

FOUR FAITH

F-IM100 Series IP MODEM

USER MANUAL V1.0.0



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Chapter 1 Brief Introduction of Product

1.1 General

F-IM100 Series IP MODEM is a kind of cellular terminal device that provides data transfer function by public cellular network.

It adopts high-powered industrial 32 bits CPU and embedded real time operating system. It supports RS232 and RS485 port that can conveniently and transparently connect one device to a cellular network, allowing you to connect to your existing serial devices with only basic configuration. It has low power consumption; it support 1 ADC and 2 I/O, compatible digital input/output channel, Analog input, input pulse counter and pulse wave output function.

It has been widely used on M2M fields, such as intelligent transportation, smart grid, industrial automation, telemetry, finance, POS, water supply, environment protection, post, weather, and so on. The typic topology as the below figure 1-1;

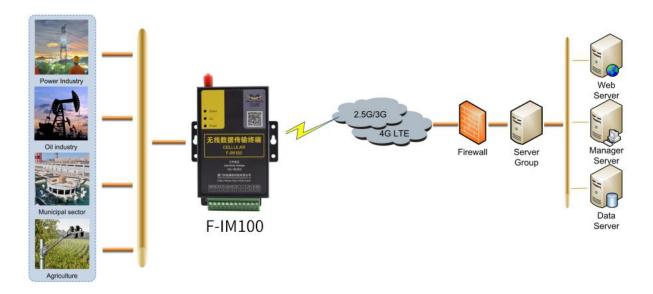


Figure 1-1 IP MODEM Application Topology

1.2 Working Principle

The principle chart of the IP MODEM is as following.

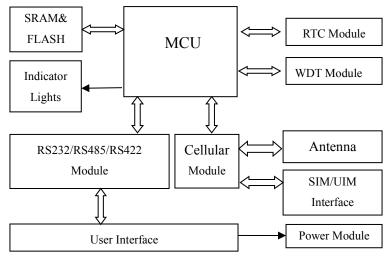


Figure 1-2 IP Modem principle chart

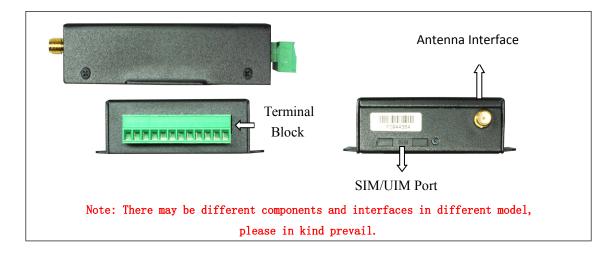
1.3 Specifications

Hardware System

Item	Content
CPU	Industrial 32 bits CPU
FLASH	512KB (Extendable)
SRAM	256KB
ADC	12 bit

Interface Type

Item	Content								
	1 RS232 port and 1 RS485(or 2 RS232) port, 15KV ESD protection								
	Data bits: 5, 6, 7, 8								
Serial	Stop bits: 1, 1.5, 2								
	Parity: none, even, odd, space, mark								
	Baud rate: 600-115200 bps								
Indicator	"Power", "ACT", "Online"								
Antenna	Standard SMA female interface, 50 ohm								
SIM/UIM	Standard drawer interface, support 3V/1.8V SIM/UIM card, 15KV ESD								
	protection								
Power	Terminal block interface, reverse-voltage and overvoltage protection								



Power Input

Item	Content
Standard Power	DC 12V/0.5A
Power Range	DC 9~36V

Power Consumption

Working States	Power Consumption				
Communication	20~65mA@12VDC(2G:20~40 mA 4G:20~65mA)				
	20~95mA@9VDC (2G:30~45 mA 4G:20~95mA)				
Standby	15~30 mA@12VDC 20~40 mA@9VDC				
Sleep	5~17mA@12VDC 6~22mA@9VDC				

Physical Characteristics

Item	Content
Housing	Iron, providing IP30 protection
Dimensions	91x58.5x22 mm((excluding antennas and mountings))
Weight	205g

Environmental Limits

Item	Content		
Operating	-35~+75°C (-22~+167°F)		
Temperature	-33%+73 C (-22%+107 F)		
Storage	-40~+85°C (-40~+185°F)		
Temperature			
Operating Humidity	95% (unfreezing)		

Chapter 2 Installation Introduction

2.1 General

The IP MODEM must be installed correctly to make it work properly. Warning: Forbid to install the IP MODEM when powered!

2.2 Encasement List

Name	Quantity	Remark
IP MODEM host	1	
Cellular Antenna	1	
Power adapter	1	12V 0.5A
RS232 data cable	1	optional
RS485 data cable	1	optional
Manual CD	1	

Table 2-1 Encasement List

2.3 Installation and Cable Connection

Dimension: (unit: mm)

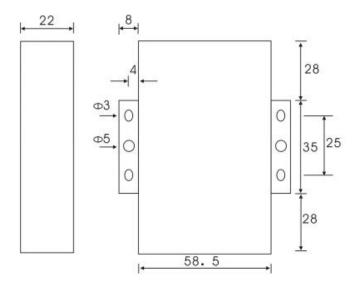


Figure 2-1 Installation Chart

Installation of SIM/UIM card:

Firstly power off the IP MODEM, and press the out button of the SIM/UIM card outlet with a needle object. Then the SIM/UIM card sheath will flick out at once.

Put SIM/UIM card into the card sheath (Pay attention to put the side which has metal point outside), and insert card sheath back to the SIM/UIM card outlet.

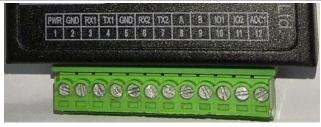
Warning: Forbid to install SIM/UIM card when powered!

Installation of antenna:

Screw the SMA male pin of the antenna to the female SMA outlet of the IP MODEM tightly. Warning: The antenna must be screwed tightly, or the signal quality of antenna will be influenced!

User Interface Signal Definition

Pin Number	Signal Name	Default Function	Extensible Function				
1	PWR	Power input anode	N/A				
2	GND	Power Ground	N/A				
3	RX1	RS232 RX	N/A				
4	TX1	RS232 TX	N/A				
5	GND	System Ground	N/A				
6	RX2	RS232 RX	Reserved compatible ADC and				
			RS232 RX (TTL logic level)				
7	TX2	RS232 TX	Reserved compatible ADC and				
			RS232 TX (TTL logic level)				
8	А	RS485 anode	Reserved compatible ADC				
9	В	RS485 cathode	Reserved compatible ADC				
10	IO1	GPIO (The dry	Reserved compatible pulse wave				
		contact signal and	input counter, ADC, and pulse				
		the 3.3V switching	output				
		signal can be					
		detected. Can					
		output 3.3V switch					
		signal)					
11	IO2	GPIO(The dry	Reserved compatible pulse wave				
		contact signal and	input counter, ADC, and pulse				
		the 3.3V switching	output				
		signal can be					
		detected. Can					
		output 3.3V switch					
		signal)					
12	ADC1	ADC(current input	N/A				
		4~20ma)					



