 65535 |
| Destination Ports | 1 - 65535 |
| Source IP | 0.0.0.0/0 |
| Destination IP | 0.0.0.0/0 |
| | Add |

Direction

input: packet from WAN to LAN **output:** packet from LAN to WAN

Protocol: packet protocol type
Source Ports: packet's source port
Destination Ports: packet's destination port
Source IP: packet's source IP address
Destination IP: packet's destination IP address

Note: "Source Port", "Destination Port", "Source IP", "Destination IP" could not be all empty, you have to input at least one of these four parameters.

3.3.7 NAT

3.3.7.1 Port Forwarding

Port Forwarding allows you to set up public services on your network, such as web servers, ftp servers, e-mail servers, or other specialized Internet applications. Specialized Internet applications are any applications that use Internet access to perform functions such as videoconferencing or online gaming. When users send this type of request to your network via the Internet, the router will forward those requests to the appropriate PC. If you want to forward a whole range of ports, see <u>Port Range Forwarding</u>.

| Application | Protocol | Source Net | Port from | IP Address | Port to | Enable |
|-------------|----------|--------------|-----------|--------------|---------|--------|
| web | тср 💌 | 192.168.8.11 | 8000 | 192.168.1.12 | 80 | ~ |
| ftp | Both 🗸 | 192,168,8,12 | 24 | 192,168,1,12 | 21 | ¥ |

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Application: Enter the name of the application in the field provided.

Protocol: Chose the right protocol TCP, UDP or Both. Set this to what the application requires.

Source Net: Forward only if sender matches this ip/net (example 192.168.1.0/24).

Port from: Enter the number of the external port (the port number seen by users on the Internet). **IP Address:** Enter the IP Address of the PC running the application.

Port to: Enter the number of the internal port (the port number used by the application).

Enable: Click the Enable checkbox to enable port forwarding for the application.

Check all values and click **Save Settings** to save your settings. Click the **Cancel changes** button to cancel your unsaved changes.

3.3.7.2 Port Range Forward

Port Range Forwarding allows you to set up public services on your network, such as web servers, ftp servers, e-mail servers, or other specialized Internet applications. Specialized Internet applications are any applications that use Internet access to perform functions such as videoconferencing or online gaming. When users send this type of request to your network via the Internet, the router will forward those requests to the appropriate PC. If you only want to forward a single port, see <u>Port Forwarding</u>.

| Application | Start | End | Protocol | IP Address | Enable |
|-------------|-------|-------|----------|--------------|--------|
| web-tftp | 800 | 8100 | Both 👻 | 192.168.1.16 | |
| game | 9000 | 10000 | Both 💌 | 192.168.1.16 | |

Application: Enter the name of the application in the field provided.

Start:Enter the number of the first port of the range you want to seen by users on the Internet and forwarded to your PC.

End: Enter the number of the last port of the range you want to seen by users on the Internet and forwarded to your PC.

Protocol: Chose the right protocol TCP,UDP or Both. Set this to what the application requires.

IP Address: Enter the IP Address of the PC running the application.

Enable: Click the Enable checkbox to enable port forwarding for the application.

Check all values and click **Save Settings** to save your settings. Click the **Cancel changes** button to cancel your unsaved changes.

3.3.7.3 DMZ

The DMZ (DeMilitarized Zone) hosting feature allows one local user to be exposed to the Internet for use of a special-purpose service such as Internet gaming or videoconferencing. DMZ hosting forwards all the ports at the same time to one PC. The Port Forwarding feature is more



secure because it only opens the ports you want to have opened, while DMZ hosting opens all the ports of one computer, exposing the computer so the Internet can see it.

| Demilitarized Zone (DM | Z) | |
|------------------------|------------------|--|
| DMZ | | |
| Use DMZ | Enable Disable | |
| DMZ Host IP Address | 192, 168, 8. 166 | |
| DMZ Host IP Address | 192.168.8. 166 | |

Any PC whose port is being forwarded must should have a new static IP address assigned to it because its IP address may change when using the DHCP function.

DMZ Host IP Address: To expose one PC to the Internet, select Enable and enter the computer's IP address in the DMZ Host IP Address field. To disable the DMZ, keep the default setting : Disable

Check all values and click **Save Settings** to save your settings. Click the **Cancel changes** button to cancel your unsaved changes.

3.3.8 QoS Setting

3.3.8.1 Basic

Bandwidth management prioritizes the traffic on your router. Interactive traffic (telephony, browsing, telnet, etc.) gets priority and bulk traffic (file transfer, P2P) gets low priority. The main goal is to allow both types to live side-by side without unimportant traffic disturbing more critical things. All of this is more or less automatic.

QoS allows control of the bandwidth allocation to different services, netmasks, MAC addresses and the four LAN ports.



| _ Main WAN QoS Settings _ | |
|---------------------------|---------------------|
| Start QoS | C Enable O Disable |
| Port | WAN ~ |
| Packet Scheduler | нтв 🗸 |
| Uplink (kbps) | 0 |
| Downlink (kbps) | 0 |
| Bkup WAN QoS Settings | |
| Start QoS | O Enable 💿 Disable |
| Port | WAN ~ |
| Packet Scheduler | HTB 🗸 |
| Uplink (kbps) | 0 |
| Downlink (kbps) | 0 |

Uplink (kbps): In order to use bandwidth management (QoS) you must enter bandwidth values for your uplink. These are generally 80% to 90% of your maximum bandwidth.

Downlink (kbps): In order to use bandwidth management (QoS) you must enter bandwidth values for your downlink. These are generally 80% to 90% of your maximum bandwidth.

