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F3936 Router User Manual

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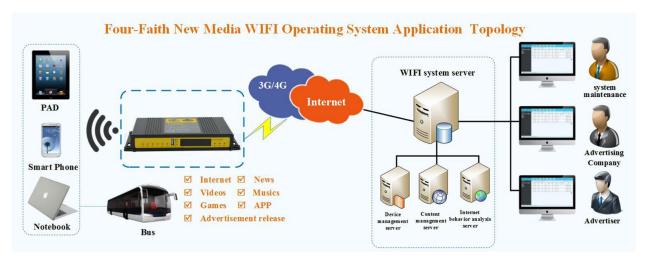
Chapter 1 Brief Introduction of Product

1.1 General

F3936 is a vehicle WIFI new media operating terminal and it integrates the advanced 3G/4G/WIFI communication GPS/beidou(optional) positioning technology, local large-capacity storage and multimedia advertising push technology. The passengers can use smart phones, PAD and notebook to enjoy freely the local videos, news, music, games, and quickly connecting the Internet, etc. And media operators may carry out more value added services.

F3936 has been already widely used in public transportation, tourism, finance and medical industries, such as urban public transport, customized bus, bus stations, tour bus, long-distance passenger bus, tourist attractions, bank, hospital and so on.

Application Topology



1.2 Features and Benefits

Design for Vehicle Application

- High-powered 32bits CPU
- Vehicle power supply design, support under-voltage, over-voltage, over-current, reverse connection, short circuit, surge protection
- Wide Power range: DC 9~36V
- Wide Operating Temperature(-35~+75°C)
- Aviation plug for power input
- Metal shell, high heat radiating and anti collision performance



- Shockproof design, suitable for vehicle vibrating environment
- Security structure design for TF/SIM card

Stability and Reliability

- Support hardware and software WDT to ensure the stability of the system
- Support auto recovery mechanism, including online detect, auto redial when offline to make router always online
- Data storage with SSD, ensure the data security and stability on high speed read and write
- Ethernet port: 1.5KV magnetic isolation protection
- RS232/RS485/RS422 port: 15KV ESD protection
- SIM/UIM port: 15KV ESD protection
- Antenna port: lightning protection(optional)

Standard and Convenience

- Support all kinds of the Intelligent WIFI terminals
- Smart data terminal, enter into communication state automatically when powered
- Provides standard wired network and wireless 3G/4G network
- Small size device, rapid establishment of wireless network to use
- Provide powerful business platform for equipment management, content management and release, report management, user behavior statistics analysis, authority management, alarm management, billing system (optional) and other functions

High-performance

- Support website redirection, local captive portal, remote captive portal(optional)
- Support various authentication ways, including mobile phone number authentication, Wechat authentication, Weibo authentication, QQ authentication and without authentication.
- Support WIFI channel hopping for anti-interference
- Support English SSID
- Support SSD(Solid State Disk) and TF card for local storage(TF card is optional)
- WIFI TX power is configurable for optimized wireless coverage
- Support WEB server. Supports PHP, XML, and database storage(optional)

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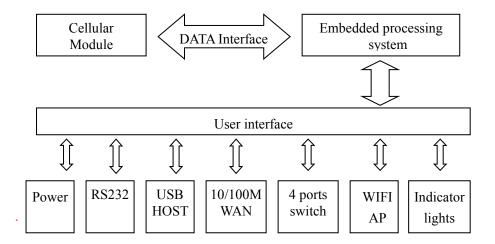


- Support WIFI inspector
- Support black/white list of URL, accout, IP address, MAC address
- Support traffic statistics. Support monitoring of device traffic, user traffic and online duration monitoring.
- Support user's surfing behavior record, local PV/UV statistics and transmit these data to server at real time for data statistics analysis.
- Support real time log auditing based on user's URL access
- Local information contains advertisement, news, APP, video, music, etc. Support various video formats and streaming media delivery
- Local information update support whole update and incremental update, support grouping update, support break-point resume and outage resume, support A/B backup, support update via 3G/4G, FTP, station WIFI(optional) and U disk upgrades(optional)
- Support remote firmware upgrade, including upgrade on single device, devices in patch and automatic upgrade(optional), support break-point resume, outage resume(optional), U disk upgrades (optional)
- Support remote terminal parameters configuration, can be a single, batch configuration, custom configuration, at the same time support online/offline equipment configuration and U disk field configuration (optional)
- Support monitoring device status at real time, including CPU, memory, signal strength, network status, storage and alarm
- Supports completed functionality of router
- Support SPI firewall, access restriction, URL filter, QoS, NAT, etc
- Support NTP, schedule reboot and schedule boot/shutdown with in built RTC
- Support various WAN connection types, including static IP, DHCP, PPPoE, 3G / 4G, etc
- Support 3G/4G network and Ethernet WAN for backup(optional)
- Support VPN client and VPN server(PPTP, L2TP, OPENVPN, IPSEC and GRE(only VPN version supports)
- Support the GPS/beidou positioning function (optional)



1.3 Working Principle

The principle chart of the router is as following:



1.4 Product Specifications

Cellular Specification

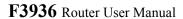
Item	Content	
Cellular Module	High-performance cellular module (optional single module, double module or no	
Centulal Module	module)	
	Can support:	
Standard	TDD-LTE/FDD-LTE/EVDO/WCDMA/TD-SCDMA/CDMA1X/GPRS/EDGE	
	Optional support:single-mode,multi-mode or All network communication	
	FDD LTE(DL:100Mbps,UL:50Mbps)	
	TDD LTE(DL:61Mbps,UL:18Mbps)	
Bandwidth	CDMA2000 1X EVDO Rev A (DL:3.1Mbps,UL:1.8Mbps)	
	WCDMA(DL:42Mbps,UL:5.76Mbps)	
	TD-SCDMA(DL:4.2Mbps,UL:2.2Mbps)	
TX power	<24dBm	
RX sensitivity	<-109dBm	

GPS Specification

SI & Specification		
Item	Content	
GPS Module	Industrial GPS module(optional beidou module)	
	50-channle	
Receiver Type	GPS L1(1575.42MHz)C/A code	
	SBAS: WAAS,EGNOS,MSAS,GAGAN	

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Max. update rate	5 Hz
Accuracy	Position: 2.5m CPE
	SBAS: 2.0m CPE
	Tracking: -160dBm
Sensitivity	Reacquisition: -160dBm
	Cold starts: -146dBm

WIFI Specification

Item	Content	
Standard	IEEE802.11b/g/n, 2.4G, 2*2 MIMO,AP model, Station model(optional)	
Don dry i dth	IEEE802.11b/g: 108Mbps (max)	
Bandwidth	IEEE802.11n: 300Mbps (max)	
G :	WEP, WPA, WPA2, etc.	
Security	WPS (optional)	
TX power	ower 20dBm (11n),21.5dBm (11g),26dBm (11b)	
RX sensitivity	RX sensitivity <-75dBm@54Mpbs	

Hardware System

Item	Content	
CPU	High-performance 32bits CPU	
FLASH	32MB(Extendable to 64MB)	
DDR2	256MB	
SSD	128GB(optional,Extendable to 2TB)	
TF	32GB(optional)	

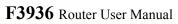
Interface Type

Item	Content		
WAN	1 10/100 Mbps WAN port(RJ45), auto MDI/MDIX, 1.5KV magnetic isolation		
	protection		
LAN	1 10/100 Mbps Ethernet ports(RJ45), auto MDI/MDIX, 1.5KV magnetic isolation		
	protection		
	1 RS232(or RS485/RS422) port, 15KV ESD protection		
	Data bits: 8(optional 5, 6, 7)		
Serial	Stop bits: 1, 1.5(optional), 2		
	Parity: none, even, odd, space(optional), mark(optional)		
	Baud rate: 2400~115200 bps		
Indicator	"PWR"、"SYS"、"SIM"、 "GPS"、"Online"、"SSD"、"TF"、"LAN"、"WAN"、		
indicator	"WIFI", "Signal Strength"(Indicator according to the configuration)		
	Cellular: Standard SMA female interface, 50 ohm, lighting protection(optional one,		
Antenna	two or not)		
	GPS:One standard SMA female interface, 50 ohm, lighting protection(optional)		

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	WIFI: Two standard SMA male interface, 50 ohm, lighting protection	
SIM/UIM	Standard 3V/1.8V user card interface, 15KV ESD protection	
USB	Standard A type USB host interface, support USB 2.0 High-speed	
TF	Standard TF card interface	
Power	Aviation plug or vehicle power jack, reverse-voltage and overvoltage protection	
Reset	Restore the router to its original factory default settings	



Power Supply

Item		Content
Standard Power	DC 12V/1.5A	
Power range	DC 9~36V	
Working current	3G: <750mA (12V)	4G: <850mA (12V)
Standby current	3G: <450mA (12V)	4G: <500mA(12V)

Physical Characteristics

Item	Content
Housing	Metal shell, shock proof design
Dimensions	244x139x36 mm
Weight	940g

Other Specification

Item	Content
Operating	-35~+75°C (-31~+167°F)
Temperature	-35~+/3°C (-31~+10/ Γ)
Storage	40 1959C (40 1195°E)
Temperature	-40~+85°C (-40~+185°F)
Operating	050/ (
Humidity	95% (unfreezing)



Chapter 2 Installation Introduction

2.1 General

The router must be installed correctly to make it work properly. Warning: Forbid to install the router when powered!

2.2 Encasement List

Name	Quantity	Remark
Router host	1	
Cellular antenna (Male SMA)	1(Note 1)	
GPS antenna (Male SMA)	1	optional
WIFI antenna (Female SMA)	2	
Aviation plug power cord	1	
Network cable	1	
Console cable	1	optional
Power adapter	1	optional
Manual CD	1	
Certification card	1	
Maintenance card	1	

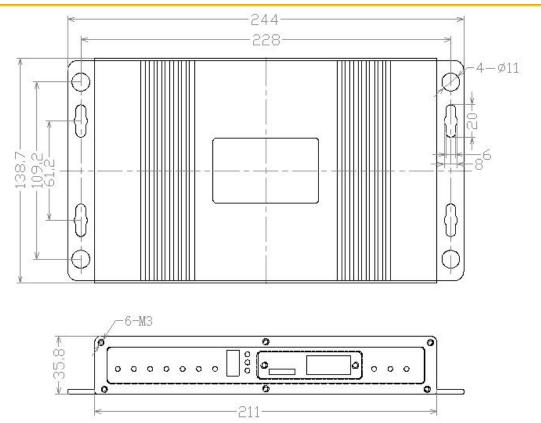
Note1:Cellular antenna (Male SMA) 1 pcs for 3G comfiguration and 2 pcs for 4G comfiguration.

2.3 Installation and Cable Connection

Overall dimensions:

The dimensions below. (unit: mm)





Installation of antenna:

Screw the SMA male pin of the cellular antenna to the female SMA interface of the router with sign "ANT-M", "ANT-A" or "ANT".

Screw the SMA male pin of the GPS antenna to the female SMA interface of the router with sign "GPS".

Screw the SMA female pin of the WIFI antenna to the male SMA interface of the router with sign "WIFI".

Warning: The cellular antenna, The GPS antenna and the WIFI antenna can not be connected wrongly. And the antennas must be screwed tightly, or the signal quality of antenna will be influenced!