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 $Note:RS232\,(RX2/TX2)\,and\,RS485$ can only support one way online at the same time

Installation of cable:

Black

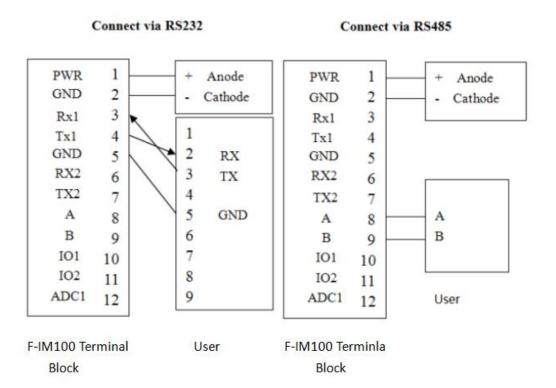
F-IM100 adopts industrial terminal block interface. The recommendatory cable is 28-16AWG. The detail description of standard layout adapter and communication cables as is following:

Adapter(Rating Output 12VDC/0.5A):

Cable Color	Power Output Polarity		
Black&White Alternate	Anode		
Black	Cathode		
RS232 Cable:			
Cable Color	Corresponding DB9-M Pin Number		
Brown	Pin 2		
Blue	Pin 3		
Black	Pin 5		
RS485 Cable:			
Cable Color	Signal definition		
Red	RS485(A)		

Power adapter and communication cable connection chart as following,

RS485(B)



2.4 Power

IP MODEM can be used in complex external environments. In order to adapt to the complex application environment and improve the stability of the system, IP MODEM uses advanced power technology. users can use the standard 12VDC/0.5A adapter to power the IP MODEM, or directly use the DC $9\sim36V$ power supply to power the IP MODEM. when used with an external power, the stability of the power supply must be ensured (the ripple is less than $300\,\mathrm{mV}$, and the instantaneous voltage does not exceed 36V), and the power supply is guaranteed to be greater than 4W.

We recommend to use the standard DC 12V/0.5A power adaptor.

2.5 Indicator Lights Introduction

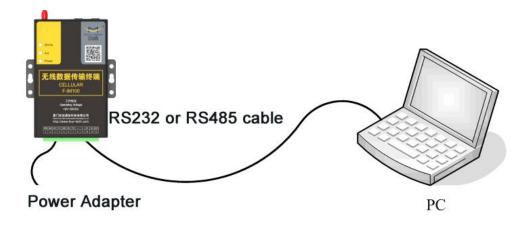
The IP MODEM provides three indicator lights: "Power", "ACT", "Online".

Indicator	State	Introduction			
Light					
Power	ON	IP MODEM is powered on			
	OFF	IP MODEM is powered off			
ACT	BLINK	Data is communicating			
	OFF	No data			
Online	ON	IP MODEM has logged on network			
	OFF	IP MODEM hasn't logged on network			

Chapter 3 Configuration

3.1 Configuration Connection

Before configuration, It's necessary to connect the IP MODEM with the configure PC by the shipped RS232 or RS232-485 conversion cable as following.



3.2 Configuration Introduction

There are two ways to configure the IP MODEM:

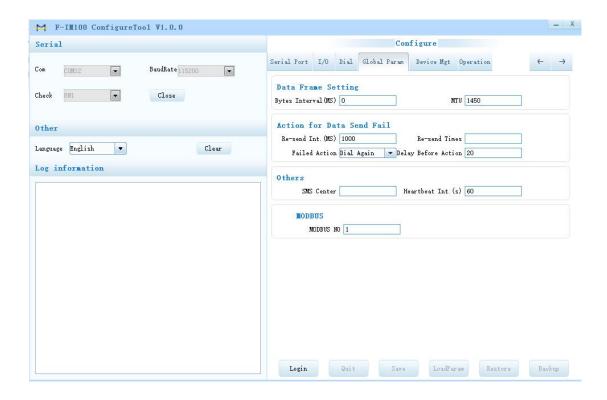
- ◆ Configuration software tool: All the settings are configured through the shipped software tool. It's necessary to have one PC to run this tool.
- ◆ Extended AT command: All the settings are configured through AT command, so any device with serial port can configure it. Before configuration with extended AT command, you should make IP MODEM enter configure state. The steps how to make IP MODEM enter configure state, please refer to appendix.

The following describes how to configure IP MODEM with the configure software tool. At the same time, it gives out the corresponding AT command of each configuration item.

Note:For the extended AT command involved in parameter configuration, please refer to "F-IM100 Extension AT Command manual"

3.3 IP Modem's Parameters Configuration

3.3.1 Run the Configure Tools

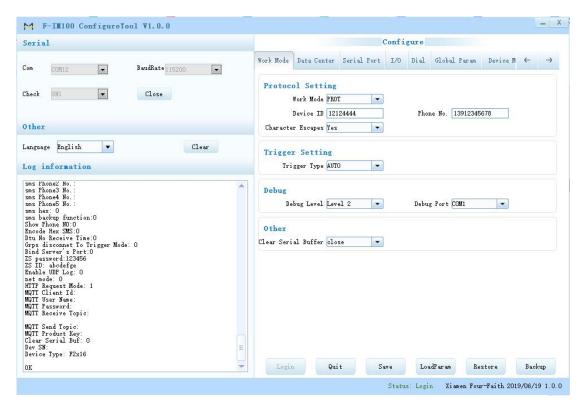


The "Serial" area shows the current serial port settings. To configure IP MODEM, please choose the correct serial port which connects to IP MODEM, and the baud-rate is 115200 with no parity, then open the serial port. If the button text is "Close", it shows the serial port now has been opened. If the text is "Open",

You should open the port first. When the port opened, the "Output Info" column will display :

"Port(COM1) Has Opened, Please Re-Power the IP MODEM, Waiting IP MODEM Enter Configure State..."

3.3.2 Re-Power IP Modem



After Re-power IP MODEM, The configure tool will make it enter configure state. At the same time, the software will load current settings from IP MODEM and displays on the right configure columns. It's now ready to configure.

Note: To enter configure state for 4G device may need more time. It is about 40 seconds.

3.3.3 Work Mode

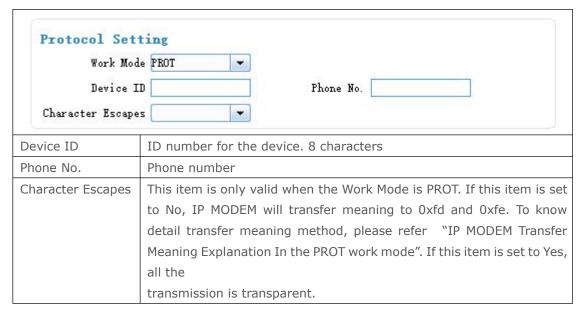
3.3.3.1 App protocol

The IP Modem can be configured many communication protocols to adapt for different applications.

Note: The tool will show the reference parameters according to the communication protocols setting.

PROT

The heartbeat packet uses the TCP protocol, the data communication also uses the TCP protocol, and the heartbeat packet and the data communication use the same TCP connection, and the 8-bit device ID number and the mobile phone number must be configured.