3.3.8.2 Classify

Netmask Priority

| Delete | IP/Mask | Priority |
|--------|-------------------|------------|
| | 192. 168. 1. 1/24 | Exempt 💌 |
| | 192.168.2.3/24 | Standard 💌 |
| | 192. 168. 3. 4/32 | Express 💌 |
| | 192. 168. 4. 5/32 | Bulk 💌 |

You may specify priority for all traffic from a given IP address or IP Range.

3.3.9 Applications

3.3.9.1 Serial Applications

There is a console port on Four-Faith router. Normally, this port is used to debug the router. This port can also be used as a serial port. The router has embedded a serial to TCP program. The data sent to the serial port is encapsulated by TCP/IP protocol stack and then is sent to the **Xiamen Four-Faith Communication Technology Co.,Ltd.** Page 64 of 89 Add: J1-J3,3rdFloor,No.44,GuanRiRoad,SoftWare Park,XiaMen .361008.China http://www.fourfaith.com Tel: +86 592-6300466 6300465 6300464 Fax: +86 592-5912735



destination server. This function can work as a Four-Faith DTU (Data Terminal Unit). Please refer www.four-faith.com for more information about this product.

| Serial Applications | |
|---------------------|------------------|
| Serial Applications | Enable O Disable |
| Baudrate | 115200 💌 |
| Databit | 8 💌 |
| Stopbit | 1 💌 |
| Parity | None 💌 |
| Flow Control | None 💌 |
| Protocol | TCP(DTU) |
| Server Address | 120.42.46.98 |
| Server Port | 55501 |
| Device Number | 12345678901 |
| Device Id | 12345678 |
| Heartbeat Interval | 60 |
| | |

Baudrate: Baud rate indicates the number of bytes per second transported

by device, commonly used baud rate is115200, 57600, 38400, 19200.

Databit: the data bits can be 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, constitute a character. The ASCII code is usually used. Starting from the most significant bit is transmitted,.

Stopbit: it marks the end of a character data. It is a high level of 1, 1.5, 2.

Parity: use a set of data to check the data error .

Flow control: including the hardware part and software part in two ways.

Enable Serial TCP Function: Enable the serial to TCP function

Protocol Type: The protocol type to transmit data.

UDP(DTU) - Data transmit with UDP protocol, work as a Four-Faith DTU which has application protocol and hear beat mechanism.

Pure UDP – Data transmit with standard UDP protocol.

TCP(DTU) -- Data transmit with TCP protocol, work as a Four-Faith DTU which has application protocol and hear beat mechanism.

Pure TCP -- Data transmit with standard TCP protocol, router is the client.

TCP Server -- Data transmit with standard TCP protocol, router is the server.

TCST -- Data transmit with TCP protocol, Using a custom data

Server Address: The data service center's IP Address or domain name.

Server Port: The data service center's listening port.

Device ID: The router's identity ID.

Add:

Device Number: The router's phone number.

Heartbeat Interval: The time interval to send heart beat packet. This item is valid only

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when you choose UDP(DTU) or TCP(DTU) protocol type. **TCP Server Listen Port:** This item is valid when Protocol Type is "TCP Server" **Custom Heartbeat Packet :** This item is valid when Protocol Type is "TCST" **Custom Registration Packets:** This item is valid when Protocol Type is "TCST"

3.3.9.2 GPS Settings

| Enable GPS | Enable O Disable |
|---------------------------------|--|
| GPS Output Interface | Vet Consle |
| Protocol | тср 💌 |
| GPS Center Address | 0.0.0.0 |
| GPS Center Listening Port | 5001 |
| GPS Information Update Interval | 60 |
| GPS Speed Threshhold | 0 |
| Device ID | 12345678 Append the device ID to the tail of gps information |
| GPS Information Contents | 🗹 GPRMC 🗹 GPGGA 🗹 GPVTG 🗹 GPGSA 🗹 GPGSV 🗹 GPGLL |

Enable GPS: Enable or disable GPS function

GPS Output Interface: This item selects the GPS output interface including network and serial port

Protocol: TCP mode or UDP mode

GPS Center Address: The GPS center's IP Address or domain name

GPS Center Listening Port: The GPS center's listening port.

GPS Information Update Interval: The time interval between two GPS information update, unit is second

GPS Speed Threshhold: The GPS speed threshhold of update gps information **Device ID:** The ID of this device

Append the device ID to the tail of gps information: Whether append the ID to the GPS information

GPS Information Contents: GPS contents selection

When GPS output interface is serial port, we should set the following serial port settings:

| Baudrate | 115200 😒 | |
|--------------|----------|--|
| Databit | 8 💌 | |
| Stopbit | 1 🛩 | |
| Parity | None 💌 | |
| Flow Control | None 💌 | |

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3.3.10 Administration

3.3.10.1 Management

The Management screen allows you to change the router's settings. On this page you will find most of the configurable items of the router code.

| Router Password | | |
|---------------------|-------|--|
| Router Username | ••••• | |
| Router Password | ••••• | |
| Re-enter to confirm | ••••• | |

The new password must not exceed 46 characters in length and must not include any spaces. Enter the new password a second time to confirm it.

Note:

Default username is root.

It is strongly recommended that you change the factory default password of the router, which is admin. All users who try to access the router's web-based utility or Setup Wizard will be prompted for the router's password.