Installation of SIM/UIM card:

Firstly power off the router, and press the out button of the SIM/UIM card outlet with a needle object. Then the SIM/UIM card sheath will flick out at once. Put SIM/UIM card into the card sheath (Pay attention to put the side which has metal point outside), and insert card sheath back to the SIM/UIM card outlet.

Warning: Forbid to install SIM/UIM card when powered!

Installation of cable:

Insert one end of the network cable into the switch interface with sign "Local Network", and insert the other end into the Ethernet interface of user's device. The signal connection of network

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direct cable is as follows:

RJ45-1	RJ45-2
1	1
2	2
3	3
4	4
5	5
6	6
7	7
8	8

Insert the RJ45 end of the console cable into the RJ45 outlet with sign "console", and insert the DB9F end of the console cable into the RS232 serial interface of user's device.

The signal connection of the console cable is as follows:

RJ45	DB9F
1	8
2	6
3	2
4	1
5	5
6	3
7	4
8	7

The signal definition of the DB9F serial communication interface is as follows:

Pin	RS232 signal name	The direction for Router
1	DCD	output
2	RXD	output
3	TXD	input
4	DTR	input
5	GND	
6	DSR	output
7	RTS	input
8	CTS	output

2.4 Power

The power range of the router is DC 9~36V.

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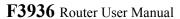
Warning: When we use other power, we should make sure that the power can supply power above 7W.

We recommend user to use the standard DC 12V/1.5A power.

2.5 Indicator Lights Introduction

The router provides following indicator lights: "PWR", "SYS", "SIM", "GPS", "Online", "SSD", "TF", "LAN", "WAN", "WIFI", "Signal Strength".

Indicator Light	State	Introduction
	ON	Router is powered on
PWR	OFF	Router is powered off or in the shutdown period of
		schedule boot&shutdown
CNC	BLINK	System works properly
SYS	OFF	System does not work
CIM	ON	Router identification to SIM card
SIM	OFF	Router has not identification to SIM card
CDC	ON	GPS interface connected/is data communication
GPS	OFF	GPS interface does not connected
	ON	Router has logged on network
Online	BLINK	Router not connected on the network platform
	OFF	Router hasn't logged on network
	ON	Router identification to hard disk
SSD	BLINK	Router reading or writing hard disk data
	OFF	Router has not identified to hard disk
TF	ON	Router identification to TF card
11	OFF	Router has not identification to TF card
	OFF	The corresponding interface of switch is not connected
	BLINK	The corresponding interface of switch is
LAN	DLINK	communication
	ON/	The corresponding interface of switch is connected
	BLINK	/communicating
	OFF	The interface of WAN is not connected
WAN	BLINK	The interface of WAN is communicating
	ON	The interface of WAN is connected /communicating
WIFI	OFF	WIFI is not active
VV 11.1	ON	WIFI is active
Signal Strength	One Light ON	Signal strength is weak





Two	
Lights	Signal strength is medium
ON	
Three	
Lights	Signal strength is good
ON	

2.6 Reset Button Introduction

The router has a "Reset" button to restore it to its original factory default settings. When user press the "Reset" button for up to 15s, the router will restore to its original factory default settings and restart automatically.

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Chapter 3 Configuration and Management

This chapter describes how to configure and manage the router.

3.1 Configuration Connection

Before configuration, you should connect the router and your configuration PC with the supplied network cable. Plug the cable's one end into the Local Network port of the router, and another end into your configure PC's Ethernet port. The connection diagram is as following:



Please modify the IP address of PC as the same network segment address of the router, for instance, 192.168.1.9. Modify the mask code of PC as 255.255.255.0 and set the default gateway of PC as the router's IP address (192.168.1.1).

3.2 Access the Configuration Web Page

The chapter is to present main functions of each page. Users visit page tool via web browser after connect users' PC to the router. There are eleven main pages: Setting, Wireless, Service, VPN, Security, Access Restrictions, NAT, QoS Setting, Applications, Management and Status. Users enable to browse slave pages by click one main page..

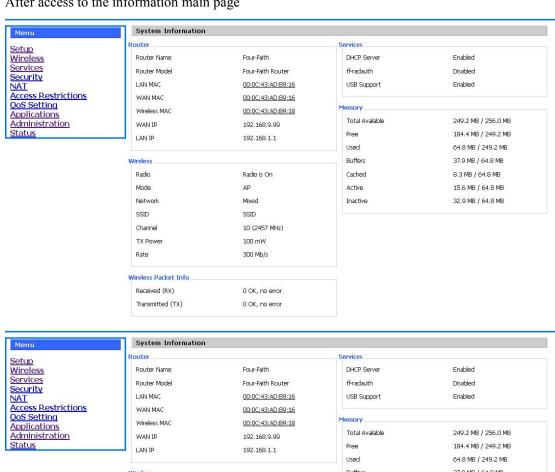
Users can open IE or other explorers and enter the router's default IP address of 192.168.1.1:90 on address bar, then press the botton of Enter to visit page Web management tool of the router. The users login in the web page at the first name, there will display a page shows as blow to tip users to modify the default user name and password of the router. Users have to click "change password" to make it work if they modify user name and password.

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Router Management Your Router is currently not protected and uses an unsafe default username and password combination, please change it using the following dialog! Router Password Router Username admin •••• Router Password Re-enter to confirm Change Password

After access to the information main page



Wireless Buffers 37.9 MB / 64.8 MB Radio Radio is On Cached 8.3 MB / 64.8 MB Mode ΔP Active 15.6 MB / 64.8 MB Network Mixed Inactive 32.9 MB / 64.8 MB SSID SSID 10 (2457 MHz) Channel TX Power 100 mW 300 Mb/s Rate Wireless Packet Info 0 OK, no error Received (RX) Transmitted (TX) 0 OK, no error

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Users need to input user name and password if it is their first time to login.



Input correct user name and password to visit relevant menu page. Default user name is admin, password is admin. (available to modify user name and password on management page, then click submit)

3.3 Management and configuration

3.3.1 Setting

The Setup screen is the first screen users will see when accessing the router. Most users will be able to configure the router and get it work properly using only the settings on this screen. Some Internet Service Providers (ISPs) will require users to enter specific information, such as User Name, Password, IP Address, Default Gateway Address, or DNS IP Address. These information can be obtained from your ISP, if required.

3.3.1.1 Basic Setting

WAN Connection Type

Six Ways: Disabled, Static IP, Automatic DHCP, PPPOE, 3G/UNMTS/4G/LTE(Optional), dhcp-4G(Optional).

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Disabled		
Connection Type	Disabled	
Forbid the setting of WAN port conne	ction type	
Static IP		
Connection Type	Static IP	
WAN IP Address	0.0.0.0	
Subnet Mask	0.0.0.0	
Gateway	0.0.0.0	
Static DNS 1	0.0.0.0	
Static DNS 2	0.0.0.0	
Static DNS 3	0.0.0.0	
Automatic Configuration-DHCP	4 <u></u>	
Connection Type	Automatic Configuration - DHCP	
IP address of WAN port gets automati	c via DHCP	
PPPOE		
Connection Type	PPPoE 💌	
User Name		
Password		Unmask
Service Name		
PPP Compression (MPPC)	O Enable O Disable	
T-Home VDSL VLAN 7/8 Tagging	○ Enable	
MPPE Encryption		
Single Line Multi Link		

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Service Name: provided by ISP server, if not, keep it null

User Name: login the Internet Password: login the Internet



PPP Compression (MPPC): provides a method to negotiation and use of compressed in PPP encapsulation link protocol

T-Home VDSL VLAN 7/8 Tagging: enable to support the front of the modem is vdsl

MPPE Encryption: Microsoft point to point encryption. It is used to encrypt the point-to-point link connection agreement of the encrypted data packet

Single Line Multi Link: enable single line link or disable multi link

3G/UMTS/4G/LTE(可选)

Connection Type	3G/UMTS/4G/LTE ✓	
User Name		
Password		Unmask
Dial String	*99***1# (UMTS/3G/3.5G) V	
APN		
PIN	□ □ Unmask	

User Name: login users' ISP(Internet Service Provider)

Password: login users' ISP

Dial String: dial number of users' ISP **APN:** access point name of users' ISP **PIN:** PIN code of users' SIM card

Connection type

Auto

Connection type: Auto, Force 3G, Force 2G, Prefer 3G, Prefer 2G options. If using 4G module, there has 4G network option. Users select different mode depending on their need

Keep Online



This function is used to detect whether the Internet connection is active, if users set it and when the router detect the connection is inactive, it will redial to users' ISP immediately to make the connection active.

Detection Method:

None: do not set this function

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Ping: Send ping packet to detect the connection, when choose this method, users should also configure "Detection Interval", "Primary Detection Server IP" and "Backup Detection Server IP" items.

Route: Detect connection with route method, when choose this method, users should also configure "Detection Interval", "Primary Detection Server IP" and "Backup Detection Server IP" items.

PPP: Detect connection with PPP method, when choose this method, users should also configure "Detection Interval" item.

Detection Interval: time interval between two detections, unit is second

Primary Detection Server IP: the server used to response the router's detection packet. This item is only valid for method "Ping" and "Route".

Backup Detection Server IP: the server used to response the router's detection packet. This item is valid for method "Ping" and "Route".

Note: When users choose the "Route" or "Ping" method, it's quite important to make sure that the "Primary Detection Server IP" and "Backup Detection Server IP" are usable and stable, because they have to response the detection packet frequently.

Connection Strategy

Connection Strategy	Connect on Demand: Max Idle	Time	5 Min.
	Keep Alive: Redial Period 3	30 Sec.	

Connection Strategy: one way is Connect on Demand, that is the link turnoff automatic under the situation that the ready link is idle and idle time meets users' configuration requirement, but tit will connect again if users visit Internet. The other way is to keep alive, that is the link enable to dial again when reaching the re-dial period users set after disconnection.

Force reconnect	
Time	00 🕶 : 00 💌

Force reconnect: this option schedules the pppoe or 3G reconnection by killing the pppd daemon and restart it.

Time: needed time to reconnect

STP

STP C Enable Disable

STP (Spaning Tree Protocol) can be applied to loop network. Through certain algorithm achieves path redundancy, and loop network cuts to tree-based network without loop in the meantime, thus to avoid the hyperplasia and infinite circulation of a message in the loop network

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Dhcp-4G(可选)

Connection Type	dhcp-4G <u>✓</u>	
User Name	card	
Password	••••	Unmask
Keep Online Detection	Ping 💌	
Detection Interval	120 Sec.	
Primary Detection Server IP	208 . 67 . 222 . 222	
Backup Detection Server IP	208 . 67 . 220 . 220	
Wan Nat		
STP	○ Enable	

Detection Method:

None: do not set this function

Ping: Send ping packet to detect the connection, when choose this method, users should also configure "Detection Interval", "Primary Detection Server IP" and "Backup Detection Server IP" items.

Route: Detect connection with route method, when choose this method, users should also configure "Detection Interval", "Primary Detection Server IP" and "Backup Detection Server IP" items.

Detection Interval: time interval between two detections, unit is second

Primary Detection Server IP: the server used to response the router's detection packet. This item is only valid for method "Ping" and "Route".

Backup Detection Server IP: the server used to response the router's detection packet. This item is valid for method "Ping" and "Route".