DCTCP

This protocol is used in electric power field, with TCP protocol.



DCUDP

This protocol is used in electric power field, with UDP protocol



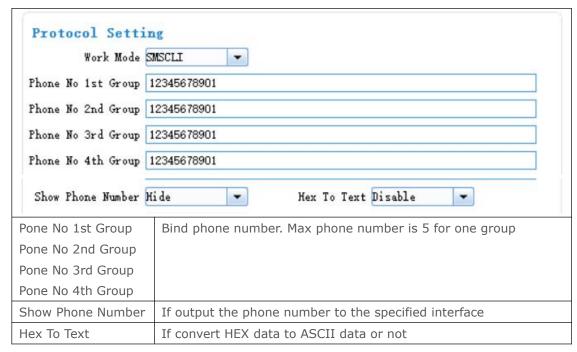
TRNS

The device work as MODEM for sending/receiving SMS, CSD and GPRS dialing.



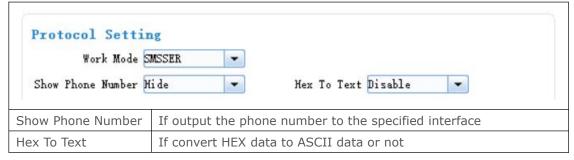
SMSCLI

IP MODEM work as a SMS DTU. All data will send to binding phone number via SMS. The SMS from the binding phone number will send to Serial port.



SMSSER

IP MODEM work as a SMS DTU. All the data paced with special format send to any phone number. The SMS from phone number will send to serial port.



Custom protocol: client mode

It support TCP and UDP protocol with custom heart and login packet.

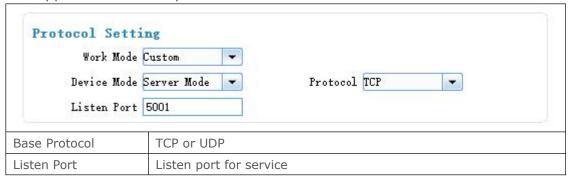
Work Mode Device Mode	Custom Client Mode	-	Protocol	TCP		-			
Register <u>H</u> eartbeat	Enable	-				-			
Data Format	Text	-							
Register Packet			Register Reply						
Heartbeat Packet			Heartbeat Reply						
Base Protocol	TCP or UD	P							
DeviceMode	Client Mod	Client Mode: the IP Modem work as a client.							
Login&Heartbeat	Enable: cu	Enable: custom login and heart packet							
Disable: no login and heart packet. The flowing i					items	can	be		
	ignored.								

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Data Format	Text: the flowing items are Text format
	Hex: the flowing items are Hex format
Login Packet	Login packet
Login Reply	Login packet respond
Heartbeat Packet	Heart packet
Heartbeat Reply	Heartbeat packet respond

Custom protocol: Server mode

It supports TCP and udp server.



3.3.3.2 Trigger mode

Normally, IP MODEM always keeps online and always be ready for data transmission. But in some circumstances, it's important to reduce wireless data flow. To realize this function, the software can makes IP MODEM into sleep state in idle time. When there is application data to transmit, IP MODEM can be triggered online ready for data transmission. There are total five methods to make IP MODEM online.

AUTO

IP MODEM always keeps online

rigger Setting			
regent poterni			
Trigger Type Auto	-		

SMSD

Send a special short message to make IP MODEM online.

Any phone number's SMS can wake up IP Modem, if the trigger number is empty. Otherwise only the trigger phone number's SMS can trigger the IP Modem.

Trigger Setting Trigger Type & SMS Phone No. [SMS Password [
SMS Phone No.	Trigger phone number. If it is empty, sms received from any phone no. can trigger the device

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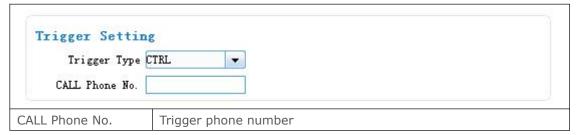
SMS Password	The content of SMS to trigger. If it is empty, any content of sms can
	trigger the device

CTRL

Make IP MODEM online through a phone call to IP MODEM.

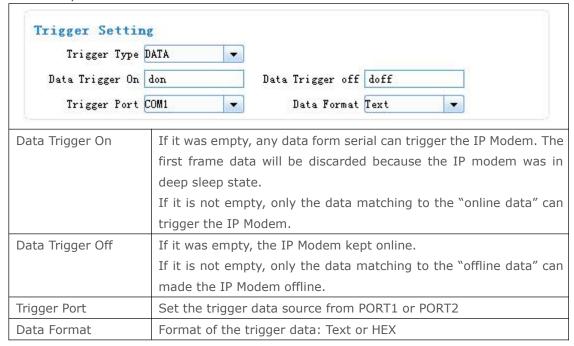
Any phone number call can wake up IP Modem, if the trigger number is empty. Otherwise only the trigger phone number call can trigger the IP Modem.

Note: if the trigger phone was set, the sim card in IP Modem Must have "caller ID display" function.



DATA

Send special serial data to make IP MODEM online



I/O: Sleep and Wake up

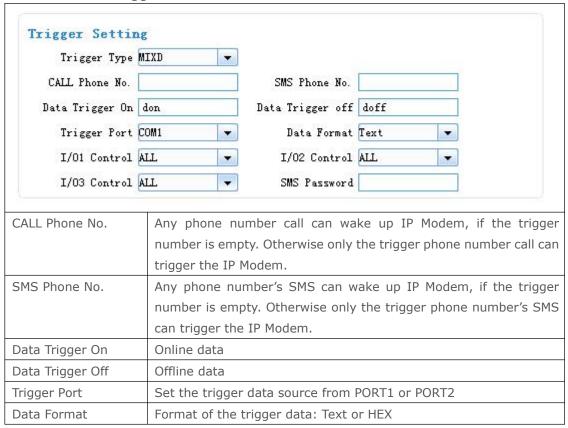
Made the IP Modem sleep or wake up via I/O level. If the I/O was in high level or suspend, the IP Modem was sleep. Otherwise, It would trigger the IP Modem wake up.



Sleep/Wakeup	Made the IP Modem sleep or wake up depended on the I/O state
I/O	Set I/O port to trigger the IP Modem to sleep or wake up

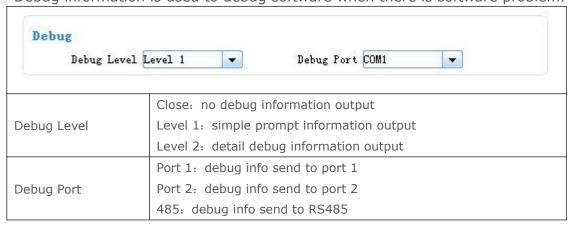
MIXD

The combination of SMSD, CTRL, DATA. IP MODEM will be online when meet one of these three trigger methods.



3.3.3.3 Debug Level

Debug information is used to debug software when there is software problem.



3.3.4 Data Service Center Settings

Settings on this page are the parameters related to Data Service Center (DSC).