Web Access

This feature allows you to manage the router using either HTTP protocol or the HTTPS protocol. If you choose to disable this feature, a manual reboot will be required. You can also activate or not the router information web page. It's now possible to password protect this page (same username and password than above).

| Web Access | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|
| Protocol | |
| Auto-Refresh (in seconds) | 3 |
| Enable Info Site | Enable Disable |
| Info Site Password Protection | Enabled |
| | |

Protocol: This feature allows you to manage the router using either HTTP protocol or the HTTPS protocol

Auto-Refresh: Adjusts the Web GUI automatic refresh interval. 0 disables this feature completely **Enable Info Site:** Enable or disable the login system information page

Info Site Password Protection: Enable or disable the password protection feature of the system information page

| Four-Faith | | F7X46 Series Router User |
|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Web GUI Management | Enable Disable | |
| Use HTTPS | | |
| Web GUI Port | 8088 | (Default: 8088, Range: 1 - 65535) |
| SSH Management | Enable O Disable | |
| SSH Remote Port | 22 | (Default: 22, Range: 1 - 65535) |
| Telnet Management | O Enable 💿 Disable | |

Remote Access : This feature allows you to manage the router from a remote location, via the Internet. To disable this feature, keep the default setting, Disable. To enable this feature, select Enable, and use the specified port (default is 8080) on your PC to remotely manage the router. You must also change the router's default password to one of your own, if you haven't already.

To remotely manage the router, enter http://xxx.xxx.xxx.8080 (the x's represent the router's Internet IP address, and 8080 represents the specified port) in your web browser's address field. You will be asked for the router's password.

If you use https you need to specify the url as https://xxx.xxx.xxx.8080 (not all firmwares does support this without rebuilding with SSL support).

SSH Management: You can also enable SSH to remotely access the router by Secure Shell. Note that SSH daemon needs to be enable in Services page.

Note:

Language Coloction

If the Remote Router Access feature is enabled, anyone who knows the router's Internet IP address and password will be able to alter the router's settings.

Telnet Management: Enable or disable remote Telnet function

| Cron | Enable O Disable |
|----------------------|------------------|
| Additional Cron Jobs | |
| | 1.4 |

Cron : The cron subsystem schedules execution of Linux commands. You'll need to use the command line or startup scripts to actually use this.

Language: Set up the router page shows the type of language, including simplified Chinese and English.



| Device Management | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|
| Device Management | 💿 Enable 🔘 Disable | |
| Device Management Server IP | 166.111.8.238 | |
| Device Management Server Listen Port | 40001 | (Default: 40001, Range: 1 - 65535) |
| Heart Interval | 60 | (Default: 60Sec.Range: 1 - 999) |
| Device Number | 8888888 | |
| Device Phone Number | 13888888888 | |
| Device Type Description | Router | |

Remote Upgrade: custom-developed remote management server for this station Router monitoring and management, configuration parameters, WIFI advertising updates.

3.3.10.2 Keep Alive

Schedule Boot&Shutdown

| Schedule Boot&Shutdown | 💿 Enable 🗢 Disable |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Match | 💿 Day 🔿 Weekday 🔿 Days 🔿 Weekdays |
| Shutdown Time | |
| hutdown Date | 🔹 💽 - 01 💌 Sunday 🔍 Sunday 🔍 |
| Boot Time | |
| Boot Date | 🐮 💽 01 💟 Sunday 💽 Sunday 💟 |

The user can set the startup or shutdown time:

State State State State State

For example, the user want to set the start time at 8:07 and boot time at 9:07.

| Schedule Boot&Shutdown | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Schedule Boot&Shutdown | 💿 Enable 🔿 Disable |
| Match | 💿 Day 🔿 Weekday 🔿 Days 🔿 Weekdays |
| Shutdown Time | 08 💌: 07 💌 |
| Shutdown Date | 💌 💽 01 💙 Sunday 🔍 Sunday 💙 |
| Boot Time | 09 💽: 07 🔽 |
| Boot Date | 🏋 💽 - 01 💙 Sunday 💙 - Sunday 💙 |
| | |

Schedule Reboot



| Schedule Reboot | |
|-----------------------|------------------------|
| Schedule Reboot | Enable O Disable |
| Interval (in seconds) | 3600 |
| At a set Time | ○ 00 · : 00 · Sunday · |

You can schedule regular reboots for the Router :

Regularly after xxx seconds.

At a specific date time each week or everyday.

Note:

For date based reboots Cron must be activated. See Management for Cron activation.

3.3.10.3 Commands

Commands: You are able to run command lines directly via the Webinterface.

| Command Shell | |
|---------------|--|
| | |
| Run Commands | Save Startup Save Shutdown Save Firewall |
| | Save Custom Script |

Run Command : You can run command lines via the web interface. Fill the text area with your command and click Run Commands to submit.

Startup: You can save some command lines to be executed at startup's router. Fill the text area with commands (only one command by row) and click Save Startup.

Shutdown: You can save some command lines to be executed at shutdown's router. Fill the text area with commands (only one command by row) and click Save Shutdown.

Firewall: Each time the firewall is started, it can run some custom iptables instructions. Fill the text area with firewall's instructions (only one command by row) and click Save Firewall.

Custom Script : Custom script is stored in /tmp/custom.sh file. You can run it manually or use cron to call it. Fill the text area with script's instructions (only one command by row) and click Save Custom Script.

3.3.10.4 Factory Defaults



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| Factory Defaults | | |
|--------------------------|------------|--|
| Reset router settings | | |
| Restore Factory Defaults | ○ Yes ④ No | |

Reset router settings: Click the Yes button to reset all configuration settings to their default values. Then click the Apply Settings button.