Optional Configuration

Router Name	Four-Faith
Host Name	
Domain Name	
MTU	Auto 💌 1500

Router Name: set router name Host Name: ISP provides Domain Name: ISP provides

MTU: auto (1500) and manual (1200-1492 in PPPOE/PPTP/L2TP mode, 576-16320 in other

modes)

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Router Internal Network Settings Router IP

Local IP Address	192 . 168 . 1 . 1
Subnet Mask	255 . 255 . 255 . 0
Gateway	0. 0. 0. 0
Local DNS	0. 0. 0. 0

Local IP Address: IP address of the router **Subnet Mask:** the subnet mask of the router

Gateway: set internal gateway of the router. If default, internal gateway is the address of the

router

Local DNS: DNS server is auto assigned by network operator server. Users enable to use their

own DNS server or other stable DNS servers, if not, keep it default

Network Address Server Settings (DHCP)

These settings for the router's Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) server functionality configuration. The Router can serve as a network DHCP server. DHCP server automatically assigns an IP address for each computer in the network. If they choose to enable the router's DHCP server option, users can set all the computers on the LAN to automatically obtain an IP address and DNS, and make sure no other DHCP server in the network.

DHCP Type	DHCP Server
DHCP Server	● Enable ○ Disable
Start IP Address	192.168.1. 100
Maximum DHCP Users	50
Client Lease Time	1440 minutes
Static DNS 1	0.0.0.0
Static DNS 2	0.0.0.0
Static DNS 3	0.0.0.0
WINS	0.0.0.0
Use DNSMasq for DHCP	✓
Use DNSMasq for DNS	✓
DHCP-Authoritative	

DHCP Type: DHCP Server and DHCP Forwarder

Enter DHCP Server if set DHCP Type to DHCP Forwarder as blow:





DHCP Server: keep the default Enable to enable the router's DHCP server option. If users have already have a DHCP server on their network or users do not want a DHCP server, then select Disable

Start IP Address: enter a numerical value for the DHCP server to start with when issuing IP addresses. Do not start with 192.168.1.1 (the router's own IP address).

Maximum DHCP Users: enter the maximum number of PCs that users want the DHCP server to assign IP addresses to. The absolute maximum is 253 if 192.168.1.2 is users' starting IP address. **Client Lease Time:** the Client Lease Time is the amount of time a network user will be allowed connection to the router with their current dynamic IP address. Enter the amount of time, in minutes, that the user will be "leased" this dynamic IP address.

Static DNS (1-3): the Domain Name System (DNS) is how the Internet translates domain or website names into Internet addresses or URLs. Users' ISP will provide them with at least one DNS Server IP address. If users wish to utilize another, enter that IP address in one of these fields. Users can enter up to three DNS Server IP addresses here. The router will utilize them for quicker access to functioning DNS servers.

WINS: the Windows Internet Naming Service (WINS) manages each PC's interaction with the Internet. If users use a WINS server, enter that server's IP address here. Otherwise, leave it blank. **DNSMasq:** users' domain name in the field of local search, increase the expansion of the host option, to adopt DNSMasq can assign IP addresses and DNS for the subnet, if select DNSMasq, dhcpd service is used for the subnet IP address and DNS.

Time Settings

Select time zone of your location. To use local time, leave the checkmark in the box next to Use local time.



NTP Client: Get the system time from NTP server

Time Zone: Time zone options

Summer Time (DST): set it depends on users' location

Server IP/Name: IP address of NTP server, up to 32 characters. If blank, the system will find a

server by default

Adjust Time

Time 2012 - 3 - 15 9: 16: 20 Get Set

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To adjust time by the system and refresh to get the time of the web, user can set to modify the time of the system. They can change to adjust time by manual to achieve adjust time by the system if the system fails to get NTP server

3.3.1.2 Dynamic DNS

If user's network has a permanently assigned IP address, users can register a domain name and have that name linked with their IP address by public Domain Name Servers (DNS). However, if their Internet account uses a dynamically assigned IP address, users will not know in advance what their IP address will be, and the address can change frequently. In this case, users can use a commercial dynamic DNS service, which allows them to register their domain to their IP address, and will forward traffic directed at their domain to their frequently-changing IP address.

DDNS Service: router currently support DynDNS, freedns, Zoneedit, NO-IP, 3322, easyDNS, TZO, DynSIP and Custom based on the user.

DDNS Service	3322.org
User Name	
Password	□ Unmask
Host Name	
Туре	Dynamic 💌
Wildcard	
Do not use external ip check	● Yes ○ No

User Name: users register in DDNS server, up to 64 characteristic

Password: password for the user name that users register in DDNS server, up to 32 characteristic

Host Name: users register in DDNS server, no limited for input characteristic for now

Type: depends on the server

Wildcard: support wildcard or not, the default is OFF. ON means *.host.3322.org is equal to host.3322.org

Do not use external ip check: enable or disable the function of 'do not use external ip check'

Force Update Interval	10	(Default: 10 Days, Range: 1 - 60)

Force Update Interval: unit is day, try forcing the update dynamic DNS to the server by setted days

Status

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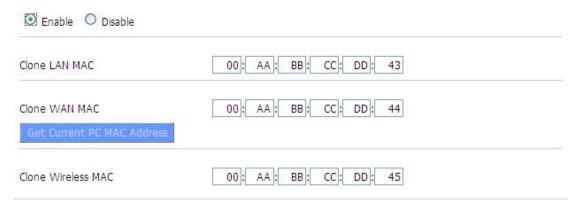


Pri Nov 25 13:58:32 2011: INADYN: Started 'INADYN Advanced version 1.96-ADV' - dynamic DNS updater. Fri Nov 25 13:58:32 2011: INADYN: IP read from cache file is '192.168.8.222'. No update required. Fri Nov 25 13:58:32 2011: I:INADYN: IP address for alias 'testsixin.3322.org' needs update to '192.168.8.38' Fri Nov 25 13:58:33 2011: I:INADYN: Alias 'testsixin.3322.org' to IP '192.168.8.38' updated successfully.

DDNS Status shows connection log information

3.3.1.3 Clone MAC Address

Some ISP need the users to register their MAC address. The users can clone the router MAC address to their MAC address registered in ISP if they do not want to re-register their MAC address



Clone MAC address can clone three parts: Clone LAN MAC, Clone WAN MAC, Clone Wireless

Noted that one MAC address is 48 characteristic, can not be set to the multicast address, the first byte must be even. And MAC address value of network bridge br0 is determined by the smaller value of wireless MAC address and LAN port MAC address.

3.3.1.4 Advanced Router

Operating Mode: Gateway and Router



If the router is hosting users' Internet connection, select Gateway mode. If another router exists on their network, select Router mode.

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Dynamic Routing

	Dynamic	Routing		
Interface Disable 💌			Disable	~

Dynamic Routing enables the router to automatically adjust to physical changes in the network's layout and exchange routing tables with other routers. The router determines the network packets' route based on the fewest number of hops between the source and destination.

To enable the Dynamic Routing feature for the WAN side, select WAN. To enable this feature for the LAN and wireless side, select LAN&WLAN. To enable the feature for both the WAN and LAN, select Both. To disable the Dynamic Routing feature for all data transmissions, keep the default setting, Disable.

Note: Dynamic Routing is not available in Gateway mode

Static Routing

1() Delete
0
0. 0. 0. 0
0. 0. 0. 0
0. 0. 0
LAN & WLAN

Select set number: 1-50

Route Name: defined routing name by users, up to 25 characters

Metric: 0-9999

Destination LAN NET: the Destination IP Address is the address of the network or host to which users want to assign a static route

Subnet Mask: the Subnet Mask determines which portion of an IP address is the network portion, and which portion is the host portion

Gateway: IP address of the gateway device that allows for contact between the router and the network or host.

Interface: indicate users whether the Destination IP Address is on the LAN & WLAN (internal wired and wireless networks), the WAN (Internet), or Loopback (a dummy network in which one PC acts like a network, necessary for certain software programs)

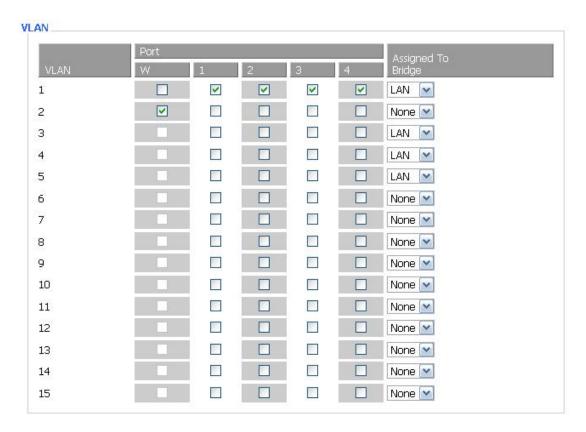
Show Routing Table

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Destination LAN NET	Subnet Mask	Gateway	Interface
192.168.1.1	255.255.255.255	0.0.0.0	WAN
192.168.1.0	255.255.255.0	0.0.0.0	LAN & WLAN
192.168.1.0	255.255.255.0	0.0.0.0	WAN
169.254.0.0	255.255.0.0	0.0.0.0	WAN
0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	192.168.1.1	LAN & WLAN

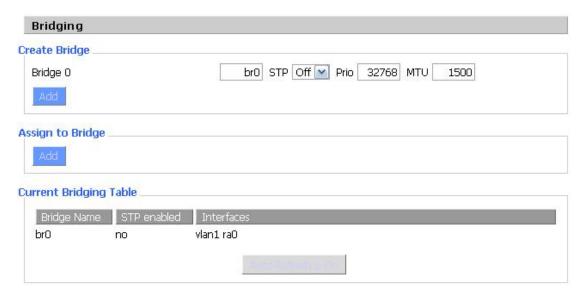
3.3.1.5 VLANs



VLANs function is to divide different VLAN ports by users' will. The system supports 15 VLAN port from VLAN1-VLAN15. However there is only 5 time ports (1 WAN port and 4 LAN port) divided by users themselves, and LAN port and WAN port disable to divide into one VLAN port meanwhile.



3.3.1.6 Networking



Bridging-Create Bridge: creates a new empty network bridge for later use. STP means Spanning Tree Protocol and with PRIO users are able to set the bridge priority order. The lowest number has the highest priority.

Bridging - Assign to Bridge: allows users to assign any valid interface to a network bridge. Consider setting the Wireless Interface options to Bridged if they want to assign any Wireless Interface here. Any system specific bridge setting can be overridden here in this field.

Current Bridging Table: shows current bridging table

Create steps as below:

Click 'Add' to create a new bridge, configuration is as below:



Create bridge option: the first br0 means bridge name. STP means to on/off spanning tree protocol. Prio means priority level of STP, the smaller the number, the higher the level. MTU means maximum transfer unit, default is 1500, delete if it is not need. And then click 'Save' or 'Add'. Bride properties is as below:

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Bridge 0	br0 STP Off ✓ Prio 32768 MTU 1500 Delete
Bridge 1	br1 STP On Prio 32768 MTU 1500 Delete
IP Address	0. 0. 0.
Subnet Mask	0.0.0.0

Enter relewant bridge IP address and subnet mask, click 'Add' to create a bridge.

Note: Only create a bride can apply it.

Assign to Bridge		
Assignment 0	none ✓ Interface ra0 ✓ Prio 63 Delete	
The second secon	none	
Add	br0	
V/s	br1	

Assign to Bridge option: to assign different ports to created bridge. For example: assign port (wireless port) is ra0 in br1 bridge as below:

Prio means priority level: work if multiple ports are within the same bridge. The smaller the number, the higher the level. Click 'Add' to take it effect.