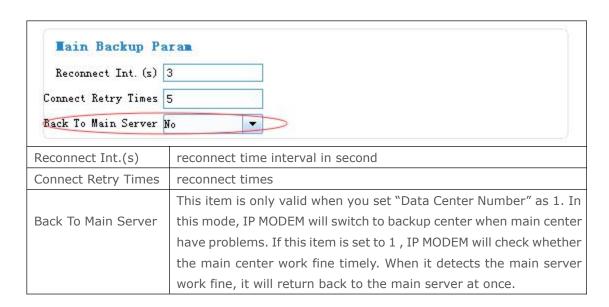
3.3.4.1 Data Service Center

IP MODEM support two Data Service Center methods to transmit data.

Main and Backup: IP MODEM always tries to connect with the Main DSC. If fails to connect with Main DSC, it will connect with Backup DSC at once Note: If no Backup DSC exists, please configure the Backup DSC same as Main DSC.

Multi Data Service Center: IP MODEM can connect with at most five DSC at the same time. All the multi DSC can receive the same application data .

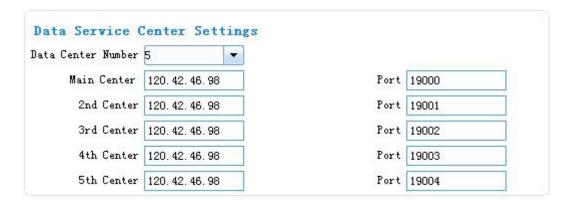




If the Data Center Number is 0, there is no DSC working.

If the Data Center Number is 1, IP MODEM work in Main and Backup DSC method.

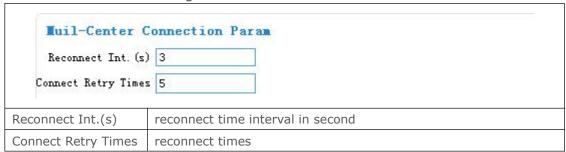
When "Data Center Number" is greater than 1, IP MODEM works in Multi Data Service Center method. The back center is invalid. The IP Modem will connect to mulit Data Center and transmit data.



3.3.4.2 Multi-Center Connection Check

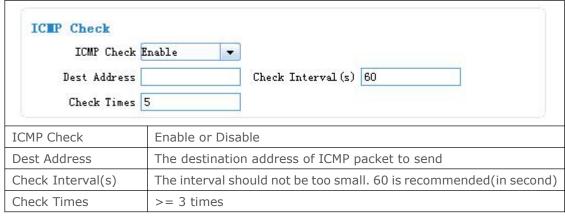
This item is valid only when the "Data Center Number" is greater than 1.

When one of the configured data center lost connection, IP MODEM will try to reconnect after the configured reconnect interval



3.3.4.3 ICMP Link Check

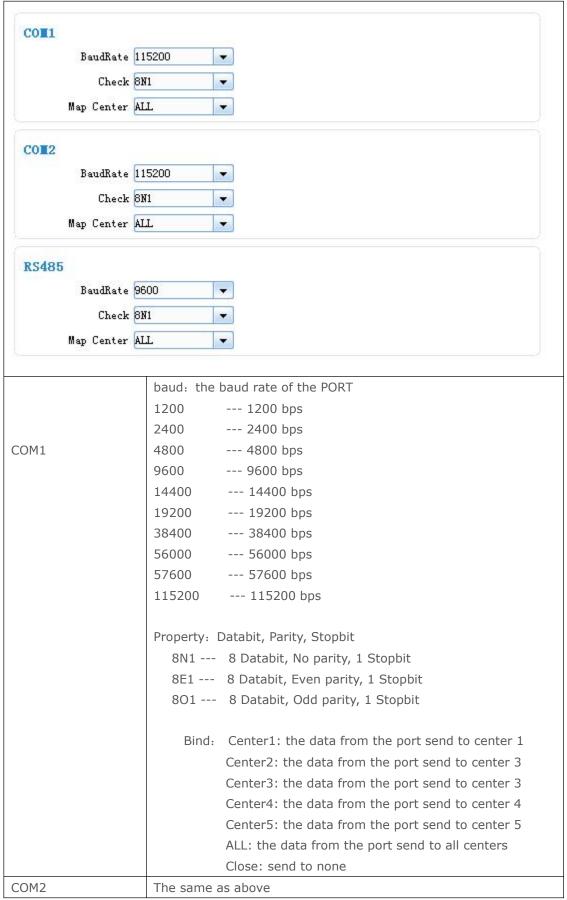
ICMP link check send to server a icmp packet and wait reply to check the link status. If the reply is lost, it means that the link may be broken.



3.3.5 Serial port

IP MODEM support three individual serial ports, Port1, Port2 and RS485. All the three ports can enter configuration state. The default parameters of the port with baudrate 115200, data property 8N1

The data from the three port can bind to Data center.

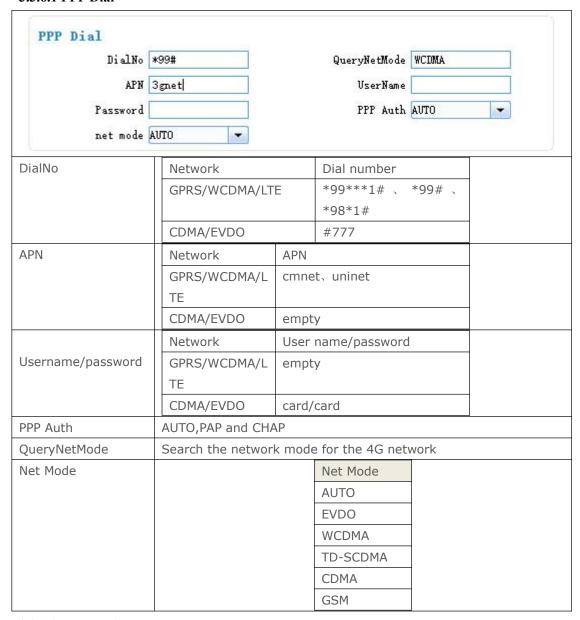


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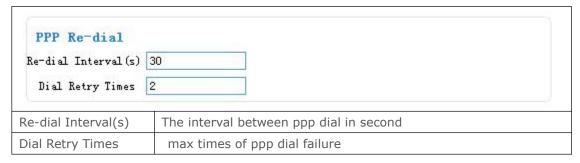
RS485	RS485 port and COM2 use same UART, the same as above
113-103	NOTOS port and corre asc same official same as above

3.3.6 Dial

3.3.6.1 PPP Dial



3.3.6.2 PPP Redial



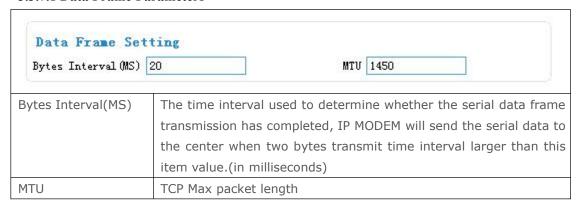
3.3.6.3 DNS Service

When the DSC Internet access uses domain name, It's necessary to set DNS server resolving the DSC domain name. When the Data Center Number is 1, Main and Backup Center DNS Server is used to resolve the Main center and Backup center correspondingly.