Note:

Any settings you have saved will be lost when the default settings are restored. After restoring the router is accessible under the default IP address 192.168.1.1 and the default password admin.

3.3.10.5 Firmware Upgrade

| Firmware Upgrade | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------|---|
| After flashing, reset to | Don't reset 💉 | (|
| Please select a file to upgrade | | |

Firmware Upgrade: New firmware versions are posted at www.four-faith.com and can be downloaded. If the Router is not experiencing difficulties, then there is no need to download a more recent firmware version, unless that version has a new feature that you want to use.

Note:

When you upgrade the Router's firmware, you lose its configuration settings, so make sure you write down the Router settings before you upgrade its firmware.

To upgrade the Router's firmware:

- 1. Download the firmware upgrade file from the website.
- 2. Click the Browse... button and chose the firmware upgrade file.
- 3. Click the Upgrade button and wait until the upgrade is finished.

Note:

Upgrading firmware may take a few minutes.

Do not turn off the power or press the reset button!

After flashing, reset to: If you want to reset the router to the default settings for the firmware version you are upgrading to, click the Firmware Defaults option.

3.3.10.6 Backup



| Backup Configuration Backup Settings | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | |
| Restore Configuration | | | | |
| Rescore configuration | | | | |
| Restore Settings | | | | |
| Please select a file to restore | 浏览… | | | |
| | W A R N I N G o using this firmware and from the same model of router. ny files that were not created by this interface! | | | |
| | Backup Restore | | | |

Backup Settings: You may backup your current configuration in case you need to reset the router back to its factory default settings.Click the Backup button to backup your current configuration. **Restore Settings:** Click the Browse... button to browse for a configuration file that is currently saved on your PC.Click the Restore button to overwrite all current configurations with the ones in the configuration file.

Note:

Only restore configurations with files backed up using the same firmware and the same model of router.

3. 3. 11 Status

3.3.11.1 Router



| _System | | |
|-------------|---------|---|
| Router Nam | ne | Four-Faith |
| Router Mod | lel | Four-Faith Router |
| Firmware Ve | ersion | F393x v2.0 (Jul 17 2012 19:40:10) std - build 235 |
| MAC Addres | 55 | 00:0C:43:30:52:78 |
| Host Name | | |
| WAN Doma | in Name | |
| LAN Domain | n Name | |
| Current Tim | ne | Wed, 18 Jul 2012 11:42:04 |
| Uptime | | 28 min |
| | | |

Router Name: name of the router, setting \rightarrow basic setting to modify

Router Model: model of the router, unavailable to modify

Firmware Version: software version information

MAC Address: MAC address of WAN, setting→Clone MAC Address to modify

Host Name: host name of the router, setting→basic setting to modify

WAN Domain Name: domain name of WAN, setting→basic setting to modify

LAN Domain Name: domain name of LAN, unavailable to modify

Current Time: local time of the system

Uptime: operating uptime as long as the system is powered on

| Memory | | |
|-----------------|---------------------|-----|
| Total Available | 28880 kB / 32768 kB | 88% |
| Free | 12436 kB / 28880 kB | 43% |
| Used | 16444 kB / 28880 kB | 57% |
| Buffers | 1660 kB / 16444 kB | 10% |
| Cached | 5708 kB / 16444 kB | 35% |
| Active | 963 kB / 16444 kB | 6% |
| Inactive | 1118 kB / 16444 kB | 7% |

Total Available: the room for total available of RAM (that is physical memory minus some reserve and the kernel of binary code bytes)

Free: free memory, the router will reboot if the memory is less than 500kB

Used: used memory, total available memory minus free memory

Buffers: used memory for buffers,

Cached: the memory used by high-speed cache memory

Active: active use of buffer or cache memory page file size

Inactive: not often used in a buffer or cache memory page file size

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| Network | | |
|-------------------------|-----------|----|
| IP Filter Maximum Ports | 4096 | |
| Active IP Connections | <u>43</u> | 1% |

IP Filter Maximum Ports: preset is 4096, available to re-management

53

Active IP Connections: real time monitor active IP connections of the system, click to see the table as blow:

Active IP Connections

| Io. Protocol | Timeout (s) | Source Address | Remote Address | Service Name State |
|--------------|-------------|----------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| 1 TCP | 60 | 192.168.1.120 | 192.168.1.1 | 80 TIME_WAIT |
| 2 TCP | 30 | 192.168.1.120 | 192.168.1.1 | 80 TIME_WAIT |
| 3 TCP | 65 | 192.168.1.120 | 192,168.1.1 | 80 TIME_WAIT |
| 4 TCP | 96 | 192.168.1.120 | 192.168.1.1 | 80 TIME_WAIT |
| 5 TCP | 99 | 192.168.1.120 | 192.168.1.1 | 80 TIME_WAIT |
| 6 TCP | 70 | 192.168.1.120 | 192.168.1.1 | 80 TIME_WAIT |
| 7 TCP | 74 | 192.168.1.120 | 192.168.1.1 | 80 TIME_WAIT |
| 8 TCP | 115 | 192.168.1.120 | 192.168.1.1 | 80 TIME_WAIT |
| 9 TCP | 84 | 192.168.1.120 | 192.168.1.1 | 80 TIME_WAIT |
| 10 TCP | 3599 | 192.168.1.120 | 192.168.1.1 | 80 ESTABLISHED |
| 11 TCP | 3599 | 192.168.1.120 | 192.168.1.1 | 80 ESTABLISHED |
| 12 TCP | 108 | 192.168.1.120 | 192.168.1.1 | 80 TIME_WAIT |
| 13 TCP | 3600 | 192.168.1.120 | 192,168,1,1 | 80 ESTABLISHED |
| 14 TCP | 93 | 192.168.1.120 | 192.168.1.1 | 80 TIME_WAIT |
| 15 TCP | 102 | 192.168.1.120 | 192.168.1.1 | 80 TIME_WAIT |
| 16 TCP | 74 | 192.168.1.120 | 192.168.1.1 | 80 TIME_WAIT |
| 17 TCP | 3599 | 192.168.1.120 | 192.168.1.1 | 80 ESTABLISHED |
| 18 TCP | 15 | 192.168.1.120 | 192.168.1.1 | 80 TIME_WAIT |
| 19 TCP | 25 | 192.168.1.120 | 192.168.1.1 | 80 TIME_WAIT |
| 20 TCP | 90 | 192.168.1.120 | 192.168.1.1 | 80 TIME_WAIT |
| 21 UDP | 26 | 192.168.8.119 | 255.255.255.255 | 1947 UNREPLIED |
| 22 TCP | 77 | 192.168.1.120 | 192.168.1.1 | 80 TIME_WAIT |
| 23 TCP | 35 | 192.168.1.120 | 192.168.1.1 | 80 TIME_WAIT |
| 24 TCP | 74 | 192.168.1.120 | 192.168.1.1 | 80 TIME_WAIT |
| 25 TCP | 40 | 192.168.1.120 | 192.168.1.1 | 80 TIME_WAIT |
| 26 TCP | 3599 | 192.168.1.120 | 192.168.1.1 | 80 ESTABLISHED |
| 27 TCP | 74 | 192.168.1.120 | 192.168.1.1 | 80 TIME_WAIT |
| 28 TCP | 74 | 192.168.1.120 | 192,168,1,1 | 80 TIME_WAIT |
| 29 TCP | 4 | 192.168.1.120 | 192.168.1.1 | 80 TIME_WAIT |
| 30 UDP | 31 | 192.168.8.160 | 224.0.0.1 | 9166 UNREPLIED |
| D1 TCD | 74 | 102 160 1 120 | 102 160 1 1 | OO TIME INAT |

Active IP Connections: total active IP connections

Protocol: connection protocol

Timeouts: connection timeouts, unit is second

Source Address: source IP address

Remote Address: remote IP address

Service Name: connecting service port

Status: displayed status

3.3.11.2 WAN

Connection Type

Automatic Configuration - DHCP

Connection Uptime Not available

Connection Type: disabled, static IP, automatic configuration-DHCP, 3G Link 1, 3G Link 2 **Connection Uptime:** connecting uptime; If disconnect, display Not available

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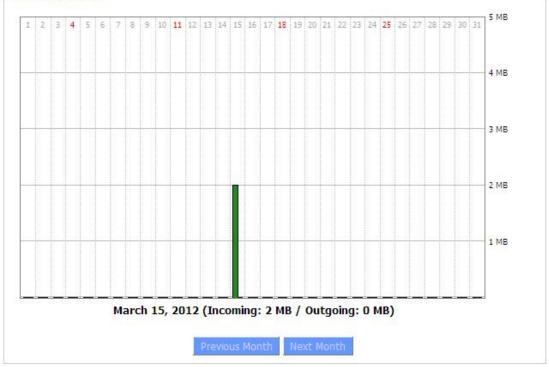


| IP Address | 0.0.0 |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Subnet Mask | 0.0.0.0 |
| Gateway | 0.0.0.0 |
| DNS 1 | |
| DNS 2 | |
| DNS 3 | |
| IP Address: IP address of route | er WAN |
| Subnet Mask: subnet mask of | router WAN |
| Gateway: the gateway of route | r WAN |
| DNS1, DNS2, DNS3: DNS1/D | NS2/DNS3 of router WAN |
| Remaining Lease Time | 0 days 23:38:43 |
| | DHCP Release DHCP Renew |
| Remaining Lease Time: remain | ining lease time of IP address in DHCP way |
| DHCP Release: release DHCP | address |
| DHCP Renew: renew IP addre | ss in DHCP way, default is 1 day |
| Login Status | Disconnected Connect |
| Login Status: connection statu | s of WAN |
| Disconnection: disconnect | |
| Connection: connect | |
| Module Type | ANYDATA-EVDO MODULE |
| | att |
| Signal Status | -51 dBm |
| Network | CDMA/HDR |
| Module Type: module type in 1 | 3G/UMTS way |
| Signal Status: signal intensity | of the module in 3G/UMTS way |
| Network: network type of the | nodule in 3G/UMTS way |
| | |



| Total Traffic | | | |
|-------------------|---|--|--|
| Incoming (MBytes) | 0 | | |
| Outgoing (MBytes) | 0 | | |

Traffic by Month



Total Flow: flow from power-off last time until now statistics, download and upload direction **Monthly Flow:** the flow of a month, unit is MB **Last Month:** the flow of last month

Next Month: the flow of next month

 Data Administration

 Backup
 Restore

 Delete

Backup: backup data administration Restore: restore data administration Delete: delete data administration

3.3.11.3 BKUP WAN

Connection Type Automatic Configuration - DHCP Connection Uptime Not available

Connection Type: disabled, static IP, automatic configuration-DHCP, 3G Link 1, 3G Link 2 **Connection Uptime:** connecting uptime; If disconnect, display Not available