Note: corresponding interface of WAN ports interface should not be binding, this bridge function is basically used for LAN port, and should not be binding with WAN port

If bind success, bridge binding list in the list of current bridging table is as below:



To make br1 bridge has the same function with DHCP assigned address, users need to set multiple DHCP function, see the introduction of multi-channel DHCPD:



Port Setup		
Network Configuration eth2	O Unbridged	Default
Network Configuration vlan1	O Unbridged	Default
Network Configuration ra0	O Unbridged	Default
Network Configuration apcli0	O Unbridged	Default
Network Configuration wds0	O Unbridged	Default
Network Configuration wds1	O Unbridged	Default
Network Configuration wds2	O Unbridged	Default
Network Configuration wds3	O Unbridged	Default
Network Configuration br0	O Unbridged	Default

Port Setup: Set the port property, the default is not set

Network Configuration ra0	Unbridged O Default
MTU	1500
Multicast forwarding	O Enable O Disable
Masquerade / NAT	● Enable O Disable
IP Address	0.0.0.0
Subnet Mask	0. 0. 0. 0

Choose not bridge to set the port's own properties, detailed properties are as below:

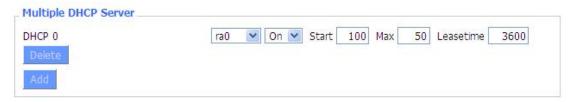
MTU: maximum transfer unit

Multicast forwarding: enable or disable multicast forwarding

Masquerade/NAT: enable or disable Masquerade/NAT

IP Address: set ra0's IP address, and do not conflict with other ports or bridge

Subnet Mask: set the port's subnet mask



Multiple DHCPD: using multiple DHCP service. Click 'Add' in multiple DHCP server to appear relevant configuration. The first means the name of port or bridge (do not be configured as eth0), the second means whether to on DHCP. Start means start address, Max means maximum assigned DHCP clients, Leasetime means the client lease time, the unit is second, click 'Save' or 'Apply' to put it into effect after setting.

Note: Only configure and click 'Save' can configure the next, can not configure multiple DHCP at the same time.

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3.3.2 Wireless

3.3.2.1 Basic Settings

Wireless Network	Enable Disable
Physical Interface ra0 - SSID [c	dd-junjinlee] HWAddr [00:AA:BB:CC:DD:15]
Wireless Mode	AP 💌
Wireless Network Mode	N-Only 💌
802.11n Transmission Mode	Mixed
Wireless Network Name (SSID)	dd-junjinlee
Wireless Channel	11 - 2,462 GHz 💌
Channel Width	40 MHz 💌
Extension Channel	upper 💌
Wireless SSID Broadcast	Enable Disable
Network Configuration	O Unbridged Bridged
Virtual Interfaces	
	Add
Sa	ve Apply Settings Cancel Changes

Wireless Network: "Eanble", radio on.

"Disable", radio off.

Wireless Mode: AP, Client, Adhoc, Repeater, Repeater Bridge four options.

Wireless Network Mode:

Mixed: Support 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n wireless devices.

BG-Mixed: Support 802.11b, 802.11g wireless devices.

B-only: Only supports the 802.11b standard wireless devices.

B-only: Only supports the 802.11b standard wireless devices.

G-only: Only supports the 802.11g standard wireless devices.

NG-Mixed: Support 802.11g, 802.11n wireless devices.

N-only: Only supports the 802.11g standard wireless devices.

8021.11n Transmission Mode: In the wireless network mode to "N-only" choose to transfer its

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transmission mode.

Greenfield: When you determine the surrounding environment, there is no other 802.11a/b/g devices use the same channel, use this mode to increase throughput. Other 802.11a/b/g devices use the same channel in the environment, the information you send may generate an error, re-issued.

Mixed: This mode is contrary to the green mode, but will reduce the throughput.

Wireless Network Name(SSID): The SSID is the network name shared among all devices in a wireless network. The SSID must be identical for all devices in the wireless network. It is case-sensitive and must not exceed 32 alphanumeric characters, which may be any keyboard character. Make sure this setting is the same for all devices in your wireless network.

Wireless Channel: A total of 1-13 channels to choose more than one wireless device environment, please try to avoid using the same channel with other devices.

Channel Width: 20MHZ and 40MHZ.

Extension Channel: Channel for 40MHZ, you can choose upper or lower.

Wireless SSID Broadcast:

Enable: SSID broadcasting.
Disable: Hidden SSID.
Network Configuration:

Bridged: Bridge to the router, under normal circumstances, please select the bridge. **Unbridged:** There is no bridge to the router, IP addresses need to manually configure.

Network Configuration	Unbridged O Bridged
Multicast forwarding	○ Enable
Masquerade / NAT	Enable
IP Address	192 . 168 . 1 . 1
Subnet Mask	255. 255. 0. 0.

Virtual Interfaces: Click Add to add a virtual interface. Add successfully, click on the remove, you can remove the virtual interface.

irtual Interfaces ra1 SSID [dd	-wrt_vap] HWAddr [00:AA:BB:CC:DD:16]
/ireless Network Name (SSID)	dd-wrt_vap
/ireless SSID Broadcast	Enable Disable
P Isolation	○ Enable
etwork Configuration	O Unbridged Bridged

AP Isolation: This setting isolates wireless clients so access to and from other wireless clients are stopped.

Note: Save your changes, after changing the "Wireless Mode", "Wireless Network Mode",

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"wireless width", "broadband" option, please click on this button, and then configure the other options.

3.3.2.2 Wireless Security

Wireless security options used to configure the security of your wireless network. This route is a total of seven kinds of wireless security mode. Disabled by default, not safe mode is enabled. Such as changes in Safe Mode, click Apply to take effect immediately.

(A) (A) (A) (B)	
Security Mode	Disabled
	Save Apply Settings
Wireless Security wl0	
Physical Interface ra0 55	ID [four-faith] HWAddr [00:0C:43:30:52:79]
Security Mode	WEP
Authentication Type	Open
Default Transmit Key	
Encryption	64 bits 10 hex digits/5 ASCII
ASCII/HEX	○ ASCII ④ HEX
Passphrase	11111111111111111111111111111111111111
	2627F68597
Key 1	
Passphrase Key 1 Key 2 Key 3	2627F68597

WEP: Is a basic encryption algorithm is less secure than WPA.Use of WEP is discouraged due to security weaknesses, and one of the WPA modes should be used whenever possible. Only use WEP if you have clients that can only support WEP (usually older, 802.11b-only clients).

Authentication Type: Open or shared key.

Default Transmit Key: Select the key form Key 1 - Key 4 key.

Encryption: There are two levels of WEP encryption, 64-bit (40-bit) and 128-bit. To utilize WEP, select the desired encryption bit, and enter a passphrase or up to four WEP key in hexadecimal format. If you are using 64-bit (40-bit), then each key must consist of exactly 10 hexadecimal characters or 5 ASCII charceters. For 128-bit, each key must consist of exactly 26 hexadecimal

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characters. Valid hexadecimal characters are "0"-"9" and "A"-"F".

ASCII/HEX: ASCII, the keys is 5 bit ASCII characters/13bit ASCII characters.

HEX, the keys is 10bit/26 bit hex digits.

Passphrase: The letters and numbers used to generate a key.

Key1-Key4: Manually fill out or generated according to input the pass phrase.



WPA Personal/WPA2 Personal/WPA2 Person Mixed: TKIP/AES/TKIP+AES, dynamic encryption keys. TKIP + AES, self-applicable TKIP or AES. WPA Person Mixed, allow WPA Personal and WPA2 Personal client mix.

WPA Shared Key: Between 8 and 63 ASCII character or hexadecimal digits.

Key Renewal Interval (in seconds): 1-99999.

Physical Interface ra0 SSID [dd-j	junjinlee] HWAddr [00:AA	:BB:CC:DD:15]
Security Mode	WPA Enterprise	v
WPA Algorithms	AES 💌	
Radius Auth Server Address	192 . 168 . 1 .	110
Radius Auth Server Port	1812	(Default: 1812)
Radius Auth Shared Secret	•••••	Unmask
Key Renewal Interval (in seconds)	3600	

WPA Enterprise/WPA2 Enterprise/WPA2 Enterprise Mixed: WPA Enterprise uses an external RADIUS server to perform user authentication.

WPA Algorithms: AES/TKIP/TPIP+AES.

Radius Auth Sever Address: The IP address of the RADIUS server.

Radius Auth Server Port: The RADIUS Port (default is 1812).

Radius Auth Shared Secret: The shared secret from the RADIUS server.

Key Renewal Interva(in seconds): 1-99999.

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3.3.3 Services

DHCP Client

DHCP Client	
Set Vendorclass	
Request IP	

Set Vendorclass: the DHCP server can automatically identify the specific identifier of the computer running certain operating systems to send, such as the DHCP server can identify the DHCP client running the operating system is Windows 2000 or Windows 98. Identification identifier DHCP option can be assigned to DHCP clients based on specific operating system.

Request IP: IP address of the request

DHCP Server

DHCPd assigns IP addresses to users local devices. While the main configuration is on the setup page users can program some nifty special functions here.

(Not moun	ited)	
WAN	~	
ame	IP Address	Client Lease Time
		minutes
Adi	d Remove	
	lame	

Use NVRAM for client lease DB: users can store data to the system NVRAM area is enabled **Used domain:** users can select here which domain the DHCP clients should get as their local domain. This can be the WAN domain set on the Setup screen or the LAN domain which can be set here.

LAN Domain: users can define here their local LAN domain which is used as local domain for DNSmasq and DHCP service if chose above.

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Static Leases: if users want to assign certain hosts a specific address then they can define them here. This is also the way to add hosts with a fixed address to the router's local DNS service (DNSmasq).

Additional DHCPd Options: some extra options users can set by entering them

DNSMasq

DNSmasq is a local DNS server. It will resolve all host names known to the router from dhcp (dynamic and static) as well as forwarding and caching DNS entries from remote DNS servers. Local DNS enables DHCP clients on the LAN to resolve static and dynamic DHCP hostnames.

DNSMasq	
DNSMasq	Enable
Local DNS	○ Enable
No DNS Rebind	Enable
Additional DNSMasq Options	

Local DNS: enables DHCP clients on the LAN to resolve static and dynamic DHCP hostnames **No DNS Rebind:** when enabled, it can prevent an external attacker to access the router's internal Web interface. It is a security measure

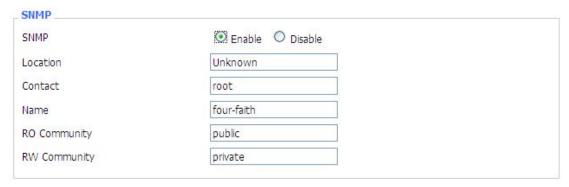
Additional DNSMasq Options: some extra options users can set by entering them in Additional DNS Options.

For example:

static allocation: dhcp-host=AB:CD:EF:11:22:33,192.168.0.10,myhost,myhost.domain,12h **max lease number:** dhcp-lease-max=2

DHCP server IP range: dhcp-range=192.168.0.110,192.168.0.111,12h

SNMP



Location: equipment location

Contact: contact this equipment management

Name: device name

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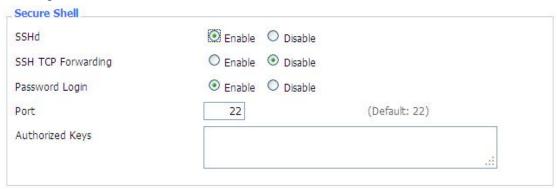


RO Community: SNMP RO community name, the default is public, Only to read.