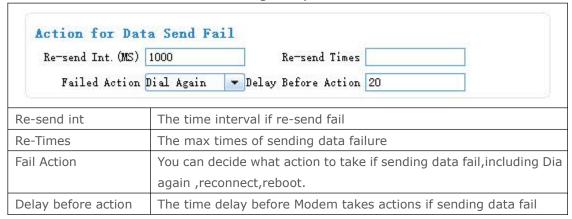
3.3.7 Global Parameters

3.3.7.1 Data Frame Parameters

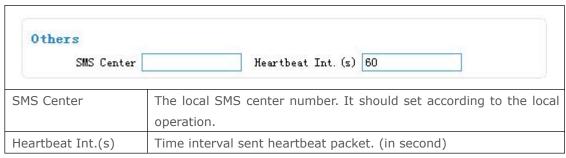


3.3.7.2 Action for data send fail

When data send to server fail(there are not response from server),IP modem will take a failed action after setting delay.



3.3.7.3 Other parameters

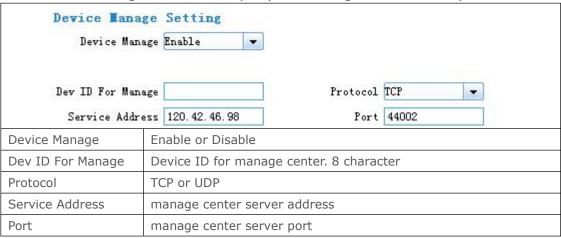


3.3.8 Device Manage

3.3.8.1 Device Manage Center Parameters

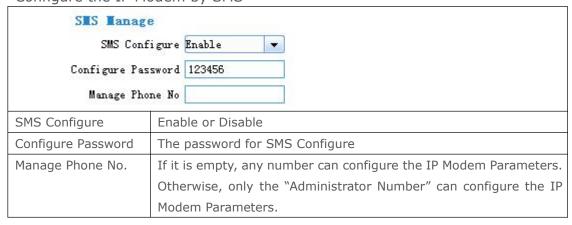
The IP Modem send device status information to the Device Manage Center. The information include network signal, network status, traffic flow and so on.

The Device Manage Center also query and configure the device parameters.

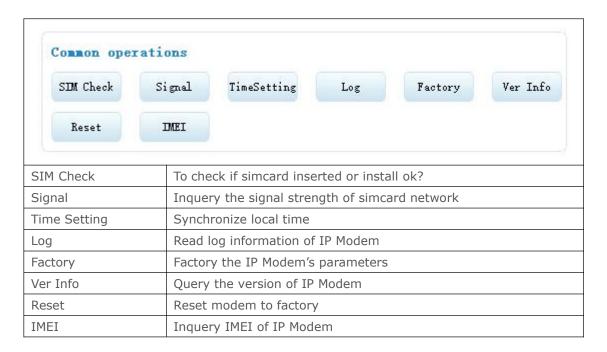


3.3.8.2 Manage by SMS

Configure the IP Modem by SMS



3.3.9 Other Operation



Chapter 4 Application Case

4.1 Modem connect to data center

In this application, the client can communicate with the server side by gprs network.

IP modem configuration:

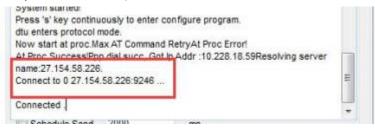
Configure server IP and port:



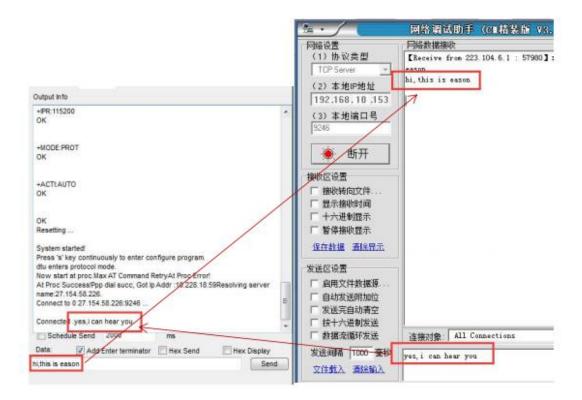
Fill in the APN from your simcard provider:



Repower modem, wait it connected to server.



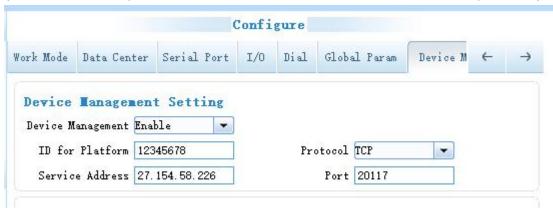
Then you can send data to test the communication between modem with data sever(here use Netassit software to simulate data server)



4.2 Remote management platform

Four-Faith provide RMS for customer to manage device, you need enable Device management setting in modem, do simple configuration following the next picture:

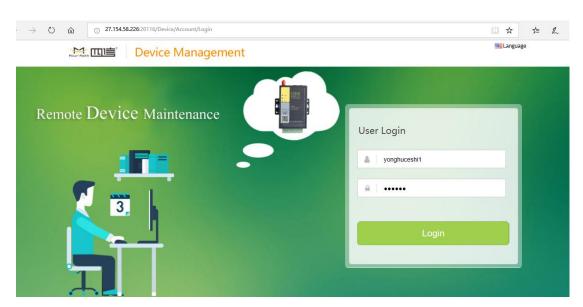
(Note that ID for platform should be same with the Device code in platform)



You can get platform account from Four-Faith:

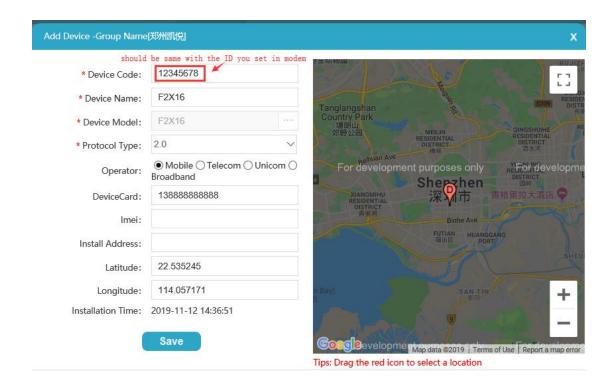
DTU Platform address: http://27.154.58.226:20116

Fill in username and passform to login plafform:



In Device tab, you can add your device in platform, then repower device to wait to connected to platfrom.





4.3 SMS to configure modem

You can send SMS to configure modem via mobile phone

Step one, enable SMS Manage function in modem: set SMS sender's phone number, the password is the one set in the modem.it can be digit or letter.