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| IP Address | 0.0.0 |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Subnet Mask | 0.0.0.0 |
| Gateway | 0.0.0.0 |
| DNS 1 | |
| DNS 2 | |
| DNS 3 | |
| IP Address: IP address of route | er WAN |
| Subnet Mask: subnet mask of | router WAN |
| Gateway: the gateway of route | r WAN |
| DNS1, DNS2, DNS3: DNS1/D | NS2/DNS3 of router WAN |
| Remaining Lease Time | 0 days 23:38:43 |
| | DHCP Release DHCP Renew |
| Remaining Lease Time: remai | ning lease time of IP address in DHCP way |
| DHCP Release: release DHCP | address |
| DHCP Renew: renew IP addre | ss in DHCP way, default is 1 day |
| Login Status | Disconnected Connect |
| Login Status: connection statu | s of WAN |
| Disconnection: disconnect | |
| Connection: connect | |
| Module Type | ANYDATA-EVDO MODULE |
| | att |
| Signal Status | -51 dBm |
| Network | CDMA/HDR |
| Module Type: module type in 2 | 3G/UMTS way |
| Signal Status: signal intensity | of the module in 3G/UMTS way |
| Network: network type of the n | nodule in 3G/UMTS way |
| | |



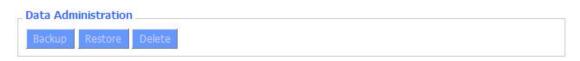
| F | Total Traffic | | | |
|---|-------------------|---|--|--|
| | Incoming (MBytes) | 0 | | |
| | Outgoing (MBytes) | 0 | | |

Traffic by Month



Total Flow: flow from power-off last time until now statistics, download and upload direction **Monthly Flow:** the flow of a month, unit is MB **Last Month:** the flow of last month

Next Month: the flow of next month



Backup: backup data administration Restore: restore data administration Delete: delete data administration

3.3.11.4 LAN



| <u>00:0C:43:30:52:77</u> |
|--------------------------|
| 192.168.1.1 |
| 255.255.255.0 |
| 0.0.0 |
| 0.0.0 |
| |

MAC Address: MAC Address of the LAN port ethernet IP Address: IP Address of the LAN port Subnet Mask: Subnet Mask of the LAN port Gateway: Gateway of the LAN port Local DNS: DNS of the LAN port

Active Clients

| Host Name | IP Address | MAC Address | Conn. Count | Ratio [4096] |
|-----------|---------------|-------------------|-------------|--------------|
| | 192.168.1.120 | 10:78:D2:98:C9:46 | 57 | 1% |

Host Name: host name of LAN client

IP Address: IP address of the client

MAC Address: MAC address of the client

Conn. Count: connection count caused by the client

Ratio: the ratio of 4096 connection

Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol

| DHCP Status | | |
|-------------------|---------------|--|
| DHCP Server | Enabled | |
| DHCP Daemon | uDHCPd | |
| Start IP Address | 192.168.1.100 | |
| End IP Address | 192.168.1.149 | |
| Client Lease Time | 1440 minutes | |
| | | |

DNCP Server: enable or disable the router work as a DHCP server

DHCP Daemon: the agreement allocated using DHCP including DNSMasq and uDHCPd Starting IP Address: the starting IP Address of the DHCP server's Address pool Ending IP Address: the ending IP Address of the DHCP server's Address pool Client Lease Time: the lease time of DHCP client

| Host Name | IP Address | MAC Address | Client Lease Time | Delete |
|-----------------|---------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------|
| PC-201011161332 | 192.168.1.142 | 00:21:5C:33:4D:29 | 1 day 00:00:00 | Ô |
| jack-lincw | 192.168.1.117 | 44:37:E6:3F:45:54 | 1 day 00:00:00 | Ô |
| * | 192,168,1,149 | 00:0C:E7:00:00:00 | 1 day 00:00:00 | 俞 |

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Host Name: host name of LAN client IP Address: IP address of the client MAC Address: MAC address of the client Expires: the expiry the client rents the IP address

Connected PPPOE Clients

| Interface | User Name | Local IP | Delete |
|-----------|-----------|---------------|--------|
| ppp0 | hometest | 192.168.10.10 | Ô |

Interface: the interface assigned by dial-up system **User Name:** user name of PPPoE client **Local IP:** IP address assigned by PPPoE client **Delete:** click to delete PPPoE client

| Connected L2 | TP Server | | |
|--------------|-------------|-------------|--------|
| Interface | Local IP | Remote IP | Delete |
| ppp0 | 172.168.8.2 | 172.168.8.1 | Ô |

Interface: the interface assigned by dial-up system **Local IP:** tunnel IP address of local L2TP **Remote IP:** tunnel IP address of L2TP server **Delete:** click to disconnect L2TP

Connected L2TP Clients

| Interface | User Name | Local IP | Remote IP | Delete |
|-----------|-----------|--------------|--------------|--------|
| opp1 | hometest | 192.168.50.2 | 120.42.46.98 | Û |

Interface: the interface assigned by dial-up system User Name: user name of the client Local IP: tunnel IP address of L2TP client Remote IP: IP address of L2TP client Delete: click to delete L2TP client

Connected PPTP Server

| Interface | Local IP | Remote IP | Delete |
|-----------|-------------|-------------|--------|
| opp0 | 172,168,8,2 | 172.168.8.1 | Ô |

Interface: the interface assigned by dial-up system Local IP: tunnel IP address of local PPTP Remote IP: tunnel IP address of PPTP server Delete: click to disconnect PPTP