RW Community: SNMP RW community name, the default is private, Read-write permissions

SSHD

Enabling SSHd allows users to access the Linux OS of their router with an SSH client



SSH TCP Forwarding: enable or disable to support the TCP forwarding

Password Login: allows login with the router password (username is admin)

Port: port number for SSHd (default is 22)

Authorized Keys: here users paste their public keys to enable key-based login (more secure than a simple password)

System log

Enable Syslogd to capture system messages. By default they will be collected in the local file /var/log/messages. To send them to another system, enter the IP address of a remote syslog server.

System Log		
Syslogd	Enable	
Syslog Out Mode	Net	
Remote Server		

Syslog Out Mode: four log mode

Net: the log information output to a syslog server **Console:** the log information output to console port

Web:the log will be shown in the web page(Starus->Weblog)
USB Storage: the log will be saved in the USB device for access

Remote Server: if choose net mode, users should input a syslog server's IP Address and run a syslog server program on it.

Telnet



Telnet: enable a telnet server to connect to the router with telnet. The username is admin and the password is the router's password.

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Note: If users use the router in an untrusted environment (for example as a public hotspot), it is strongly recommended to use SSHd and deactivate telnet.

WAN Traffic Counter



Ttraff Daemon: enable or disable wan traffic counter function

3.3.3.1 USB

Enable the service to identify the U disk connected to the router, TF card or SD memory card, and use these types of storage media. Specific setup instructions screenshot below

USB Support	
USB Storage Support	Enable Disable
Storage Media Priority	TF card ▼
USB Port Status	Access Device
New Media version	STD-CH
New Media file size	108864 KBytes
Storage List	SSD
Disk Info	
/dev/sda1	
Block device, size 119.2 GiB	(128034676224 bytes)
Windows 95/98/ME boot loa	der
FAT32 file system (hints score	e 5 of 5)
Volume size 119.2 GiB (1279	95150336 bytes, 3906102 clusters of 32 KiB)
45	

Storage Media Priority: used to choose which storage media to storage files.

Storage List: list the storage media that the router recognized

3.3.3.2 FTP Server

Enable the service to use the router as a simple FTP application server, the user can do an FTP client to upload or download files to an external router U disk, TF card or SD memory card inside.

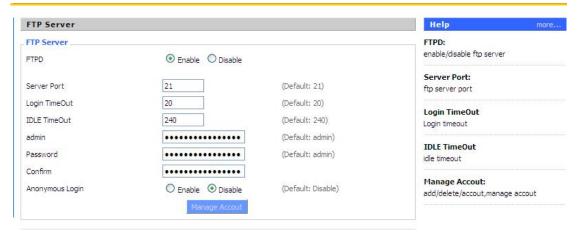
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Server Port: Router as a local FTP server listening port, the default is 21

admin: Log in to the router FTP server administrator account, the default user name "admin" router WEB configuration management

Password: Log on to the FTP server to the router's administrator password, the default is "admin"

3.3.3.3 Hotspot

The service will enable wireless WIFI router for the bus, chain business model and other companies to provide customers with free internet access after authentication, while in play before certification can be played online business advertising and promotional activities specified function.



Wifidog		
	Wifidog A captive portal suite	
Wifidog daemon	● Enable ○ Disable	
Gateway ID	57419230	
Web Server Name	WiFiDog	
Port	2060	(Default: 2060, Range: 1 - 65535)
Max Users	50	(Default: 10, Range: 1 - 50)
Check Interval (in sec.)	180	(Default: 60, Range: 1 - 3600)
Client Timeout	10	(Default: 5, Range: 1 - 99)
Trusted MAC List		
AuthServer Hostname	192.168.6.1	
AuthServer SSL Available	O Enable O Disable	
AuthServer HTTP Port	80	(Default: 80, Range: 1 - 65535)
AuthServer Path	/	
HTTP Server Authentication Support	O Enable O Disable	
HTML Message File for Wifidog		
Firewall Ruleset		

Gateway ID: hotspot remote / local authentication server that uniquely identifies the default is 57419230

Port: default 2060, range: 1 - 65535 Please note that no special circumstances do not arbitrarily modify

Max Users: limit the number of customers connected to the local WIFI Internet access, the default factory setting is 50

Check Interval (in sec.): Detection WIFI wireless client terminals (computers, mobile phones, etc.) and link status time interval of this station router, the default is 180 seconds

Client Timeout (minutes): detects the connection at the maximum timeout this station WIFI wireless router client terminals (computers, mobile phones, etc.) did not have the Internet to communicate, think 10 minutes by default. After this time customers need to re-authenticate login.

AuthServer Hostname: remote / local hotspot server host domain name or IP, if the authentication or jump in our station carried the router, please fill out this station router's LAN IP network segment

AuthServer Path: Remote / local server storage WIFI hotspot jump page advertisements path, the default is "/"



3.3.4 Security

3.3.4.1 Firewall

You can enable or disable the firewall, filter specific Internet data types, and prevent anonymous Internet requests, ultimately enhance network security.

Firewall Protection

ĺ	Firewall Protection		
	SPI Firewall	Enable	

Firewall enhance network security and use SPI to check the packets into the network. To use firewall protection, choose to enable otherwise disabled. Only enable the SPI firewall, you can use other firewall functions: filtering proxy, block WAN requests, etc.

Additional Filters

Additional Filters	
☐ Filter Proxy	
Filter Cookies	
☐ Filter Java Applets	
Filter ActiveX	

Filter Proxy: Wan proxy server may reduce the security of the gateway, Filtering Proxy will refuse any access to any wan proxy server. Click the check box to enable the function otherwise disabled.

Filter Cookies: Cookies are the website of data the data stored on your computer. When you interact with the site ,the cookies will be used. Click the check box to enable the function otherwise disabled.

Filter Java Applets: If refuse to Java, you may not be able to open web pages using the Java programming. Click the check box to enable the function otherwise disabled.

Filter ActiveX: If refuse to ActiveX, you may not be able to open web pages using the ActiveX programming. Click the check box to enable the function otherwise disabled.

Prevent WAN Request

Block WAN Requests		
☑ Block Anonymous WAN F	Requests (ping)	
Filter IDENT (Port 113)		
☑ Block WAN SNMP access		

Block Anonymous WAN Requests (ping): By selecting "Block Anonymous WAN Requests (ping)" box to enable this feature, you can prevent your network from the Ping or detection of other Internet users. so that make More difficult to break into your network. The default state of Page 43 of 77

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this feature is enabled ,choose to disable allow anonymous Internet requests.

Filter IDENT (Port 113): Enable this feature can prevent port 113 from being scaned from outside. Click the check box to enable the function otherwise disabled.

Block WAN SNMP access: This feature prevents the SNMP connection requests from the WAN. After Complete the changes, click the **Save Settings** button to save your changes. Click the **Cancel Changes** button to cancel unsaved changes.

Impede WAN DoS/Bruteforce

Impede WAN DoS/Bruteforce	
Limit SSH Access	
Limit Telnet Access	
Limit PPTP Server Access	
Limit L2TP Server Access	

Limit ssh Access: This feature limits the access request from the WAN by ssh, and per minute up to accept two connection requests on the same IP. Any new access request will be automatically dropped.

Limit Telnet Access: This feature limits the access request from the WAN by Telnet, and per minute up to accept two connection requests on the same IP. Any new access request will be automatically dropped.

Limit PPTP Server Access: When build a PPTP Server in the router, this feature limits the access request from the WAN by ssh, and per minute up to accept two connection requests on the same IP. Any new access request will be automatically dropped.

Limit L2TP Server Access: When build a L2TP Server in the router, this feature limits the access request from the WAN by ssh, and per minute up to accept two connection requests on the same IP. Any new access request will be automatically dropped.

Log Management

The router can keep logs of all incoming or outgoing traffic for your Internet connection.



Log: To keep activity logs, select Enable. To stop logging, select Disable. When select enable, the following page will appear.

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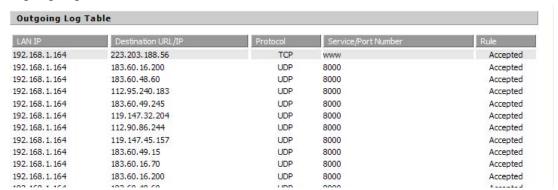
Log Level: Set this to the required log level. Set Log Level higher to log more actions.

Options: When select Enable, the corresponding connection will be recorded in the journal, the disabled are not recorded.

Incoming Log: To see a temporary log of the Router's most recent incoming traffic, click the Incoming Log button.



Outgoing Log: To see a temporary log of the Router's most recent outgoing traffic, click the Outgoing Log button.



Click the **Save Settings** button to save your changes. Click the **Cancel Changes** button to cancel unsaved changes.

3.3.5 Access Restrictions

3.3.5.1 WAN Access

Use access restrictions, you can block or allow specific types of Internet applications. You

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can set specific PC-based Internet access policies. This feature allows you to customize up to ten different Internet Access Policies for particular PCs, which are identified by their IP or MAC addresses.



Two options in the default policy rules: "Filter" and "reject". If select "Deny", you will deny specific computers to access any Internet service at a particular time period. If you choose to "filter", It will block specific computers to access the specific sites at a specific time period. You can set up 10 Internet access policies filtering specific PCs access Internet services at a particular time period.

Access Policy: You may define up to 10 access policies. Click Delete to delete a policy or Summary to see a summary of the policy.

Status: Enable or disable a policy.

Policy Name: You may assign a name to your policy.

PCs: The part is used to edit client list, the strategy is only effective for the PC in the list.

Days							
Everyday	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
Times							
24 Hours		③					
From		0 0	v:00 v	To 0 V	00 ~		

Days: Choose the day of the week you would like your policy to be applied.

Times: Enter the time of the day you would like your policy to be applied.



				33		
	1411					
bsite Blockir	g by Keyw	ord	<u> </u>		4	
ebsite Blockir	g by Keyw	ord				

Website Blocking by URL Address: You can block access to certain websites by entering their URL.

Website Blocking by Keyword: You can block access to certain website by the keywords contained in their webpage

Enter MAC Address	of the clients in this format: xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx
MAC 01	00:AA:BB:CC:DD:EE
MAC 02	00:00:00:00:00
1AC 03	00:00:00:00:00
/AC 04	00:00:00:00:00
1AC 05	00:00:00:00:00
4AC 06	00:00:00:00:00
1AC 07	00:00:00:00:00
1AC 08	00:00:00:00:00
Enter the IP Addre	ss of the clients
P 01	192.168.1. 15
P 02	192.168.1. 0
P 03	192.168.1. 0
P 04	192.168.1. 0
F 04	
	192.168.1. 0
P 05	192.168.1. 0 192.168.1. 0
P 05	192.168.1. 0
P 05 P 06	192.168.1. 0

set up Internet access policy

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- 1. Select the policy number (1-10) in the drop-down menu.
- 2. For this policy is enabled, click the radio button next to "Enable"
- 3. Enter a name in the Policy Name field.
- 4. Click the Edit List of PCs button.
- 5. On the List of PCs screen, specify PCs by IP address or MAC address. Enter the appropriate IP addresses into the IP fields. If you have a range of IP addresses to filter, complete the appropriate IP Range fields. Enter the appropriate MAC addresses into the MAC fields.
- 6. Click the Apply button to save your changes. Click the Cancel button to cancel your unsaved changes. Click the Close button to return to the Filters screen.
- 7. If you want to block the listed PCs from Internet access during the designated days and time, then keep the default setting, Deny. If you want the listed PCs to have Internet filtered during the designated days and time, then click the radio button next to Filter.
- 8. Set the days when access will be filtered. Select Everyday or the appropriate days of the week.
- 9. Set the time when access will be filtered. Select 24 Hours, or check the box next to From and use the drop-down boxes to designate a specific time period.
- 10. Click the Add to Policy button to save your changes and active it.
- 11. To create or edit additional policies, repeat steps 1-9.
- 12. To delete an Internet Access Policy, select the policy number, and click the Delete button.