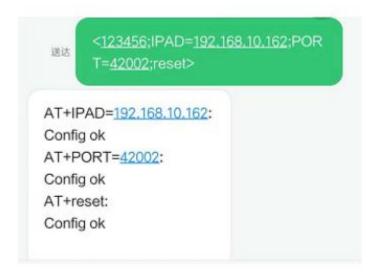


Secondly, send SMS according to the following format:

The message starts with the symbol '<' and ends with '>' and is without 'AT+'. Example,AT command for the main center is AT+IPAD=120.42.46.98,and the corresponding SMS

configuration should be IPAD=120.42.46.98. Add 'reset' at the end. SMS format: <123456;IPAD=120.42.46.98;PORT=5007;reset>

If set succesfully, you will receive a return SMS with Config OK:



Detail AT command pls check in Appendix 2.

4.4 Update firmware via download tool

If you need upgarde firmware,pls contact Four-Faith sale or technical support to get the download tool and lattest firmware file.

Download tool:



Follow the steps to upgrade:

connect your laptop with modem via serial cable

choose the com and set correct baudrate, and find the firmware version you save in

your laptop, then click download, as the following show:



3. Repower modem, you can see the download progress.

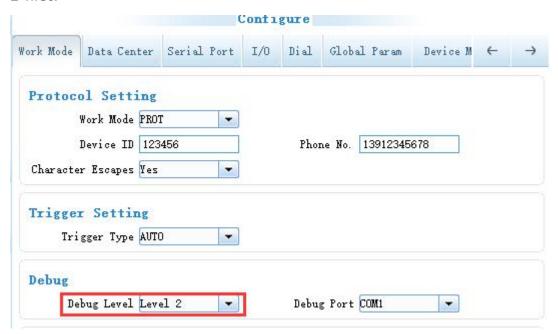


When download is complete, you will find the cost time (21 sec).

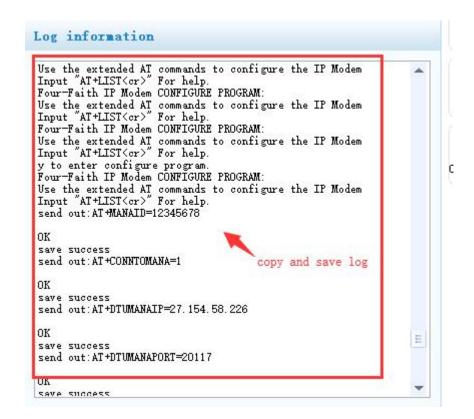
4.5 Save modem logs

When using modem and meet any problems, you can save logs and send it to Four-Faith technical support.

In order to get detail log information, you should set debug level to "level 2"first:



Then you can reproduce the problem and save the log file to us:



4.6 Modbus Protocol for GPIO&ADC Acquisition

4.6.1 The Way of Cable Connection.

Analog input

a. Single-cable: Connect the analog output of the sensor to the analog input(ADC) of F-IM100

directly. b. Double-cable: Connect the positive of analog output of the sensor to the analog input(ADC)

of F-IM100, and connect the ground wire to GND(PIN2) of F-IM100.

Digital input

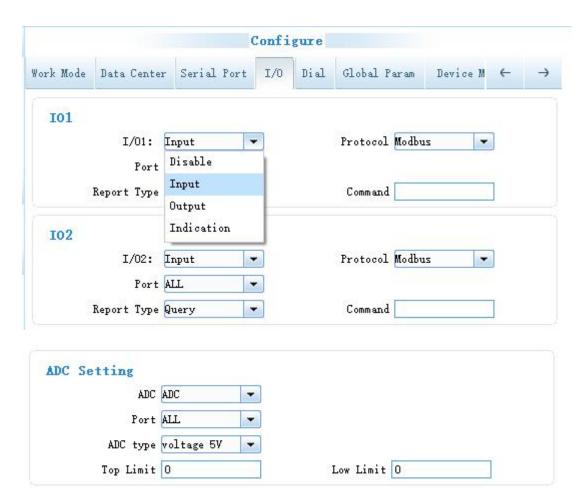
a. Low level input: Connect the input of contact switch to GND of F-IM100 and connect the output

of contact switch to the digital output of F-IM100(IO1/IO2).

b. High level input: Connect 3.3V voltage output to IO1/IO2, and connect the ground wire to

GND of F-IM100.

4.6.2 Modem setting:



IO1: Digital input/output 0---3.3V IO2: Digital input/output 0---3.3V ADC: current input 4--20MA

Changes can be made in hardware to make ADC as voltage input.

For IO1&IO2:

Disable---- Don't use IO port

Input--- Use IO as digital input port.

Output---Use IO as digital output port.

Indication---When connect to data center, it will output a high level to indicate data transmission

You can choose the port for each port:

RS232-1----The value will be sent to com1, you can check the value in RS232-1.

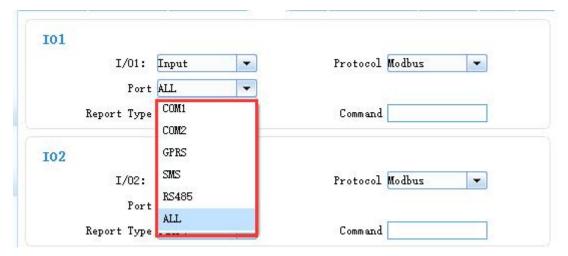
RS232-2---The value will be sent to com2, you can check the value in RS232-2.

GPRS----The value will be sent to net, you can check the value in data center.

SMS----The value will be sent as a sms.

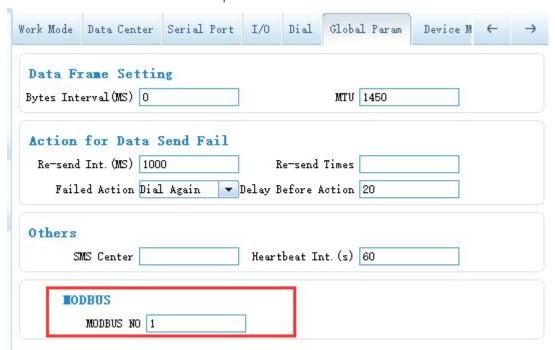
RS485----The value will be sent to RS485 port, you can check the value in

RS485



You can choose the protocol, and you also need set the query commands. Modbus--you can use our modbus to query the value. Custom---you can use the command of your own.

Set modbus address in Global param:



4.6.3 The modbus command for IO& ADC:

4.6.3.1 Query digital Input

To read IO1 status(digital input)

Request: 01 02 00 00 00 01 B9 CA

Response:01 02 01 01 60 48 (IO1 is high level) Response:01 02 01 00 A1 88 (IO1 is low level)

To read IO2 status(digital input)
Request: 01 02 00 01 00 01 E8 0A

Response:01 02 01 01 60 48 (IO2 is high level) Response:01 02 01 00 A1 88 (IO2 is low level)

Notes of the modbus commands. Take the command 01 02 00 02 00 01 18 0A for example.