Connected PPTP Clients

| Interface | User Name | Local IP | Remote IP | Delete |
|-----------|-----------|-------------|--------------|--------|
| opp1 | hometest | 192.168.5.1 | 120.42.46.98 | Ô |

Interface: the interface assigned by dial-up system User Name: user name of the client Local IP: tunnel IP address of PPTP client Remote IP: IP address of PPTP client Delete: click to delete PPTP client

3.3.11.5 Wireless

| Wireless Status | |
|----------------------------|-------------------|
| MAC Address | 00:0C:43:30:52:79 |
| Radio | Radio is On |
| Mode | AP |
| Network | Mixed |
| SSID | four-faith |
| Channel | 6 (2437 MHz) |
| TX Power | 71 mW |
| Rate | 72 Mb/s |
| Encryption - Interface wl0 | Disabled |
| PPTP Status | Disconnected |

MAC Address: MAC address of wireless client

Radio: display whether radio is on or not

Mode: wireless mode

A THE REPORT OF A REAL PROPERTY.

Network: wireless network mode

SSID: wireless network name

Channel: wireless network channel

TX Power: reflection power of wireless network

Rate: reflection rate of wireless network

Encryption-Interface wl0: enable or diasbal Encryption-Interface wl0

PPTP Status: show wireless pptp status

| Wireless Packet Info | | |
|----------------------|--------------------|------|
| Received (RX) | 91125 OK, no error | 100% |
| Transmitted (TX) | 11957 OK, no error | 100% |

Received (RX): received data packet

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Transmitted (TX): transmitted data packet

| reless Nod | 63 | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|--------|------|------|--------|-------|-----|----------------|
| ents | | | | | | | | |
| | | | TX | RX | | | | |
| 4AC Address | Interface | Uptime | Rate | Rate | Signal | Noise | SNR | Signal Quality |

MAC Address: MAC address of wireless client

Interface: interface of wireless client

Uptime: connecting uptime of wireless client

TX Rate: transmit rate of wireless client

RX Rate: receive rate of wireless client

Signal: the signal of wireless client

Noise: the noise of wireless client

SNR: the signal to noise ratio of wireless client

Signal Quality: signal quality of wireless client

| SSID | Mode | MAC Address | Channel | Rssi | Noise | beacon | Open | dtim | Rate | Join Site |
|------------|---------|-------------------|---------|------|-------|--------|------|------|------------|--------------|
| tzt-3g | Unknown | 00:aa:bb:cc:dd:14 | 2 | -5 | -95 | 0 | No | 0 | 54(b/g) | Join |
| four-faith | Unknown | 00:0c:43:30:52:79 | 6 | -24 | -95 | 0 | No | 0 | 300(b/g/n) | Join |
| ff-old | AP | 00:13:10:09:56:92 | 6 | -55 | -95 | 0 | No | 0 | 54(b/g) | Join |

Neighbor's Wireless Network: display other networks nearby

SSID: the name of wireless network nearby

Mode: operating mode of wireless network nearby

MAC Address: MAC address of the wireless nearby

Channel: the channel of the wireless nearby

Rssi: signal intensity of the wireless nearby

Noise: the noise of the wireless nearby

Beacon: signal beacon of the wireless nearby

Open: the wireless nearby is open or not

Dtim: delivery traffic indication message of the wireless nearby

Rate: speed rate of the wireless nearby

Join Site: click to join wireless network nearby

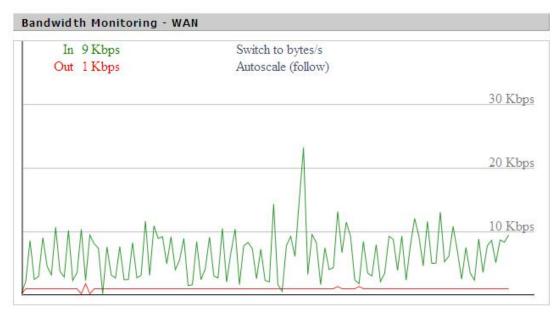
3.3.11.6 Bandwidth



Bandwidth Monitoring - LAN



Bandwidth Monitoring-LAN Graph abscissa axis: time vertical axis: speed rate



Bandwidth Monitoring-WAN Graph abscissa axis: time vertical axis: speed rate

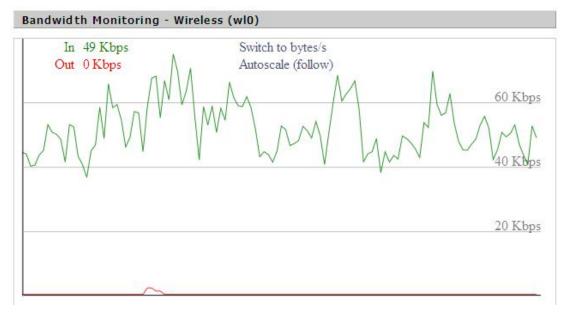
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| Bandwidth Monitoring | BKUP WAN | |
|----------------------|--------------------|--|
| In | Switch to bytes/s | |
| Out | Autoscale (follow) | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| L | | |

Bandwidth Monitoring-BKUP WAN Graph abscissa axis: time vertical axis: speed rate



Bandwidth Monitoring-Wireless (W10) Graph abscissa axis: time vertical axis: speed rate

3.3.11.7 Sys-Info



Router

| Router | | |
|--------------|----------------------------|--|
| Router Name | Four-Faith | |
| Router Model | Four-Faith Router | |
| LAN MAC | 00:0C:43:30:52:77 | |
| WAN MAC | 00:0C:43:30:52:78 | |
| Wireless MAC | 00:0C:43:30:52:79 | |
| WAN IP | 27.149.86.163 | |
| BKUP WAN IP | 0.0.00 | |
| LAN IP | 1 <mark>92</mark> .168.1.1 | |
| | | |