Note:

- 1) The default factory value of policy rules is "filtered". If the user chooses the default policy rules for "refuse", and editing strategies to save or directly to save the settings. If the strategy edited is the first, it will be automatically saved into the second, if not the first, keep the original number.
- 2) Turn off the power of the router or reboot the router can cause a temporary failure. After the failure of the router, if can not automatically synchronized NTP time server, you need to recalibrate to ensure the correct implementation of the relevant period control function.

3.3.5.2 Packet Filter

To block some packets getting Internet access or block some Internet packets getting local network access, you can configure filter items to block these packets.

Packet Filter

Packet filter function is realized based on IP address or port of packets.

Enable Packet Filter	Enable O Disable	
Policy	Discard packets conform to the following rules	*

Enable Packet Filter: Enable or disable "packet filter" function

Policy: The filter rule's policy, you can choose the following options

Discard The Following--Discard packets conform to the following rules, Accept all other packets

Only Accept The Following-- Accept only the data packets conform to the following rules,

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Discard all other packets

Direction	OUTPUT 💌
Protocol	TCP/UDP 💌
Source Ports	1 - 65535
Destination Ports	1 - 65535
Source IP	0. 0. 0. 0/ 0
Destination IP	0. 0. 0. 0/ 0
	Add

Direction

input: packet from WAN to LANoutput: packet from LAN to WAN

Protocol: packet protocol type **Source Ports:** packet's source port

Destination Ports: packet's destination port **Source IP:** packet's source IP address

Destination IP: packet's destination IP address

Note: "Source Port", "Destination Port", "Source IP", "Destination IP" could not be all empty, you have to input at least one of these four parameters.

3.3.6 NAT

3.3.6.1 Port Forwarding

Port Forwarding allows you to set up public services on your network, such as web servers, ftp servers, e-mail servers, or other specialized Internet applications. Specialized Internet applications are any applications that use Internet access to perform functions such as videoconferencing or online gaming. When users send this type of request to your network via the Internet, the router will forward those requests to the appropriate PC. If you want to forward a whole range of ports, see <u>Port Range Forwarding</u>.





Application: Enter the name of the application in the field provided.

Protocol: Chose the right protocol TCP,UDP or Both. Set this to what the application requires.

Source Net: Forward only if sender matches this ip/net (example 192.168.1.0/24).

Port from: Enter the number of the external port (the port number seen by users on the Internet).

IP Address: Enter the IP Address of the PC running the application.

Port to: Enter the number of the internal port (the port number used by the application).

Enable: Click the Enable checkbox to enable port forwarding for the application.

Check all values and click **Save Settings** to save your settings. Click the **Cancel changes** button to cancel your unsaved changes.

3.3.6.2 Port Range Forward

Port Range Forwarding allows you to set up public services on your network, such as web servers, ftp servers, e-mail servers, or other specialized Internet applications. Specialized Internet applications are any applications that use Internet access to perform functions such as videoconferencing or online gaming. When users send this type of request to your network via the Internet, the router will forward those requests to the appropriate PC. If you only want to forward a single port, see <u>Port Forwarding</u>.



Application: Enter the name of the application in the field provided.

Start:Enter the number of the first port of the range you want to seen by users on the Internet and forwarded to your PC.

End: Enter the number of the last port of the range you want to seen by users on the Internet and forwarded to your PC.

Protocol: Chose the right protocol TCP,UDP or Both. Set this to what the application requires.

IP Address: Enter the IP Address of the PC running the application.

Enable: Click the Enable checkbox to enable port forwarding for the application.

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Check all values and click **Save Settings** to save your settings. Click the **Cancel changes** button to cancel your unsaved changes.

3.3.6.3 DMZ

The DMZ (DeMilitarized Zone) hosting feature allows one local user to be exposed to the Internet for use of a special-purpose service such as Internet gaming or videoconferencing. DMZ hosting forwards all the ports at the same time to one PC. The Port Forwarding feature is more secure because it only opens the ports you want to have opened, while DMZ hosting opens all the ports of one computer, exposing the computer so the Internet can see it.

Demilitarized Zone (DM	IZ)	
DMZ		
Use DMZ	Enable Disable	
DMZ Host IP Address	192.168.8. 166	

Any PC whose port is being forwarded must should have a new static IP address assigned to it because its IP address may change when using the DHCP function.

DMZ Host IP Address: To expose one PC to the Internet, select Enable and enter the computer's IP address in the DMZ Host IP Address field. To disable the DMZ, keep the default setting: Disable

Check all values and click **Save Settings** to save your settings. Click the **Cancel changes** button to cancel your unsaved changes.

3.3.7 QoS Setting

3.3.7.1 Basic

QoS function can control the upload traffic and download traffic to balance the traffic, beside the block video is also a useful function.

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os Setting	
Start QoS	Enable Disable
Uplink (kbps)	1000
Downlink (kbps)	1000
Max up rate for per user(kbps)	100
Max down rate for per user(kbps)	100

Uplink (kbps): In order to use bandwidth management (QoS) you must enter bandwidth values for your uplink. These are generally 80% to 90% of your maximum bandwidth.

Downlink (kbps): In order to use bandwidth management (QoS) you must enter bandwidth values for your downlink. These are generally 80% to 90% of your maximum bandwidth.



Enable Video Restrictions: Restrict the video access that connected to the router, like the MP4,MKV,AVI format and other common video format

Enable Video and Flash Restriction: Besides the common Video Format restriction, it can also restrict the Flash format video.

3.3.8 Applications

3.3.8.1 Serial Applications

There is a console port on router. Normally, this port is used to debug the router. This port can also be used as a serial port. The router has embedded a serial to TCP program. The data sent to the serial port is encapsulated by TCP/IP protocol stack and then is sent to the destination server. This function can work as a DTU (Data Terminal Unit).



Serial Applications	
Serial Applications	
Baudrate	115200 💌
Databit	8
Stopbit	1
Parity	None 🛩
Flow Control	None 🕶
Protocol	TCP(DTU) •
Server Address	120.42.46.98
Server Port	55501
Device Number	12345678901
Device Id	12345678
Heartbeat Interval	60

Baudrate: The serial port's baudrateDatabit: The serial port's databitParity: The serial port's parityStopbit: The serial port's stopbit

Flow Control: The serial port's flow control type.

Enable Serial TCP Function: Enable the serial to TCP function

Protocol Type: The protocol type to transmit data.

UDP(DTU) – Data transmit with UDP protocol, work as a DTU which has application protocol and hear beat mechanism.

Pure UDP – Data transmit with standard UDP protocol.

TCP(DTU) -- Data transmit with TCP protocol, work as a DTU which has application protocol and hear beat mechanism.

Pure TCP -- Data transmit with standard TCP protocol, router is the client.

TCP Server -- Data transmit with standard TCP protocol, router is the server.

TCST -- Data transmit with TCP protocol, Using a custom data

Server Address: The data service center's IP Address or domain name.

Server Port: The data service center's listening port.

Device ID: The router's identity ID.

Device Number: The router's phone number.

Heartbeat Interval: The time interval to send heart beat packet. This item is valid only

when you choose UDP(DTU) or TCP(DTU) protocol type.

TCP Server Listen Port: This item is valid when Protocol Type is "TCP Server" Custom Heartbeat Packet: This item is valid when Protocol Type is "TCST" Custom Registration Packets: This item is valid when Protocol Type is "TCST"



3.3.8.2 GPS Settings(Optional)

Enable GPS	● Enable ○ Disable
GPS Output Interface	₩ Net Consle
Protocol	TCP 💌
GPS Center Address	0.0.0.0
GPS Center Listening Port	5001
GPS Information Update Interval	60
GPS Speed Threshhold	0
Device ID	12345678 Append the device ID to the tail of gps information
GPS Information Contents	☑ GPRMC ☑ GPGGA ☑ GPVTG ☑ GPGSA ☑ GPGSV ☑ GPGLL

Enable GPS: Enable or disable GPS function

GPS Output Interface: This item selects the GPS output interface including network and serial

port

Protocol: TCP mode or UDP mode

GPS Center Address: The GPS center's IP Address or domain name

GPS Center Listening Port: The GPS center's listening port.

GPS Information Update Interval: The time interval between two GPS information update, unit is second

GPS Speed Threshhold: The GPS speed threshhold of update gps information

Device ID: The ID of this device

Append the device ID to the tail of gps information: Whether append the ID to the GPS

information

GPS Information Contents: GPS contents selection

When GPS output interface is serial port, we should set the following serial port settings:

Baudrate 115200

Databit 8

Stopbit 1

Parity None

No



3.3.9 Administration

3.3.9.1 Management

The Management screen allows you to change the router's settings. On this page you will find most of the configurable items of the router code.

Router Password		
Router Username	•••••	
Router Password	•••••	
Re-enter to confirm	•••••	

The new password must not exceed 32 characters in length and must not include any spaces. Enter the new password a second time to confirm it.

Note:

Default username is admin.

It is strongly recommended that you change the factory default password of the router, which is admin. All users who try to access the router's web-based utility or Setup Wizard will be prompted for the router's password.

Web Access

This feature allows you to manage the router using either HTTP protocol or the HTTPS protocol. If you choose to disable this feature, a manual reboot will be required. You can also activate or not the router information web page. It's now possible to password protect this page (same username and password than above).

Web Access	
Protocol	✓ HTTP ☐ HTTPS
Auto-Refresh (in seconds)	3
Enable Info Site	● Enable O Disable
Info Site Password Protection	□ Enabled

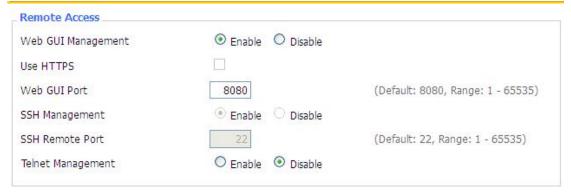
Protocol: This feature allows you to manage the router using either HTTP protocol or the HTTPS protocol

Auto-Refresh: Adjusts the Web GUI automatic refresh interval. 0 disables this feature completely **Enable Info Site:** Enable or disable the login system information page

Info Site Password Protection: Enable or disable the password protection feature of the system information page

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Remote Access: This feature allows you to manage the router from a remote location, via the Internet. To disable this feature, keep the default setting, Disable. To enable this feature, select Enable, and use the specified port (default is 8080) on your PC to remotely manage the router. You must also change the router's default password to one of your own, if you haven't already.

To remotely manage the router, enter http://xxx.xxx.xxx.8080 (the x's represent the router's Internet IP address, and 8080 represents the specified port) in your web browser's address field. You will be asked for the router's password.