Modbus addr.	Function code	Register addr.		Register number		CRC ch	ecksum
01	02	00	02	00	01	18	0A

Response 01 02 01 01 60 48

Modbus addr.	Function code	bytes Register status		CRC ch	necksum
01	02	01	01(high level)	60	48
01	02	01	00 (low level)	A1	88

4.6.3.2 Set digital output

To set IO1 status(digital output)

Request: 01 05 00 00 FF 00 8C 3A(set IO1 high level)

Response: 01 05 00 00 FF 00 8C 3A

Request: 01 05 00 00 00 00 CD CA(set IO1 low level)

Response: 01 05 00 00 00 00 CD CA

To set IO2 status(digital output)

Request: 01 05 00 01 FF 00 9C 0A(set IO2 high level)

Response: 01 05 00 01 FF 00 9C 0A

Request: 01 05 00 01 00 00 AC 0A(set IO2 low level)

Response: 01 05 00 01 00 00 AC 0A

Notes of the modbus commands. Take the command 01 05 00 00 FF 00 8C 3A for example.

Modbus addr.	Function code	Register addr.		Set high/low level		CRC ch	ecksum
01	0.5	00	00	FF	00	8C	3A
01	05	00	00	00	00	CD	CA

4.6.3.3 Query ADC

To read ADC status(current input)

Request: 01 04 00 02 00 01 90 0A Response:01 04 02 00 64 B8 DB

Notes of the modbus commands. Take the command 01 04 00 01 00 01 60 0A for example.

Modbus addr.	Function code	Registe	Register addr.		Register number		ecksum
01	04	00	01	00	01	60	0A

Response 01 04 02 00 B8 B9 42

Modbus addr.	Function code	Bytes	Bytes		CF	
01	04	02	04	B8	B9	42

The acquisition value in HEX. You need to convert it to DEC and calculate with the formula below:

Current type: 3.3/1023 *acquisition value/150 *1000= (mA) Voltage type: 3.3/1023 *acquisition value/12.1*20.16= (V)

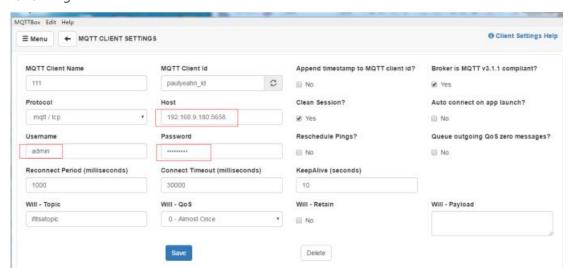
(The acquisition value should be converted to DEC)

4.7 MQTT Test

Modem can work as MQTT client.you need set work mode in MQTT,Client ID can be configured to the required string,username and password are from the MQTT server (some servers dont need). Receive topic is the Send topic in another MQTT client, Send topic is the Receive topic in another MQTT client,as shown in the figure:

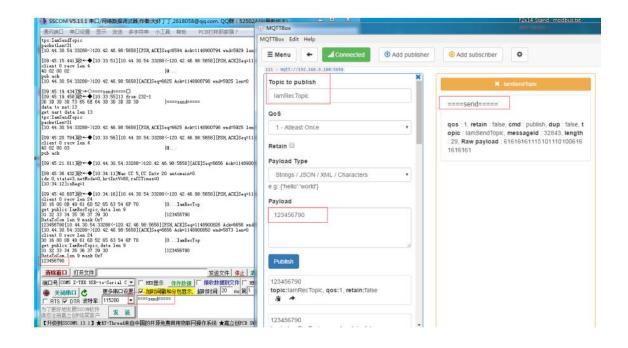


You can download MQTTBox as another client, parametersconfiguration as the following:



Clients will connect to MQTT server if parameters are configured correctly, you can send data to test communication from MQTTBox:

The send topic of the MQTTBOX is set to the Receive topic of the terminal, and the Receive topic is set to the send topic of the modem, and data can be sent to each other at this time. As shown below:



4.8 MTCP/MRTU

When modem work in MTCP/MRTU mode, can support converting data from modbus RTU to modbus TCP. This working mode is based on PROT mode(transparent transmission)



Modbus RTU frame format:



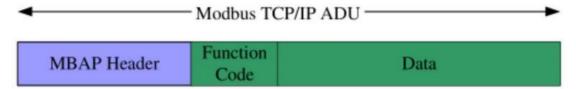
Slave ID: 1 bytes, used to identify modbus frame transmitted on the TCP/IP stack

Function Code: 1 bytes, coding range 1-255

Data: N*1 bytes, length and content are determined by the type of Function code

Error Check: 2 bytes, CRC check, used to check whether the received data is correct.

Modbus TCP frame format:



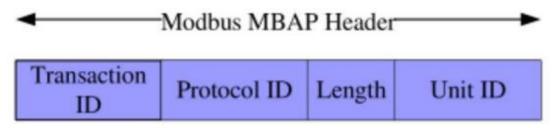
MBAP Header: 7 bytes, Modbus application protocol header. used to identify the modbus

frame transmitted on the TCP/IP stack.

Function Code: 1 bytes, coding range 1-255

Data: N*1 bytes, based on the types of the function code.

MBAP Header:



Transaction ID:2 bytes, Modbus request/respond transaction identifier.

Protocol ID:2 bytes,0=Modbus protocol

Length: follow-up bytes, include Unit ID and data field

Unit ID:1 bytes, the ID of remote slave station

Example 1:

Modbus TCP(Data Center send to modem):

00 01 00 00 00 <mark>06 01 04 00 00 00 01 (</mark>06 length, 01 is modbus address, 04 is function code, 00 00

00 01 is the register start address 2 bytes + the number of registers 2 bytes)

Modbus RTU(recieve in serial port of modem):

01 04 00 00 00 01 31 CA (31 CA is CRC code)

Response data from serial:

01 04 02 00 B8 B9 42 (02 is length, 00 B8 is data)

Data center will recieve modbus TCP data:

00 01 00 00 00 <mark>05 01 04 02 00 B8 (05 is data length)</mark>

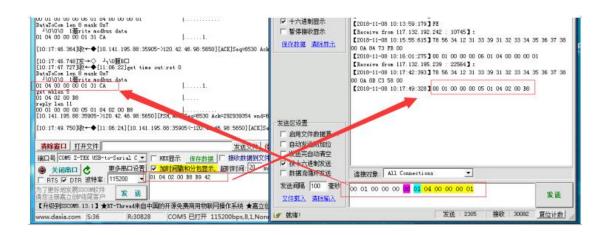
Example 2:

Data center send: 00 01 00 00 00 06 01 04 00 08 00 01

Dispaly in serial: 01 04 00 08 00 01 B0 08 Response in serial: 01 04 04 00 08 00 B8 7A 34

Data center recieve: 00 01 00 00 00 07 01 04 04 00 08 00 B8

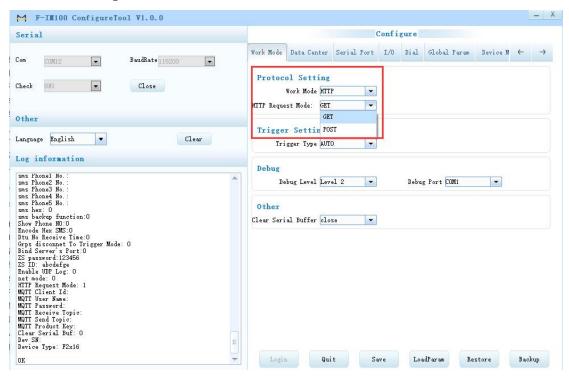
The communication test as the below picture:



4.9 HTTP Protocol Test

Modem can work in HTTP mode, HTTP Request Mode you can choose GET or POST. as the following setting.