Router Name: the name of the router Router Model: the model of the router LAN MAC: MAC address of LAN port WAN MAC: MAC address of WAN port Wireless MAC: MAC address of the wireless WAN IP: IP address of Main WAN port BKUP WAN IP: IP address of bkup WAN port LAN IP: IP address of LAN port

| Wireless | | |
|----------|--------------|--|
| Radio | Radio is On | |
| Mode | AP | |
| Network | Mixed | |
| SSID | four-faith | |
| Channel | 6 (2437 MHz) | |
| TX Power | 71 mW | |
| Rate | 72 Mb/s | |
| | | |

Radio: display whether radio is on or notMode: wireless modeNetwork: wireless network modeSSID: wireless network nameChannel: wireless network channelTX Power: reflection power of wireless network

Rate: reflection rate of wireless network



Wireless Packet Info

| Received (RX) | 6982 OK, no error | | |
|------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| Transmitted (TX) | 1498 OK, no error | | |

Received (RX): received data packet **Transmitted (TX):** transmitted data packet

| Interface | Uptime | TX Rate | RX Rate | Signal | Noise | SNR | Signal Quality |
|-----------|-----------|------------------|--------------------------|--|---|-----|----------------|
| | Interface | Interface Uptime | Interface Uptime TX Rate | Ended and the second se | Interface Uptime TX Rate RX Rate Signal | | |

MAC Address: MAC address of wireless client
Interface: interface of wireless client
Uptime: connecting uptime of wireless client
TX Rate: transmit rate of wireless client
RX Rate: receive rate of wireless client
Signal: the signal of wireless client
Noise: the noise of wireless client
SNR: the signal to noise ratio of wireless client
Signal Quality: signal quality of wireless client

| Services | | |
|-------------|----------|--|
| DHCP Server | Enabled | |
| ff-radauth | Disabled | |
| USB Support | Disabled | |
| | | |

DHCP Server: enabled or disabledff-radauth: enabled or disabledUSB Support: enabled or disabled

| Memory | |
|-----------------|-------------------|
| Total Available | 28.2 MB / 32.0 MB |
| Free | 11.2 MB / 28.2 MB |
| Used | 17.0 MB / 28.2 MB |
| Buffers | 1.8 MB / 17.0 MB |
| Cached | 6.3 MB / 17.0 MB |
| Active | 1.5 MB / 17.0 MB |
| Inactive | 0.8 MB / 17.0 MB |
| | |

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Total Available: the room for total available of RAM (that is physical memory minus some reserve and the kernel of binary code bytes)

Free: free memory, the router will reboot if the memory is less than 500kB

Used: used memory, total available memory minus free memory

Buffers: used memory for buffers, total available memory minus allocated memory

Cached: the memory used by high-speed cache memory

Active: Active use of buffer or cache memory page file size

Inactive: Not often used in a buffer or cache memory page file size

| DHCP | | | | |
|-----------------|---------------|-------------------|----------------|--|
| DHCP Clients | | | | |
| Host Name | IP Address | MAC Address | Expires | |
| * | 192.168.1.143 | xx:xx:xx:DD:45 | 1 day 00:00:00 | |
| four-488e1df5fa | 192.168.1.125 | xx:xx:xx:D8:F7 | 1 day 00:00:00 | |
| Mycenae-PC | 192.168.1.116 | xxxxxxxxxxx:5E:30 | 1 day 00:00:00 | |

Host Name: host name of LAN clientIP Address: IP address of the clientMAC Address: MAC address of he clientExpires: the expiry the client rents the IP address



Chapter 4 Appendix

The following steps describe how to setup Windows XP Hyper Terminal.

1. Press "Start"→ "Programs" → "Accessories" → "Communications" → "Hyper Terminal"

| Connection Description | ? 🛛 |
|--|-----------------|
| New Connection | |
| | |
| Enter a name and choose an icon for Name: | the connection: |
| ff | |
| Icon: | |
| S 😵 😵 | 🥸 🔯 🄏 |
| | 2 |
| _ | OK Cancel |
| | |

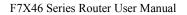
- 2. Input connection name, choose "OK"
- 3. Choose the correct COM port which connects to modem, choose "OK"

| Connect To | ? 🛛 |
|-------------------|---|
| 🧞 ff | |
| Enter details for | the phone number that you want to dial: |
| Country/region: | United States (1) |
| Area code: | 123 |
| Phone number: | |
| Connect using: | СОМ1 |
| | OK Cancel |

4. Configure the serial port parameters as following, choose "OK"

Bits per second: 115200

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Data bits: 8 Parity: None Stop bits: 1 Flow control: None

| OM1 Properties | | ? |
|------------------|--------|------------------|
| Port Settings | | |
| Bits per second: | 115200 | ~ |
| Data bits: | 8 | ~ |
| Parity: | None | ~ |
| Stop bits: | 1 | ~ |
| Flow control: | None | v |
| | [| Restore Defaults |
| 0 | Canc | el Apply |

5. Complete Hyper Terminal operation, It runs as following

| 🏶 ff - HyperTerminal | |
|---|------------------------------------|
| File Edit View Call Transfer Help | |
| D 🗃 🍘 🔏 💷 🎦 😭 | |
| | |
| Connected 0:00:06 Auto detect Auto detect | SCROLL CAPS NUM Capture Print echo |

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