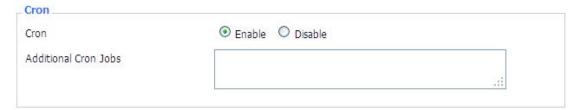
If you use https you need to specify the url as https://xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx:8080 (not all firmwares does support this without rebuilding with SSL support).

SSH Management: You can also enable SSH to remotely access the router by Secure Shell. Note that SSH daemon needs to be enable in Services page.

Note:

If the Remote Router Access feature is enabled, anyone who knows the router's Internet IP address and password will be able to alter the router's settings.

Telnet Management: Enable or disable remote Telnet function



Cron: The cron subsystem schedules execution of Linux commands. You'll need to use the command line or startup scripts to actually use this.



Language: Set up the router page shows the type of language, including simplified Chinese and English.

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Remote Upgrade			
Remote Upgrade	EnableDisable		
Remote Server IP	xmsx0618.f3322.org		
Remote Server Listen Port	8189	(Default: 40001, Range: 1 - 65535)	
Heart Interval	60	(Default: 60Sec.Range: 1 - 999)	
3G Flow Upload Interval	600	(Default: 600Sec.Range: 1 - 86400)	
AD Calc Upload Interval	600	(Default: 600Sec.Range: 1 - 86400)	
Device Number	11111115		
Device Phone Number	1388888888		
Device Type Description	Router		
Customized Local Domian	m.16wifi.com		
Advertising storage Type	Local Storage (U-Disk /	TF card) WEB remote terminal server	
Local Auth Mode	 User Name And Passwo 	rd Login without authentication	
Use Remote Authentication	○ Yes ● No		

Remote Upgrade: custom-developed remote management server for this station router monitoring and management, configuration parameters, WIFI advertising updates.



Remote Management Login Server: In the case of more than one servers, the remote management login server is a general server. Connect the router to this login server, the login server will assign an available server IP and port for the router to connect for remote management.



Firmware Upgrade: custom-developed remote server for this station router upgrading firmware.

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Users Internet Records Reported Users Internet Records Reported Server IP Address/Domain Name: Server Port: 50001 Heartbeat Interval: O Enable Disable 42.121.16.56 (Default: 50001, Range: 1 - 65535) (Default: 60Sec.Range: 1 - 999)

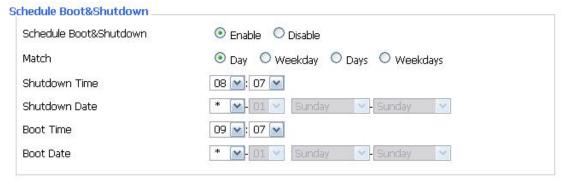
User Internet Records Reported: the router clients' webpages record submitted to the remote server center.

3.3.9.2 Keep Alive

Schedule Boot&Shutdown

The user can set the startup or shutdown time:

For example, the user want to set the start time at 8:07 and boot time at 9:07.



Schedule Reboot



You can schedule regular reboots for the router:

Regularly after xxx seconds.

At a specific date time each week or everyday.

Note:

For date based reboots Cron must be activated. See Management for Cron activation.



3.3.9.3 Commands

Commands: You are able to run command lines directly via the Webinterface.

Command Shell	
Commands	
	.::
Run Commands	Save Startup Save Shutdown Save Firewall
	Save Custom Script

Run Command: You can run command lines via the web interface. Fill the text area with your command and click Run Commands to submit.

Startup: You can save some command lines to be executed at startup's router. Fill the text area with commands (only one command by row) and click Save Startup.

Shutdown: You can save some command lines to be executed at shutdown's router. Fill the text area with commands (only one command by row) and click Save Shutdown.

Firewall: Each time the firewall is started, it can run some custom iptables instructions. Fill the text area with firewall's instructions (only one command by row) and click Save Firewall.

Custom Script: Custom script is stored in /tmp/custom.sh file. You can run it manually or use cron to call it. Fill the text area with script's instructions (only one command by row) and click Save Custom Script.

3.3.9.4 Factory Defaults



Reset router settings: Click the Yes button to reset all configuration settings to their default values. Then click the Apply Settings button.

Note:

Any settings you have saved will be lost when the default settings are restored. After restoring the router is accessible under the default IP address 192.168.1.1 and the default password admin.

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3.3.9.5 Firmware Upgrade

Firmware Upgrade			
After flashing, reset to	Don't reset	~	
Please select a file to upgrade			浏览…

Firmware Upgrade: New firmware versions are posted at www..com and can be downloaded. If the Router is not experiencing difficulties, then there is no need to download a more recent firmware version, unless that version has a new feature that you want to use.

Note:

When you upgrade the Router's firmware, you lose its configuration settings, so make sure you write down the Router settings before you upgrade its firmware.

To upgrade the Router's firmware:

- 1. Download the firmware upgrade file from the website.
- 2. Click the Browse... button and chose the firmware upgrade file.
- 3. Click the Upgrade button and wait until the upgrade is finished.

Note:

Upgrading firmware may take a few minutes.

Do not turn off the power or press the reset button!

After flashing, reset to: If you want to reset the router to the default settings for the firmware version you are upgrading to, click the Firmware Defaults option.

3.3.9.6 Backup

Backup Configuration	
Backup Settings	
Click the "Backup" button to downlo	ad the configuration backup file to your computer.
Restore Configuration	
Restore Settings	
Please select a file to restore	浏览…
Only upload files backed Do not upload	W A R N I N G up using this firmware and from the same model of router. any files that were not created by this interface!

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Backup Settings: You may backup your current configuration in case you need to reset the router back to its factory default settings. Click the Backup button to backup your current configuration. **Restore Settings:** Click the Browse... button to browse for a configuration file that is currently saved on your PC. Click the Restore button to overwrite all current configurations with the ones in

the configuration file.

Note:

Only restore configurations with files backed up using the same firmware and the same model of router.

3.3.10 Status

3.3.10.1 Router

Uptime

System		
Router Name	Four-Faith	
Router Model	Four-Faith Router	
Firmware Version	FXXXX v1.0 (01/10/12) std - build 94	
MAC Address	00:AA:BB:CC:DD:44	
Host Name		
WAN Domain Name		
LAN Domain Name		
Current Time	Sat, 01 Jan 2000 00:51:29	

Router Name: name of the router, setting → basic setting to modify

Router Model: model of the router, unavailable to modify

Firmware Version: software version information

MAC Address: MAC address of WAN, setting→Clone MAC Address to modify

51 min,

Host Name: host name of the router, setting → basic setting to modify

WAN Domain Name: domain name of WAN, setting → basic setting to modify

LAN Domain Name: domain name of LAN, unavailable to modify

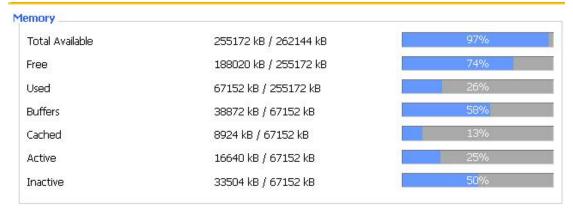
Current Time: local time of the system

Uptime: operating uptime as long as the system is powered on

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Total Available: the room for total available of RAM (that is physical memory minus some reserve and the kernel of binary code bytes)

Free: free memory, the router will reboot if the memory is less than 500kB

Used: used memory, total available memory minus free memory

Buffers: used memory for buffers,

Cached: the memory used by high-speed cache memory

Active: active use of buffer or cache memory page file size

Inactive: not often used in a buffer or cache memory page file size



IP Filter Maximum Ports: preset is 4096, available to re-management

Active IP Connections: real time monitor active IP connections of the system, click to see the table as blow:

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Active IP Connections

53

No. Protocol	Timeout (s)	Source Address	Remote Address	Service Name	State
1 TCP	60	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	TIME_WAIT
2 TCP	30	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	TIME_WAIT
3 TCP	65	192.168.1.120	192,168.1.1	80	TIME_WAIT
4 TCP	96	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	TIME_WAIT
5 TCP	99	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	TIME_WAIT
6 TCP	70	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	TIME_WAIT
7 TCP	74	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	TIME_WAIT
8 TCP	115	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	TIME_WAIT
9 TCP	84	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	TIME_WAIT
10 TCP	3599	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	ESTABLISHED
11 TCP	3599	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	ESTABLISHED
12 TCP	108	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	TIME_WAIT
13 TCP	3600	192.168.1.120	192,168,1,1	80	ESTABLISHED
14 TCP	93	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	TIME_WAIT
15 TCP	102	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	TIME_WAIT
16 TCP	74	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	TIME_WAIT
17 TCP	3599	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	ESTABLISHED
18 TCP	15	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	TIME_WAIT
19 TCP	25	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	TIME_WAIT
20 TCP	90	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	TIME_WAIT
21 UDP	26	192.168.8.119	255.255.255.255	1947	UNREPLIED
22 TCP	77	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	TIME_WAIT
23 TCP	35	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	TIME_WAIT
24 TCP	74	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	TIME_WAIT
25 TCP	40	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	TIME WAIT
26 TCP	3599	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	ESTABLISHED
27 TCP	74	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	TIME_WAIT
28 TCP	74	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1		TIME_WAIT
29 TCP	4	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	TIME_WAIT
30 UDP	31	192.168.8.160	224.0.0.1	9166	UNREPLIED
D1 TCD	74	100 160 1 100	100 160 1 1	90	TIME MAINT

Active IP Connections: total active IP connections

Protocol: connection protocol

Timeouts: connection timeouts, unit is second

Source Address: source IP address **Remote Address:** remote IP address **Service Name:** connecting service port

Status: displayed status

3.3.10.2 WAN

Connection Type Automatic Configuration - DHCP

Connection Uptime Not available

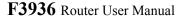
Connection Type: disabled, static IP, automatic configuration-DHCP, PPPOE, PPTP, L2TP,

3G/UMTS

Connection Uptime: connecting uptime; If disconnect, display Not available

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IP Address 0.0.0.0

Subnet Mask 0.0.0.0

Gateway 0.0.0.0

DNS 1

DNS 2

DNS 3

IP Address: IP address of router WAN Subnet Mask: subnet mask of router WAN Gateway: the gateway of router WAN

DNS1, DNS2, DNS3: DNS1/DNS2/DNS3 of router WAN

Remaining Lease Time 0 days 23:38:43

DHCP Release DHCP Renew

Remaining Lease Time: remaining lease time of IP address in DHCP way

DHCP Release: release DHCP address

DHCP Renew: renew IP address in DHCP way, default is 1 day

Login Status Disconnected Connect

Login Status: connection status of WAN

Disconnection: disconnect

Connection: connect

ZTE-EVDO MODULE Module Type

Signal Status -79 dBm

Network CDMA/HDR

Module Type: module type in 3G/UMTS way

Signal Status: signal intensity of the module in 3G/UMTS way

Network: network type of the module in 3G/UMTS way







Total Flow: flow from power-off last time until now statistics, download and upload direction

Monthly Flow: the flow of a month, unit is MB

Last Month: the flow of last month **Next Month:** the flow of next month



Backup: backup data administration **Restore:** restore data administration **Delete:** delete data administration



3.3.10.3 LAN

 LAN Status

 MAC Address
 00:0C:43:30:52:77

 IP Address
 192.168.1.1

 Subnet Mask
 255.255.255.0

 Gateway
 0.0.0.0

 Local DNS
 0.0.0.0

MAC Address: MAC Address of the LAN port ethernet

IP Address: IP Address of the LAN port **Subnet Mask:** Subnet Mask of the LAN port