You need configure data center address before test.



4.9.1 Post Mode:

If Modem dial successfully and connected to http server, Serial data will be packaged with HTTP format then sent to the server.

HTTP data:

POST HTTP/1.1

Host: 120.42.46.98:5650

User-Agent: Go-http-client/1.1

Content-Length: 9

Content-Type: application/json

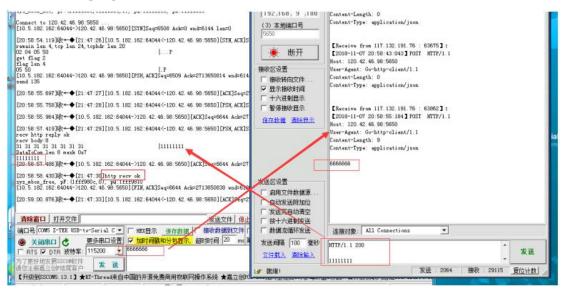
6666666

After sending data, modem should recieve response within 5 second, respond format as:

HTTP/1.1 200

OK

When modem recieve data, will transfer application data(OK) to serial port, as the following figure show:



4.9.2 Get Mode:

HTTP data:

GET 6666666 HTTP/1.1 Host: 120.42.46.98:5650

User-Agent: Go-http-client/1.1

If data send to server successfully, modem aslo will recieve "ok" in serail port, as the following figure show:



If no data is sent, modem will send an HTTP request packet according to configured interval. The format is the previous format, but the application data is missing. Such as:

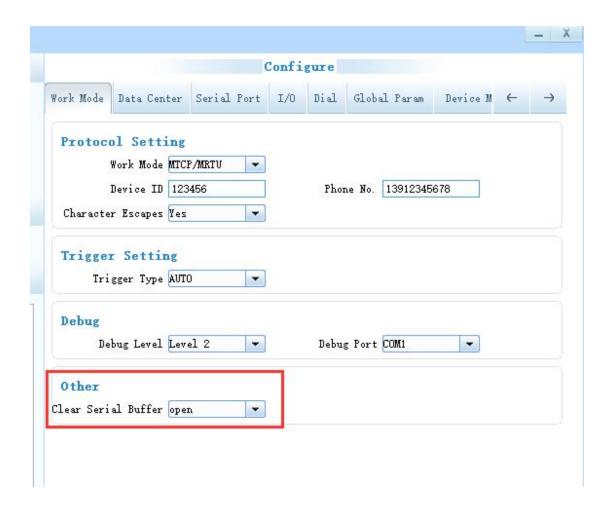
GET HTTP/1.1

Host: 120.42.46.98:5650

User-Agent: Go-http-client/1.1

4.10 Clear Serial Buffer

If enable Clear Serial Buffer function, the serial data will be cleared until modem connect to data ceneter.



Appendix 1

The following steps describe how to make IP MODEM enter configure state with the Windows XP Hyper Terminal.

1. Press "Start"→"Programs"→"Accessories"→"Communications"→"Hyper Terminal"



- 2. Input connection name, choose "OK"
- 3. Choose the correct COM port which connect to IP MODEM, choose "OK"



4. Configure the serial port parameters as following, choose "OK"

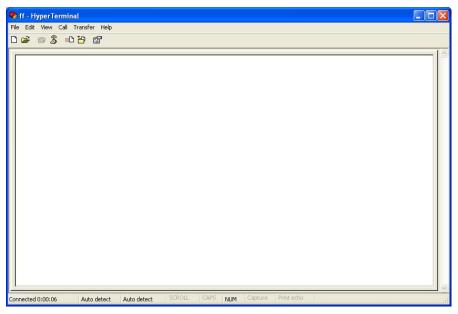
Bits per second: 115200

Data bits: 8
Parity: None
Stop bits: 1

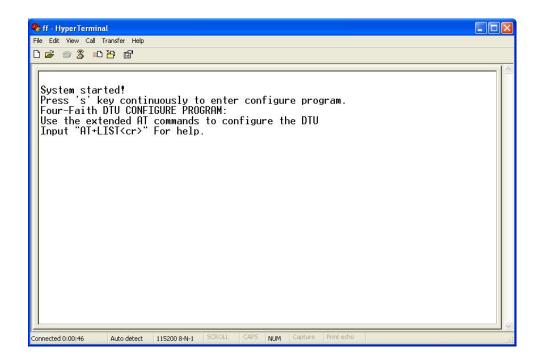
Flow control: None



5. Complete Hyper Terminal operation, It runs as following



6. Re-power IP MODEM, put mouse focus on the Hyper Terminal and press "s" key continuously until IP MODEM enter configure state as following



7. IP MODEM has entered configure state, you can configure the parameters through AT command.

Appendix 2

AT command for DTU setting:

AT+APN=<apn> Set Access Point Name

AT+CENT=<center no.> Set Center call number

AT+USERNAME=<user id> Set PPP Authentication User

Id

AT+PASSWORD=<password> Set PPP Authentication

Password

AT+SVRCNT=< Total Servers> Set Total Servers

AT+IPAD=<Server's Ip Address> Set Server's Ip or Domain

AT+IPADn=<Aux Server's Ip Address(n=1,2..4)> Set Other Server's Ip or Domain

AT+PORT=< Server's Port> Set Main Server's Port

AT+PORTn=<Other Server's Port(n=1,2...4)> Set Other Server's Port

AT+IPSEC=<Secondary Server's Ip Addr.> Set Secondary Server's Ip

AT+PTSEC=<Secondary Server's Port> Set Secondary Server's Port

AT+IDNT=<8-digit Hex ID No.> Set modem's ID number

AT+MODE=<Work mode> Set Work mode

AT+DEBUG=0/1/2 Set modem's debug level

AT+POLLTIME=<Poll time seconds.> Set heartbeat poll time.

AT+DNSSVR=<Dns Server's Ip.> Set Dns Server's Ip.

AT+DNSSV2=<Second Dns Server's Ip.> Set Second Dns Server's Ip.

AT+DNSSVRn=<Dns(n) Server's Ip.> Set Dns(n) Server's Ip.

AT+TCPACT=<Tcp Conn Act Poll Seconds> Set Tcp Connection Act Poll

Seconds.

AT+CTRLNO=<Control Phone No.> Set Control Phone No.

AT+SMSDPSWD=<Smsd pasword.> Set Sms Daemon

Password.

AT+STRAIGHT=0/1 Set deliver server's data

directly.

AT+QUIT Quit the at command config

program.

AT+RESET Reset the system.

AT+FACTORY Load the factory setting.

AT+VER Check SoftWare Version.

AT+IPR Set Serial Port Baudrate.

AT+CONNRGST Set Custom Register info

AT+LINKRGST Set Custom Keep OnLine info