Gateway: Gateway of the LAN port **Local DNS:** DNS of the LAN port

Host Name	IP Address	MAC Address	Conn. Count	Ratio [4096]
: <u> </u>	192.168.1.120	10:78:D2:98:C9:46	57	1%

Host Name: host name of LAN client **IP Address:** IP address of the client

MAC Address: MAC address of the client

Conn. Count: connection count caused by the client

Ratio: the ratio of 4096 connection

Dynamic Host Configu	ration Protocol	
DHCP Status		
DHCP Server	Enabled	
DHCP Daemon	uDHCPd	
Start IP Address	192.168.1.100	
End IP Address	192.168.1.149	
Client Lease Time	1440 minutes	

DNCP Server: enable or disable the router work as a DHCP server

DHCP Daemon: the agreement allocated using DHCP including DNSMasq and uDHCPd

Starting IP Address: the starting IP Address of the DHCP server's Address pool **Ending IP Address:** the ending IP Address of the DHCP server's Address pool

Client Lease Time: the lease time of DHCP client



DHCP Clients Host Name MAC Address Client Lease Time IP Address PC-201011161332 192.168.1.142 00:21:5C:33:4D:29 1 day 00:00:00 俞 俞 jack-lincw 1 day 00:00:00 192,168,1,117 44:37:E6:3F:45:54 â 192.168.1.149 00:0C:E7:00:00:00 1 day 00:00:00

Host Name: host name of LAN client **IP Address:** IP address of the client

MAC Address: MAC address of the client **Expires:** the expiry the client rents the IP address

Delete: click to delete DHCP client



Interface: the interface assigned by dial-up system

User Name: user name of PPPoE client

Local IP: IP address assigned by PPPoE client

Delete: click to delete PPPoE client



Interface: the interface assigned by dial-up system

Local IP: tunnel IP address of local L2TP **Remote IP:** tunnel IP address of L2TP server

Delete: click to disconnect L2TP



Interface: the interface assigned by dial-up system

User Name: user name of the client

Local IP: tunnel IP address of L2TP client **Remote IP:** IP address of L2TP client **Delete:** click to delete L2TP client



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Interface: the interface assigned by dial-up system

Local IP: tunnel IP address of local PPTP **Remote IP:** tunnel IP address of PPTP server

Delete: click to disconnect PPTP

Interface User Name Local IP Remote IP Delete ppp1 hometest 192.168.5.1 120.42.46.98

Interface: the interface assigned by dial-up system

User Name: user name of the client

Local IP: tunnel IP address of PPTP client **Remote IP:** IP address of PPTP client **Delete:** click to delete PPTP client

3.3.10.4 Wireless

Wireless Status	
MAC Address	00:0C:43:30:52:79
Radio	Radio is On
Mode	AP
Network	Mixed
SSID	four-faith
Channel	6 (2437 MHz)
TX Power	71 mW
Rate	72 Mb/s
Encryption - Interface wl0	Disabled
PPTP Status	Disconnected

MAC Address: MAC address of wireless client

Radio: display whether radio is on or not

Mode: wireless mode

Network: wireless network mode SSID: wireless network name Channel: wireless network channel

TX Power: reflection power of wireless network

Rate: reflection rate of wireless network

Encryption-Interface wl0: enable or diasbal Encryption-Interface wl0

PPTP Status: show wireless pptp status



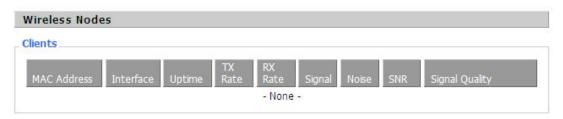
 Wireless Packet Info

 Received (RX)
 91125 OK, no error
 100%

 Transmitted (TX)
 11957 OK, no error
 100%

Received (RX): received data packet

Transmitted (TX): transmitted data packet



MAC Address: MAC address of wireless client

Interface: interface of wireless client

Uptime: connecting uptime of wireless client TX Rate: transmit rate of wireless client RX Rate: receive rate of wireless client Signal: the signal of wireless client Noise: the noise of wireless client

SNR: the signal to noise ratio of wireless client **Signal Quality:** signal quality of wireless client

SSID	Mode	MAC Address	Channel	Rssi	Noise	beacon	Open	dtim	Rate	Join Site
tzt-3g	Unknown	00:aa:bb:cc:dd:14	2	-5	-95	0	No	0	54(b/g)	Joir
four-faith	Unknown	00:0c:43:30:52:79	6	-24	-95	0	No	0 :	300(b/g/n)	Joir
ff-old	AP	00:13:10:09:56:92	6	-55	-95	0	No	0	54(b/g)	Joir

Neighbor's Wireless Network: display other networks nearby

SSID: the name of wireless network nearby

Mode: operating mode of wireless network nearby **MAC Address:** MAC address of the wireless nearby

Channel: the channel of the wireless nearby **Rssi:** signal intensity of the wireless nearby **Noise:** the noise of the wireless nearby

Beacon: signal beacon of the wireless nearby **Open:** the wireless nearby is open or not

Dtim: delivery traffic indication message of the wireless nearby

Rate: speed rate of the wireless nearby

Join Site: click to join wireless network nearby

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3.3.10.5 Device Management

Connection Status Status Enabled Server Ip And Port 192.168.8.234:9100 Connection status Connecting to Server... Active Time

Connection Status: display the connection status with the management platform.

Status: if the device management function is opened or not.

Server Ip And Port: the ip address and port of the management server.

Connection status: show if the device is connected to the server.

Active Time: show the during time that connected to server.

Fireware Upgrade		
pgrade Status		
Status	no update, waiting	
Server Ip And Port	42.121.16.56:882	
update version		
upgrade progress		

Upgrade Status: show the status of the firmware upgrade.

Status: show if the new firmware is in update.

Server Ip And Port: show the firmware upgrade server's ip and port.

update version: show the version in upgrading.

upgrade progress:show the progress of the upgrading firmware.

nc update status		
Status	no update, waiting	
update info		

rsync update status: show the status of the rsync update Status: show if the rsync is updating.
Update info: show the info of the update status.

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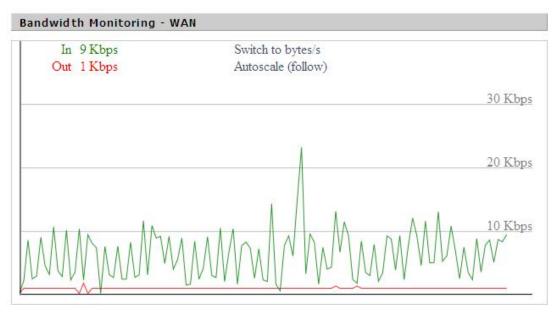
Update progress: show the progress of the rsync update.

3.3.10.6 Bandwidth



Bandwidth Monitoring-LAN Graph

abscissa axis: time
vertical axis: speed rate



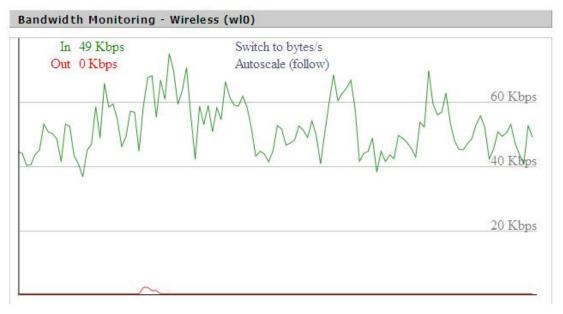
Bandwidth Monitoring-WAN Graph

abscissa axis: time

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vertical axis: speed rate



Bandwidth Monitoring-Wireless (W10) Graph

abscissa axis: time
vertical axis: speed rate

3.3.10.7 Sys-Info

Router Name	Four-Faith
Router Model	Four-Faith Router
LAN MAC	00:0C:43:30:52:77
WAN MAC	00:0C:43:30:52:78
Wireless MAC	00:0C:43:30:52:79
WAN IP	10.34.107.156
LAN IP	192.168.1.1



Router Name: the name of the router
Router Model: the model of the router
LAN MAC: MAC address of LAN port
WAN MAC: MAC address of WAN port
Wireless MAC: MAC address of the wireless

WAN IP: IP address of WAN port **LAN IP:** IP address of LAN port

Wireless		
Radio	Radio is On	
Mode	AP	
Network	Mixed	
SSID	four-faith	
Channel	6 (2437 MHz)	
TX Power	71 mW	
Rate	72 Mb/s	

Radio: display whether radio is on or not

Mode: wireless mode

Network: wireless network mode SSID: wireless network name Channel: wireless network channel

TX Power: reflection power of wireless network

Rate: reflection rate of wireless network

Wireless Packet Info Received (RX) 6982 OK, no error Transmitted (TX) 1498 OK, no error

Received (RX): received data packet

Transmitted (TX): transmitted data packet



MAC Address: MAC address of wireless client

Interface: interface of wireless client

Uptime: connecting uptime of wireless client TX Rate: transmit rate of wireless client RX Rate: receive rate of wireless client



Signal: the signal of wireless client **Noise:** the noise of wireless client

SNR: the signal to noise ratio of wireless client **Signal Quality:** signal quality of wireless client

Services		-
DHCP Server	Enabled	
ff-radauth	Disabled	
USB Support	Disabled	

DHCP Server: enabled or disabled **ff-radauth:** enabled or disabled **USB Support:** enabled or disabled

mory		
Total Available	249.2 MB / 256.0 MB	
Free	183.4 MB / 249.2 MB	
Used	65.7 MB / 249.2 MB	
Buffers	38.0 MB / 65.7 MB	
Cached	8.7 MB / 65.7 MB	
Active	16.4 MB / 65.7 MB	
Inactive	32.6 MB / 65.7 MB	

Total Available: the room for total available of RAM (that is physical memory minus some reserve and the kernel of binary code bytes)

Free: free memory, the router will reboot if the memory is less than 500kB

Used: used memory, total available memory minus free memory

Buffers: used memory for buffers, total available memory minus allocated memory

Cached: the memory used by high-speed cache memory

Active: Active use of buffer or cache memory page file size

Inactive: Not often used in a buffer or cache memory page file size

DHCP Clients				
*	192.168.1.143	xx:xx:xx:DD:45	1 day 00:00:00	
four-488e1df5fa	192.168.1.125	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	1 day 00:00:00	
Mycenae-PC	192.168.1.116	xx:xx:xx:xx:5E:30	1 day 00:00:00	

Host Name: host name of LAN client **IP Address:** IP address of the client

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MAC Address: MAC address of he client

Expires: the expiry the client rents the IP address

Appendix

The following steps describe how to setup Windows XP Hyper Terminal.

1. Press "Start"→"Programs"→"Accessories"→"Communications"→"Hyper Terminal"





- 2. Input connection name, choose "OK"
- 3. Choose the correct COM port which connects to modem, choose "OK"



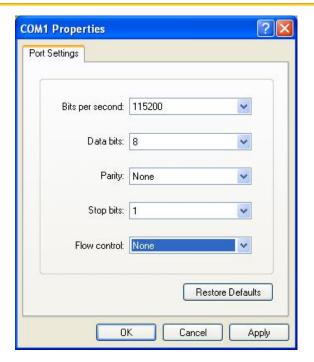
4. Configure the serial port parameters as following, choose "OK"

Bits per second: 115200

Data bits: 8 Parity: None Stop bits: 1

Flow control: None





5. Complete Hyper Terminal operation, It runs as following

